Original Instructions



SMC-3, SMC Flex, and SMC-50 Smart Motor Controller Specifications

Bulletin 150

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Summary of Changes

This publication contains the following new or updated information. This list includes substantive updates only and is not intended to reflect all changes.

Topic	
Updated Product Selection data	9, 10, 11, 12
Updated Human Interface Modules (HIMs) and Communication Modules data	42
Updated Environmental Ratings data	
Updated Solid-state Devices: Protection Device and Bypass Component Selection Overview—Line-connected Motor	
Update Solid-state Devices: Protection Device and Bypass Component Selection—Delta-connected Motor data	

Rockwell Automation offers a wide array of starting solutions that range from electromechanical to solid-state. Products that use these methods include across-the-line starters, Smart Motor Controllers (SMC™s), and variable frequency drives.

SMC Controllers

Allen-Bradley® SMC controllers are micro-processor based soft starters that are designed to maximize the efficiency of motor starts and stops. SMC controllers are designed to operate 3-phase motors. They feature built-in overload protection and use six silicon-controlled rectifiers (SCRs) (two per phase) to vary the conduction period and control the voltage (and thus, the torque) to the motor during starting, running, and stopping.

Once the motor has been started and is up to speed, full input voltage is applied to the motor. At this point, units with internal bypass power structures bridge the SCRs with their integral bypass contacts, which are rated for AC1 current levels. Bridging the SCR minimizes heat and allows a smaller product for space-conscious applications. In solid-state power structures, the SCRs are always in the circuit switching current. This allows increased robustness for harsher environments (such as shock-type loads) and more aggressive duty cycles.

Allen-Bradley SMCs are ideal for a wide range of applications. The product family consists of three major offerings.

SMC-3

Compact design provides true three-phase control, increased intelligence and unmatched performance. Motor and system diagnostics and an electronic overload with adjustable trip class reduce downtime and protect valuable assets.

- Compact footprint
- · Easy and secure setup
- · Integrated bypass
- · Five start/stop modes

SMC Flex

Modular design features advanced intelligence, performance, and diagnostics; communications flexibility; removable control module, power modules, and fan assembly in a cost-effective package for your demanding production applications.

- · Modular for simplified installation and maintenance
- Built-in LCD and keypad or personal computer (PC) software setup
- Integrated bypass
- Nine start/stop modes and three slow-speed modes
- Full metering and diagnostics

SMC-50

Designed for customer flexibility – advanced monitoring and protection, superior communications capabilities, and energy saver mode help increase efficiency and reduce downtime.

- · Application scalability
 - Normal and heavy-duty ratings
 - Expandable I/O and sensor capability
 - Network integration capabilities
- LCD or personal computer PC software setup
- Integrated bypass or solid-state power structures available
- External bypass optional
- · Seventeen start/stop modes and three slow-speed modes

Control Mode Overview

Allen-Bradley SMC controllers have multiple control modes available to control standard 3-phase induction motors, depending upon the product selected. For a full description of the control modes available for each product type, consult the appropriate product user manual.

Control Mode	Description	Diagram	Available With
Soft Start	Output voltage is ramped from user-adjustable initial torque setting out to user selectable start time.	Current Limit 100% Bayon Ramp Time Torque Start Time (seconds) Run	SMC-3 SMC Flex SMC-50
Kickstart	User-selectable voltage boost at startup to break away loads	100% Kickstart Level Coast-to-Rest Soft Stop Rinitial Torque Start Run Soft Stop Time (seconds)	SMC-3 SMC Flex SMC-50
Current Limit	User-adjustable current limit start by maintaining a constant current to the motor.	Current Limit But of the contract of the cont	SMC-3 SMC Flex SMC-50
Pump Control	Used to reduce fluid surges during starting and/or stopping of a pump.	100% + Pump Start Run Pump Stop Ramp Time Time (seconds) Stop Time	SMC Flex SMC-50
Sensorless Linear Speed Acceleration and Deceleration	Motor acceleration and deceleration are kept at a constant rate during starting and/or stopping. Presents the least amount of stress on mechanical components.	Linear Acceleration Linear Acceleration Ramp Time Start Run Stop Time Stop Time Stop Time	SMC-50

Control Mode	Description	Diagram	Available With
Torque Control	Provides a torque ramp from user-selectable initial torque setting to user-selectable maximum torque setting over the defined ramp time.	Current Limit Max. Motor Torque Torque Ramp Ramp Time Start Time (seconds)	SMC-50
Dual Ramp Start	Ability to select between two start profiles with separately adjustable ramp times and initial torque levels.	Current Limit 2 100% Ramp Time 2 Ramp Time 1 Ramp Time 1 Ramp Time 1 Start Sta	SMC Flex SMC-50
Full Voltage Start	Full-voltage start in which the SMC performs like a solid-state contactor.	100% – afterpool %	SMC Flex SMC-50
Preset Slow Speed	Used on applications that require slow speed moves for positioning, alignment, or maintenance. Both forward and reverse motion are possible at user selectable speeds.	Forward Reverse Time (seconds)	SMC Flex SMC-50
Coast	Voltage is removed and the motor coasts to rest.	Coast-to-Rest Stop Time Run Time (seconds) Soft Stop	SMC-3 SMC Flex SMC-50
Soft Stop	Output voltage is ramped down from full voltage to zero voltage according to a user selectable ramp time.	100% - Stop Time Run Time (seconds)	SMC-3 SMC Flex SMC-50
Smart Motor Braking (SMB™)	Provides motor braking for Braking applications that require stopping faster than a coast-to-rest.	Start Notor Braking Coast-to-Rest Stop Time Brake Automatic Zero- Time (seconds) speed Shutoff	SMC Flex SMC-50

Control Mode	Description	Diagram	Available With
Slow Speed with Braking	Combines slow-speed operation with smart motor braking. Used in positioning or alignment.	100% Braking Coast-to-Rest Slow→ Start→ Run Stop— Time (seconds)	SMC Flex SMC-50
Accu-Stop™	Used for applications that require position stopping. Combines SMB and slow speed.	Braking Slow Speed Coast-to-Rest Slow Speed* Slow Speed Braking Time (seconds)	SMC Flex SMC-50 ⁽¹⁾
Resistor Loads	Can directly control 3-phase resistive loads by using phase angle control that is based on a reference value. This mode is typically used for resistive heating applications.		Solid-state SMC-50

⁽¹⁾ Accu-Stop is not included as a parameter/function for the SMC-50 controller. However, the Accu-Stop function can be accomplished with the Stop Option and Slow Speed with Braking functions.







		19-1-19-1-19-1-19-1-19-1-19-1-19-1-19-		
	SMC-3 SMC Flex	0M0 FI	SMC-50 Controller	
m		Solid-state	with Internal Bypass	
Controller Features ⁽¹⁾	200690V;	200690V;	200690V;	200690V
	1480 A	11250 A	90520 A	108480 A
Soft Start	S	S	S	S
Linear Acceleration/Deceleration	-	S	S	S
Torque Control	_	_	S	S
Kickstart	S	S	S	S
Pump Control	_	0	S	S
Current Limit	S	S	S	S
Dual Ramp Start	_	S	S	S
Full Voltage	_	S	S	S
Phase Rebalance	_	_	S	-
Soft Stop	S	S	S	S
Preset Slow Speed	_	S ⁽²⁾	S(3)	S ₍₃₎
Dual Slow Speed Commands	-	_	S	S
SMB Smart Motor Braking	-	0	S	S
Accu-Stop	_	0	S ⁽⁴⁾	S ⁽⁴⁾
Slow Speed with Braking	_	0	S	S
Integrated Bypass Contactor (SMC-50 firmware rev. 5.XXX and higher)	S	S	_(5)	S
Integrated Motor Overload Protection	S	S	S	S
DPI™ Communication		S	S	S
Metering	_	S	S	S
Real Time Clock	_	_	S	S
Energy Saver Mode	_	_	S	_
Motor Winding Heater Function	_	(6)	S	S
Resistive Load Control (Firmware rev. 5.XXX and higher, solid-state devices only.)	_	_	S	_
Diagnostic Faults and Alarms	_	S	S	S
Parameter Configuration/Programming Tools	_	S	0	0
Human Interface Module (HIM)	_	0	0	0
Parameter Configuration Module	-	_	0	0
DriveExplorer™ and DriveExecutive™	-	0	0	0
Configuration Software: Connected Components Workbench	-	0	0	0
Network Communications	-	0	0	0
Inside-the-Delta Functionality	S	S	S	S
Individual Bit Enable of Faults and Alarms	_	-	S	S
Automatic Tuning of Motor Parameters	_	-	S	S
Digital I/O Expansion Module ⁽⁷⁾	_	_	0	0
Analog I/O Expansion Module ⁽⁷⁾	_	_	0	0
Ground Fault/CT/PTC Module ⁽⁷⁾	_	-	0	0
DeviceLogix™ (Firmware rev. 4.XXX and higher.)	_	_	S	S

S = Standard Feature; 0 = Optional Feature
Limited slow speed capability
Advanced slow speed capability
Accu-Stop is not included as a parameter/function for the SMC-50 controller. However, the Accu-Stop function can be accomplished with the Stop Option and Slow Speed with Braking functions.

You can add an external bypass contactor as an option. Option using a Bulletin 1410 motor winding heater With removable terminal block.

Enclosure Type

Description Open

Code

The compact design of the SMC-3 controller provides three-phase control, increased intelligence, and unmatched performance in a cost-effective package with overload protection, integrated bypass, and motor system diagnostics. DIP switches and a rotary dial make secure setup easy. This controller features an electronic overload with adjustable trip class.

Modes of operation include the following:

- · Soft Start
- Current Limit Start
- · Selectable Kickstart
- · Coast-to-rest
- Soft Stop

Catalog Number Explanation

Examples that are given in this section are not intended to be used for product selection. Use ProposalWorks software to configure the SMC-3 controller. ProposalWorks software is available from rok.auto/systemtools.

а		
	Bulletin Number	
Code Description		
150	Solid-state Controller	

b	
Controller Type	
Code Description	
С	SMC-3

	Ampere Ratings	
Code	Description	
3	3 A	
9	9 A	
16	16 A	
19	19 A	
25	25 A	
30	30 A	
37	37 A	
43	43 A	
60	60 A	
85	85 A	
108	108 A	
135	135 A	
201	201 A	
251	251 A	
317	317 A	
361	361 A	
480	480 A	

	е	
	Input Line Voltage	
Code	Description	
В	200460V AC, 3-Phase, 50/60 Hz	
С	200600V AC, 3-Phase, 50/60 Hz	

f	
Control Voltage	
Code Description	
D	100240V AC
R	24V AC/DC

Product Selection

For use with Line-connected Motors



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See <u>Sizing and Selection Tools</u> for more information. For additional assistance, visit <u>rok.auto</u> or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at <u>raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</u> or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 1 - 200/208V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	13	_	0.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NBD
	10	_	0.5	24V AC/DC	150-C3NBR
	39	_	0.752	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NBD
	J3	_	0.752	24V AC/DC	150-C9NBR
	5.316	-	1.53	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NBD
	5.510	_	1.55	24V AC/DC	150-C16NBR
	6.319	_	1.53	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NBD
	0.515	_	1.50	24V AC/DC	150-C19NBR
	8.325	-	37.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NBD
	0.023	_	07.5	24V AC/DC	150-C25NBR
	1030	_	37.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NBD
	1050	_	J7.5	24V AC/DC	150-C30NBR
	12.337	_	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NBD
	12.007	_	510	24V AC/DC	150-C37NBR
	14.343	-	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NBD
	14.040	_	510	24V AC/DC	150-C43NBR
	2060	-	7.515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NBD
200/208	2000	_		24V AC/DC	150-C60NBR
	28.385	_	1025	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NBD
	20.505	_	1025	24V AC/DC	150-C85NBR
	07 100	_	00.70	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NBD
	27108	_	2030	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NBR
	7/ 175	_	05 (0	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NBD
	34135	_	2540	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NBD
	67201	_	4060	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C251NBD
	84251	_	5075	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C317NBD
	106317	_	60100	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C317NBR
	100	_	FF 60-	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C361NBD
	120361	_	75125	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C361NBR
	100 / 00	_	100, 150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NBD
	160480	_	100150	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Table 2 - 230V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

ated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.		
	1 7	0.55	O.F.	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NBD		
	13	0.55	0.5	24V AC/DC	150-C3NBR		
	39	2.2	0.752	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NBD		
	აყ	Ζ.Ζ	0./52		150-C9NBR		
	5.316	4	1.55	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NBD		
	5.310	4	1.55	24V AC/DC	150-C16NBR		
	6.319	,	25	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NBD		
	o.J18	4	25	24V AC/DC	150-C19NBR		
	8.325	5.5	37.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NBD		
	0.323	5.5	37.5	24V AC/DC	150-C25NBR		
	1030	7.5	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NBD		
	1050	7.5	510	24V AC/DC	150-C30NBR		
	12.337	7.5	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NBD		
	12.007	7.5	510	24V AC/DC	150-C37NBR		
	14.343	11	515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NBD		
	14.040		J10	24V AC/DC	150-C43NBR		
	20 60	20 60	2060	15	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NBD
230	2000	13	7.520		150-C60NBR		
	28.385	22	1530	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NBD		
	20.003	22	1550		150-C85NBR		
	27108	30	2040	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NBD		
	27100	30	2040	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NBR		
	-, ,			100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NBD		
	34135	37	2550	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NBR		
					150-C201NBD		
	67201	55	4075		150-C201NBR		
					150-C251NBD		
	84251	75	50100		150-C251NBR		
					150-C317NBD		
	106317	90	60125		150-C317NBR		
					150-C361NBD		
	120361	110	75150				
					150-C361NBR		
	160480	132	100200		150-C480NBD		
	100 100	102	100200	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NBR		

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Table 3 - 380/400/415/460V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	13	1.1	0.51.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NBD
	Ιυ	1.1	0.51.5	24V AC/DC	150-C3NBR
	39	4	1.55	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NBD
	ეშ	4	1.55	24V AC/DC	150-C9NBR
	5.316	7.5	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NBD
	5.510	7.5	510	24V AC/DC	150-C16NBR
	6.319	7.5	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NBD
	0.019	7.5	510	24V AC/DC	150-C19NBR
	8.325	11	7.515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NBD
	0.020	"	7.515	24V AC/DC	150-C25NBR
	1030	15	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NBD
	1050	13	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C30NBR
	12.337	10 E	10. 25	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NBD
	12.337	18.5	1025	24V AC/DC	150-C37NBR
	14.343	22	1030	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-C43NBR
	2060	30	1540	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NBD
380/400/415 (kW)				24V AC/DC	150-C60NBR
460 (Hp)	28.385	45	2560	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-C85NBR
	07. 100	FF	FO 7F	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NBD
	27108	55	5075	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NBR
	7/ 475		00, 100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NBD
	34135	75	60100	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NBR
	07.004	05 440	FF 450	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NBD
	67201	95110	75150	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C251NBD
	84251	95132	100200	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NBR
	100 745	05 100	105 050	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C317NBD
	106317	95160	125250	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C317NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C361NBD
	120361	110200	250300	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C361NBR
	100 (00	100 050	700 (00	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NBD
	160480	160250	300400	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Table 4 - 500/575V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	13	1.5	0.752	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NCD
	l0	1.5	0./52	24V AC/DC	150-C3NCR
	39	5.5	37.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NCD
	აყ	5.5	ა/.5	24V AC/DC	150-C9NCR
	5.316	7.5	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NCD
	5.510	7.5	510	24V AC/DC	150-C16NCR
	6.319	11	7.515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NCD
	0.019	II II	7.515	24V AC/DC	150-C19NCR
	8.325	15	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NCD
	0.020	13	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C25NCR
	1030	18.5	1025	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NCD
	1050	10.5	1023	24V AC/DC	150-C30NCR
	12.337	22	1530	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NCD
	12.007	22	1550	24V AC/DC	150-C37NCR
	14.343	22	1540	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NCD
	14.040	22	1540	24V AC/DC	150-C43NCR
	20 60	2060 37	2050	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NCD
500 (kW) 575 (Hp)	2000			24V AC/DC	150-C60NCR
3/3 (IIP)	28.385	55	3075	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NCD
	20.003	33	3073	24V AC/DC	150-C85NCR
	27108	75	60100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NCD
	27100	/5	00100	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NCR
	7/ 475	00	FF 40F	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NCD
	34135	90	75125	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NCD
	67201	75132	100200	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C251NCD
	84251	90160	125250	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C317NCD
	106317	100200	200300	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C317NCR
-				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C361NCD
	120361	132250	200350	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C361NCR
	160480	200315	250500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NCD
				24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NCR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

For use with Delta-connected Motors



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See <u>Sizing and Selection Tools</u> for more information. For additional assistance, visit <u>rok.auto</u> or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at <u>raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</u> or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 5 - 200/208V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	1.75.1	-	1	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NBD
	1.75.1	_		24V AC/DC	150-C3NBR
	E 1 10	-	15.7	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NBD
	5.116	_	1.53	24V AC/DC	150-C9NBR
	0.1 07.6	-	7 75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NBD
	9.127.6	_	37.5	24V AC/DC	150-C16NBR
	10.932.8	-	310	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NBD
	10.332.0	_	JIU	24V AC/DC	150-C19NBR
	14.343	-	310	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NBD
	14.545	_	JIU	24V AC/DC	150-C25NBR
	17.352	-	510	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NBD
	17.352	_	510	24V AC/DC	150-C30NBR
	2164	-	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NBD
	2104	_	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C37NBR
	2574	-	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NBD
		_	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C43NBR
	7/. C 10/.	-	1530	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NBD
200/208	34.6104	_	1550	24V AC/DC	150-C60NBR
	50147	-	1540	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NBD
	50147	_	1540	24V AC/DC	150-C85NBR
	/7 107	-	00.00	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NBD
	47187	_	2060	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NBR
		-		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NBD
	59234	_	2075	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NBD
	116348	_	75100	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C251NBD
	145435	_	100150	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C317NBD
	183549	_	100200	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C317NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C361NBD
	208625	_	125200	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C361NBR
		_		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NBD
	277831	_	200300	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Table 6 - 230V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	17 51	0.251.1	1	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NBD
	1.75.1	0.251.1		24V AC/DC	150-C3NBR
	5.116	1.14	15	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NBD
	0.110	1.14	13	24V AC/DC	150-C9NBR
	9.127.6	2.27.5	37.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NBD
	9.127.0	2.27.5	J/.5	24V AC/DC	150-C16NBR
	10.932.8	2.27.5	310	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NBD
	10.332.0	2.27.5	310	24V AC/DC	150-C19NBR
	14.343	411	315	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NBD
	14.545	411	J15	24V AC/DC	150-C25NBR
	17.352	415	515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NBD
	17.552	410	515	24V AC/DC	150-C30NBR
	2164	5.518.5	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NBD
	2104	5.510.5	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C37NBR
	2574	5.522	7.525	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NBD
	2574	5.522	7.525	24V AC/DC	150-C43NBR
	34.6104	34.6104 7.530	1540	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NBD
230	J4.0104	7.550	1540	24V AC/DC	150-C60NBR
	50147	1545	2050	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NBD
	50147	1545	2050	24V AC/DC	150-C85NBR
	/7 107	FF	00.00	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NBD
	47187	55	2060	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NBR
	50.07/		05 55	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NBD
	59234	75	2575	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NBD
	116348	110	75125	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NBR
					150-C251NBD
	145435	132	100150	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NBR
					150-C317NBD
	183549	160	125200		150-C317NBR
					150-C361NBD
	208625	200	150250		150-C361NBR
	077 074	050	000 700	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NBD
	277831	250	200300	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Table 7 - 380/400/415/460V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	1.75.1	0.552.2	0.52	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NBD
	1.73.1	0.552.2	0.52	24V AC/DC	150-C3NBR
	5.116	2.27.5	27.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NBD
	5.110	2.27.5	27.3	24V AC/DC	150-C9NBR
	9.127.6	411	515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NBD
	9.127.0	411	515	24V AC/DC	150-C16NBR
	10.932.8	415	515	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NBD
	10.332.0	413	515	24V AC/DC	150-C19NBR
	14.343	5.522	7.520	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NBD
	14.040	5.522	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C25NBR
	17.352	7.522	7.530	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NBD
	17.052	7.522	7.550	24V AC/DC	150-C30NBR
	2164	7.530	1040	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NBD
	2104	7.550	1040	24V AC/DC	150-C37NBR
	2574	1137	1050	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NBD
	2074			24V AC/DC	150-C43NBR
	34.6104	1555	2075	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C60NBD
380/400/415 (kW) 460 (Hp)				24V AC/DC	150-C60NBR
400 (np)	50147	2275	25100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NBD
	50147			24V AC/DC	150-C85NBR
	/7 107	00	/0.105	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NBD
	47187	90	40125	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NBD
	59234	132	50150	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NBD
	116348	160	150250	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C251NBD
	145435	250	200350	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C317NBD
	183549	315	250450	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C317NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C361NBD
	208625	355	300500	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C361NBR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NBD
	277831	450	350700	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Table 8 - 500/575V AC SMC-3 Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No.
	17 [1	0.753	1 7	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C3NCD
	1.75.1	U./ɔა	13	24V AC/DC	150-C3NCR
	E 1 10	7 75	7 10	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C9NCD
	5.116	37.5	310	24V AC/DC	150-C9NCR
	0.1 07.0	F.F. 1F	75 00	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C16NCD
	9.127.6	5.515	7.520	24V AC/DC	150-C16NCR
	10.932.8	5.522	7.530	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C19NCD
	10.332.0	5.522	7.550	24V AC/DC	150-C19NCR
	14.343	7.522	1040	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C25NCD
	14.040	7.522	1040	24V AC/DC	150-C25NCR
	17.352	1130	1550	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C30NCD
	17.032	1150	1550	24V AC/DC	150-C30NCR
	2164	1137	1560	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C37NCD
	2104	1107	1500	24V AC/DC	150-C37NCR
	2574	1545	2060	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C43NCD
	2574	1545	2000	24V AC/DC	150-C43NCR
	34.6104	2255	30100 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V AC/DC	150-C60NCD	
500 (kW) 575 (Hp)	J4.0104	ZZJJ		24V AC/DC	150-C60NCR
373 (np)	50147	3090	40150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C85NCD
	5014/	3030	40150	24V AC/DC	150-C85NCR
	/7 107	170	FO. 1FO	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C108NCD
	47187	132	50150	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C108NCR
	50.07/	100	00.000	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C135NCD
	59234	160	60200	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C135NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C201NCD
	116348	250	250300	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C201NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C251NCD
	145435	315	250400	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C251NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C317NCD
	183549	400	300500	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C317NCR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C361NCD
	208625	450	350600	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C361NCR
	000 000	500	400,000	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-C480NCD
	277831	560	400900	24V AC/DC ⁽²⁾	150-C480NCR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly.
 Separate 120V or 240V single phase is required for fan operation.

Accessories

Table 9 - Auxiliary Contact Blocks

	Description		N.C.	Connection Diagram				Cat. No.	
	Ailiam. Canta at Diagla fan aida maanntin annith	1	0	23	23 33	11	23 11	150-CA10	
Auxiliary Contact Blocks for side mounting with sequence terminal designations	2	0] ,		L ₄	$ \cdot $	150-CA20		
	1- and 2-pole Quick and easy mounting without tools One block per device only	1- and 2-pole	0	1]\		/	\ /	150-CA01
		1	1	24 -CA10	24 34 -CA20	12 -CA01	24 12 -CA11	150-CA11 (Form C)	

Table 10 - Fans

Description			For Use With	Pkg. Qty.	Cat. No.
	Optional	150-C337		150-CF64	
	F		150-C4385	1	150-CF147
	Field installed	Replacement	150-C108, 150-C135		41391-801-03
	Tiola motanea	Керіасетет	150-C201, 150-C251		41391-801-01
			150-C317C480		41391-801-02

Table 11 - Connecting Modules

	Description	For Use With	Pkg. Qty.	Cat. No.
~		Connects 140-M-C to 150-C325	1	150-CC25
3/2	Connecting modules to 140-M • Electrical interconnection between SMC-3 and 140-M.	Connects 140-M-D to 150-C325	1	150-CD25
A	Motor protector and SMC-3 must be mounted separately.	Connects 140-M-F to 150-C337	1	150-CF45
	Connecting modules to 100-C	Connects 100-C0923 to 150-C319	1	150-CI23
	 Electrical interconnection between SMC-3 and 100-C. Contactor and SMC-3 must be mounted separately. 	Connects 100-C3037 to 150-C337	1	150-CI37



Do not place protective modules on the load side of a device when using an inside-the-delta connection.

Table 12 - Protective Modules

Description		For Use With	Pkg. Qty.	Cat. No.
		150-C337NB	1	150-C84
W. Ing.	480V Protective Module	150-C4385NB	1	150-C84P
		150-C108480NB (line and/or load)	1	150-F84L
		150-C337NC	1	150-C86
	600V Protective Module	150-C4385NC (line and/or load)	1	150-C86P
		150-C108480NC (line and/or load)	1	150-F86L

Table 13 - IEC Line- or Load-side Terminal Covers

	Description ^{(1) (2)}	Current Range [A]	Pkg. Qty.	Cat. No.
	Dead front protection	108135	1	150-TC1
	IP2X finger safe when used with 250 MCM cable	201251	1	150-TC2
	 Dead front protection IP2X finger safe when used with 500 MCM cable 	317480	1	150-TC3

 ^{3...85} A units have terminal covers as standard. No additional terminal guards are required.
 SMC-3 controllers that are rated from 108...480 A are shipped with one terminal cover as standard.

Table 14 - Terminal Lug Kits

	Connection	Current Range [A] ⁽¹⁾	A] ⁽¹⁾ Wire Size Range	Total No. of Terminal Lugs Possible Each Side		Pkg.	Cat. No.
	Туре			Line Side	Load Side	Qty.	
		108135 ⁽²⁾	#6250 MCM AWG	3	3	3	199-LF1
Line	Line	201251 ⁽²⁾	16 mm ² 120 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LF1
		317480 ⁽²⁾	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LG1
	Delta	108135	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	1	6 ⁽³⁾		1494R-N15
		201251	1/0250 MCM AWG 50 mm ² 120 mm ²	2	12 ⁽³⁾		1494R-N14
		317480	3/0500 MCM AWG 95 mm ² 240 mm ²	1	12 ⁽⁴⁾		150-LGSMC

3...85 A units have box lugs standard. No additional lugs are required.
 When a multi-conductor lug is required, refer to the installation instructions for appropriate lug catalog number.
 When connected in an inside-the-delta configuration, use Cat. No. 199-LF1 for load-side connections (T1...T6).
 When connected in an inside-the-delta configuration, use Cat. No. 199-LG1 for load-side connections (T1...T6).

Table 15 - Marking Tags and Covers

	Description			Cat. No.
	Marking Tag Sheet • 160 perforated paper labels each, 6 x 17 mm, to be used with a transparent cover	150-C, 150-D	10	100-FMP
84	Transparent Cover To be used with marking tag sheets		100	100-FMC

Table 16 - Remote Reset Solenoid

	Description			Cat. No.
THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	Remote Reset Solenoid • for remote reset of electronic overload	193-T all, 150-C	1	193-ER1⊗

\otimes Voltage Suffix Codes

Voltage	24	48	110	115	120	220	240
50 Hz	J	_	D	-	_	А	-
60 Hz	J	-	-	-	D	ı	Α
DC	Z24	Z48	-	Z01	-	1	-



Available Coil Voltages: 12...600V 50 Hz/12...600V 60 Hz

Surcharge for special voltages up to 20 pieces (no surcharge for quantities greater than 20 pieces.)

Specifications

Table 17 - Standard Features

Attribute	Description			
Selectable Start Times	2, 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, or 30 s			
Selectable Initial Torque	15%, 25%, 35%, and 65% of locked rotor torque			
Selectable Current Limit	150%, 250%, 350%, and 450% of full load current			
Selectable Kick Start — 450% FLA	0, 0.5, 1.0, or 1.5 s			
Selectable Soft Stop	Off, 100%, 200%, or 300% of the start time setting when wired			
Selectable Overload Trip Class	Trip Class 10, 15, or 20			

Table 18 - Power Circuit Ratings

Attrib	oute	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC		
Rated Operation Voltage		200480V AC (-15%, +10%) 200600V AC(-15%, +10%)	200480V AC — 400V AC 500V AC — 500V AC		
Rated Insulation Voltage		600V AC	500V AC		
Dielectric Withstand		2200V AC	2500V AC		
Repetitive Peak		200480V AC: 1400V 200600V AC: 1600V	200480V AC: 1400V 500V AC: 1600V		
Operating Frequency		50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz		
	137 A	-	AC-53b: 3.5-15:3585		
	4360 A	-	AC-53b: 4.5-30:1770		
	85 A	-	AC-53b: 4.5-30:3570		
Utilization Category	108 A	_	AC-53b: 4.5-30:1770		
	135 A	-	AC-53b: 3.5-30: 1770		
	201251 A	-	AC-53b: 3.5-30: 1770		
	317480 A	-	AC-53b: 3.5-30: 1770		
Number of Poles		Equipmer	nt is designed for 3-phase only		
Rated Impulse Voltage		6 kV			
DV/DT Protection		1000V/µs			
Overvoltage Category					

Table 19 - Standards Compliance and Certifications

Standards Compliance
UL 508
CSA C22.2 No.14
EN/IEC 60947-1
EN/IEC 60947-4-2

Certifications	
cULus Listed (Op	oen Type) (File No. E96956, Guides NMFT, NMFT7)
CSA Certified (Fi	le No. LR 1234)
CE Marked (Oper	n Type) per EMC and Low Voltage Directive
CCC Certified	

Table 20 - Short-circuit Protection Ratings

Attribute		Description						
SCPD Performance		Type 1 ⁽¹⁾						
SCFD Ferrormance		Non-Time Delay		Thermal Magnetic (ircuit Breaker			
SCPD List ⁽²⁾		Max. Standard Available Fault	Max. Standard Fuse [A] ⁽³⁾	Max. Standard Available Fault	Max. Circuit Breaker [A]			
	3	5 kA	12	5 kA	15			
	9	5 kA	30	5 kA	30			
	16	5 kA	60	5 kA	60			
	19	5 kA	70	5 kA	70			
	25	5 kA	100	5 kA	100			
	30	10 kA	110	10 kA	110			
	37	10 kA	125	10 kA	125			
	43	10 kA	150	10 kA	150			
Line Device Operational Current Rating [A]	60	10 kA	225	10 kA	225			
current nating [A]	85	10 kA	300	10 kA	300			
	108	10 kA	400	10 kA	300			
	135	10 kA	500	10 kA	400			
	201	18 kA	600	18 kA	600			
	251	18 kA	700	18 kA	700			
	317	30 kA	800	30 kA	800			
	361	30 kA	1000	30 kA	1000			
	480	42 kA	1200	42 kA	1200			
	5.1	5 kA	15	5 kA	15			
	16	5 kA	60	5 kA	60			
	27.6	5 kA	70	5 kA	70			
	32.8	5 kA	125	5 kA	125			
	43	5 kA	150	5 kA	150			
	52	10 kA	200	10 kA	200			
	64	10 kA	250	10 kA	250			
	74	10 kA	250	10 kA	250			
Delta Device Operational	104	10 kA	400	10 kA	300			
Current Rating [A]	147	10 kA	400	10 kA	400			
	187	10 kA	600	10 kA	500			
	234	10 kA	700	10 kA	700			
	348	18 kA	1000	18 kA	1000			
	435	18 kA	1200	18 kA	1200			
	549	30 kA	1600	30 kA	1600			
	625	30 kA	1600	30 kA	1600			
	831	42 kA	1600	30 kA	1600			
	831	42 kA	1600	42 kA	1200			

Type 1 performance/protection indicates that, under a short-circuit condition, the fused or circuit breaker-protected starter shall cause no danger to persons or installation but may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement.

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Non-time delay fuses (K5).

Table 21 - Short-circuit Protection Performance, High Fault, Type 1

SCPD F	erformance ⁽¹⁾				Type 1 Ratings ⁽²⁾			
			Class J or Class L Fu	ıse ⁽³⁾	Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker 480V, 65 kA Max.			
Motor Connection Type	Cat. No.	Current Rating [A]	Max. High Capacity Available Fault (600V) [kA]		Max. Current [A]	Cat. No.	Rating Plug Cat. No.	
	150-C3N	3		6	15	140G-G6C3-C15	_	
	150-C9N	9	65	15	30	140G-G6C3-C30	_	
	150-C16N	16	00	30	60	140G-G6C3-C60	_	
	150-C19N	19		40	70	140G-G6C3-C70	-	
	150-C25N	25		50	100	140G-J6F3-D10	_	
	150-C30N	30		60	110	140G-J6F3-D11	-	
	150-C37N	37		60	125	140G-J6F3-D12	-	
	150-C43N	43		90	150	140G-J6F3-D15	_	
Line Connection	150-C60N	60	70	125	225	140G-J6F3-D22	-	
	150-C85N	85	70	175	250	140G-J6F3-D25	_	
	150-C108N	108		200	300	140G-K6F3-D30	-	
	150-C135N	135		250	400	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
	150-C201N	201		350	600	140G-M6F3-D60	_	
	150-C251N	251		400	700	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
	150-C317N	317	69	500	800	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP-D80	
	150-C361N	361		600	1000	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP-E10	
	150-C480N	480		800	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-C3N	3		10	20	140G-G6C3-C20	_	
	150-C9N	9	69	30	60	140G-G6C3-C60	_	
	150-C16N	16	03	60	100	140G-G6C3-D10	_	
	150-C19N	19		70	125	140G-G6C3-D12	_	
	150-C25N	25		90	150	140G-J6F3-D15	_	
	150-C30N	30		100	200	140G-J6F3-D20	_	
	150-C37N	37		100	250	140G-J6F3-D25	_	
1 11 11 5 11	150-C43N	43		150	250	140G-J6F3-D25	_	
Inside-the-Delta Connection	150-C60N	60	70	225	250	140G-J6F3-D25	-	
	150-C85N	85	70	300	250	140G-J6F3-D25	-	
	150-C108N	108		400	400	140G-K6F3-D40	_	
	150-C135N	135		400	400	140G-K6F3-D40	_	
	150-C201N	201		600	800	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
	150-C251N	251		800	800	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
	150-C317N	317		1000	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-C361N	361	69	1200	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-C480N	480		1600	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.
 Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, refer to UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.
 High Capacity fault ratings when used with time delay Class J or time delay Class L fuse.

Electrical Ratings

Table 22 - Control Circuits

	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC		
Rated Operational Voltage (+10%, -15%)	100240V AC, 24V AC/DC	100240V AC, 24V AC/DC		
Rated Insulation Voltage	250V	250V AC		
Rated Impulse Voltage	2.5 kV	4 kV		
Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC	2000V AC		
Overvoltage Category	II	III ⁽¹⁾		
Operating Frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz		
Input on-state voltage minimum, during start (IN1, IN2)		85V AC, 19.2V DC / 19.2V AC		
Input on-state current (IN1, IN2)	9.8 ma @120V AC/19.6 ma @ 240V AC, 7.3 ma @ 24V AC/DC			
Input off-state voltage maximum (IN1, IN2)	40V AC, 17V DC / 12V AC			
Input off-state current @ input off-state voltage (IN1, IN2)		<10 mA, <12 mA		

⁽¹⁾ Overvoltage category II, when either control or auxiliary circuit is wired to a SELV or PELV circuit.

Table 23 - Control Power During Start

		UL/CS/	A/NEMA	IEC		
	337 A	215 mA @ 120V AC / 180 mA @ 240V AC, 800 mA @ 24V DC / 660 mA @ 24V AC				
With Fan	4385 A	2	200 mA @ 120V AC / 100 mA @ 240V AC, 700 mA @ 24V AC/DC			
		Fan Power Control Power				
WILLIFALI	108135 A	20VA				
	201251 A	40VA	200 mA @ 120V A	AC / 120 mA @ 240V AC, 600 mA @ 24V AC/DC		
	317480 A	60VA				
Without Fan	337 A	205 mA @	120V AC / 145 mA @ 240V AC,	705 mA @ 24V DC / 580 mA @ 24V AC		

Table 24 - Steady-state Heat Dissipation and Overload Current Range

Controller Rating [A]	Steady State Heat Dissipation [W]	Overload Current Range [A]
3	11	13
9	12	39
16	14	5.316
19	15	6.319
25	17	8.325
30	19	1030
37	24	12.337
43	34	14.343
60	50	2060
85	82	28.385
108	62	27108
135	75	34135
201	129	67201
251	147	84251
317	174	106317
361	194	120361
480	239	160480

Table 25 - Environmental Ratings

Attribute		Rating		
Operating Temperature Range	open	-5+50 °C (23122 °F)		
operating reinperature hange	enclosed	-5+40 °C (23104 °F)		
Storage and Transportation Temperature Range		-25+85 °C (-13+185 °F)		
Altitude		2000 m (6560 ft)		
Humidity		595% (noncondensing)		
Pollution Degree		2		
Type of Protection		IP2X		

Table 26 - Mechanical Ratings

	Attribute		Rating
Resistance to Vibration	Operational		1.0 G Peak, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement
Resistance to vibration	Non-Operational		2.5 G Peak, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) displacement
Resistance to Shock	Operational		15 G
Resistance to shock	Non-Operational	1.0 G Peak, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement 2.5 G Peak, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) displacement 15 G 30 G 337 A 2.525 mm² (144 AWG); 2.33.4 N•m (30 lb•in) if 1 25 mm² (4 AWG) wire in top terminal, 4.0 N•m (35 lb•in.) 4385 A 2.595 mm² (143/0 AWG) 11.312.4 N•m (100110 lb•in) 108135 A 0ne M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole 201251 A Two M10 x 1.5 diameter holes per power pole 337 A 2.516 mm² (146 AWG) 2.32.5 N•m (2022.5 lb•in) 4385 A 10135 A 0ne M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole 2.550 mm² (141 AWG) 11.312.4 N•m (100110 lb•in) 108135 A 0ne M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole 201251 A Two M10 x 1.5 diameter holes per power pole 317480 A Two M10 x 1.5 diameter holes per power pole	30 G
	Cable Size	337 A	
Line Power Terminals	Cable Size Tightening Torque Power Pole Holes	4385 A	
		108135 A	One M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole
	Power Pole Holes	201251 A	Two M10 x 1.5 diameter holes per power pole
		317480 A	Two M12 x 1.75 diameter holes per power pole
	Cable Size	337 A	
Load Power Terminals	Tightening Torque	4385 A	2.550 mm ² (141 AWG) 11.312.4 N•m (100110 lb•in)
		108135 A	One M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole
	Power Pole Holes	201251 A	Two M10 x 1.5 diameter holes per power pole
		317480 A	Two M12 x 1.75 diameter holes per power pole
Control Terminals	Cable Size Tightening Torque	All	0.22.5 mm ² (2414 AWG) 0.450.9 N•m (4.08.0 lb•in)

Table 27 - Other Ratings

		UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC
EMC Emission Levels	Conducted Radio Frequency Emissions	-	Class A
LITO LITTISSION LEVEIS	Radiated Emissions	y Emissions — Class A — Class A 4 kV Contact and 8 kV Air Discharge 8 kV Air Discharge gnetic Field — Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2 — Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2	
	Electrostatic Discharge	4 kV Contact and 8 kV Air Discharge	8 kV Air Discharge
EMC Immunity Levels	Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	-	Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2
ETIC IIIIIIuiiity Leveis	Fast Transient	-	Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2
	Surge Transient	-	Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2

Table 28 - Auxiliary Contacts

		UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC		
Rated Operational Voltage		250V AC/30V DC	250V AC/30V DC		
Rated Insulation Voltage		250V	250V AC		
Rated Impulse Voltage		2.5 kV	4 kV		
Dielectric Withstand		1500V AC	V AC 2000V AC		
Overvoltage Category		II	III ⁽¹⁾		
Operating Frequency		50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz		
Utilization Category		D300/D300	AC-15/DC		
	Type of Control Circuit	Electro	AC-15/DC tromagnetic relay 1 rmally Open (N.O.) AC/DC V AC and 0.3 A @ 240V AC		
	Number of Contacts	1			
	Type of Contacts	50/60 Hz 50/60 Hz D300/D300 AC-15/DC Electromagnetic relay 1 Normally Open (N.O.)			
TB-97, -98 (OVLD/Fault)	Type of Current		AC/DC		
(OVED/T duit)	Rated Operational Current (max.)	0.6 A @ 120V A	C and 0.3 A @ 240V AC		
	Conventional Thermal Current I_{th}		1 A		
	Make/Break VA		432/72		
	Type of Control Circuit	Electro	magnetic relay		
	Number of Contacts		1		
	Type of Contacts	250V AC/30V DC 250V 250V AC/30V DC 250V 250V AC 2.5 kV 4 kV 1500V AC 2000V AC II III(1) 50/60 Hz 50/60 Hz D300/D300 AC-15/DC Electromagnetic relay 1 Normally Open (N.O.) AC/DC 0.6 A @ 120V AC and 0.3 A @ 240V AC 1A 432/72			
TB-13, -14 Aux 1 (Normal/Up-to-Speed)	Type of Current		AC/DC		
(Norman op to speed)	Rated Operational Current (max.)	0.6 A @ 120V A	C and 0.3 A @ 240V AC		
	Conventional Thermal Current I_{th}		1A		
	Make/Break VA		432/72		

⁽¹⁾ Overvoltage category II, when either control or auxiliary circuit is wired to a SELV or PELV circuit.

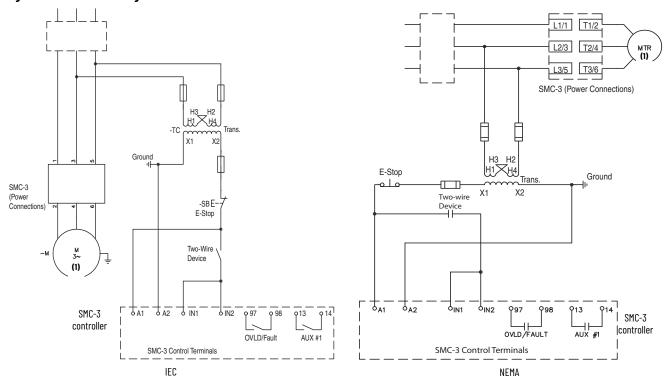
Table 29 - Side-mount Auxiliary Contacts

		UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC
Rated Operational Voltage		250V AC/30V DC	250V AC/30V DC
Rated Insulation Voltage		250V	250V AC
Rated Impulse Voltage		2.5 kV	4 kV
Dielectric Withstand		1500V AC	2000V AC
Overvoltage Category		II	III ⁽¹⁾
Operating Frequency		50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
	Utilization Category	C300/R150	AC-15/DC-13
	Type of Control Circuit	Electromag	gnetic relay
TD 07 0/	Number of Contacts	1 Normally Open (N.O.) AC/DC	1
TB-23, -24 (Normal/Up-to-Speed)	Type of Contacts	Normally (Open (N.O.)
TB-33, -34	Type of Current	AC.	/DC
(Normal/Up-to-Speed)	Rated Operational Current (max.)	1.5 A @ 120V AC, 0.75 A @	240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC
	Conventional Thermal Current I_{th}	250V 250V AC 2.5 kV 4 kV 1500V AC 2000V AC II III(1) 50/60 Hz 50/60 Hz C300/R150 AC-15/DC-13 Electromagnetic relay 1 Normally Open (N.O.)	
	Make/Break VA	1800/180V AC, 2	8V DC (resistive)
	Type of Control Circuit	B300/R300	AC-15/DC-13
	Type of Control Circuit	Electromag	gnetic relay
	Sulation Voltage pulse Voltage c Withstand age Category g Frequency Utilization Category Type of Control Circuit Number of Contacts Type of Contacts Type of Current Rated Operational Current (max.) Conventional Thermal Current Ith Make/Break VA Type of Contacts Type of Control Circuit Type of Control Circuit Type of Control Circuit Number of Contacts Type of Control Circuit Number of Contacts Type of Control Circuit Number of Contacts Type of Current Rated Operational Current (max.) Conventional Thermal Current Ith Make/Break VA		1
TB-11, -12	Type of Contacts	250V 250V AC 2.5 kV 4 kV 1500V AC 2000V AC II IIIIIII 50/60 Hz 50/60 Hz C300/R150 AC-15/DC-13 Built Electromagnetic relay S 1 Normally Open (N.O.) AC/DC Current (max.) 1.5 A @ 120V AC, 0.75 A @ 240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC activit B300/R300 AC-15/DC-13 Built B300/R300 AC-15/DC-13 Built B300/R300 AC-15/DC-13 Built B300/R300 AC-15/DC-13 Built B300/R300 AC-15/DC-13 Current (max.) 1 Normally Closed (N.C.) AC/DC Current (max.) 3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC Current (max.) 3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC Current (max.) 3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC Current (max.) 3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC Current (max.) 3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC That Current Ith 5 A	
(Normal/Up-to-Speed)	Type of Current	AC/	/DC
	Rated Operational Current (max.)	3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 2	240V AC, 1.17 A @ 24V DC
	Conventional Thermal Current I_{th}	2.5 kV	A
	Make/Break VA	3600/360VA, 28	VA (DC resistive)

⁽¹⁾ Overvoltage category II, when either control or auxiliary circuit is wired to a SELV or PELV circuit.

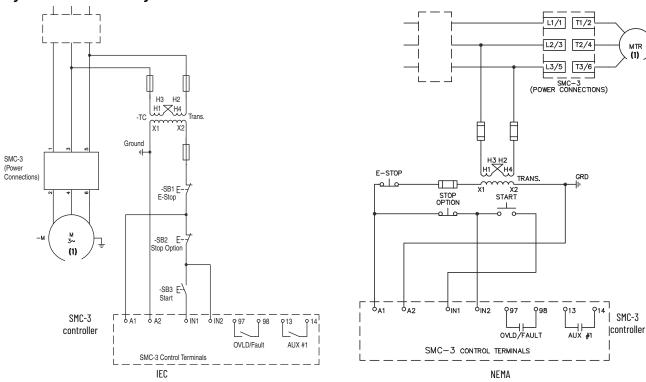
Typical Wiring Diagrams

Figure 1 - Two-wire Configuration



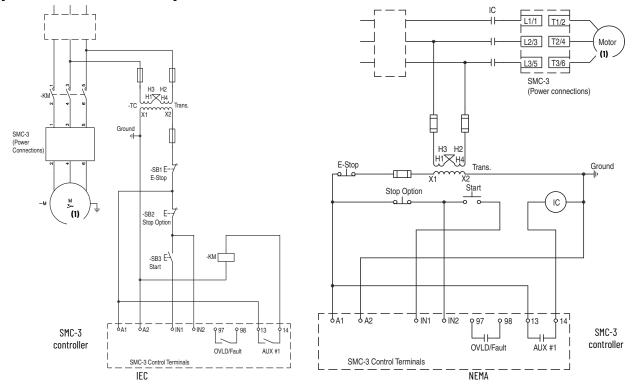
Note	Information
1	Customer supplied

Figure 2 - Three-wire Configuration



Note	Information
1	Customer supplied

Figure 3 - Isolation Contactor Configuration

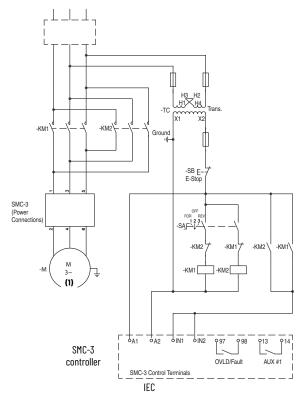


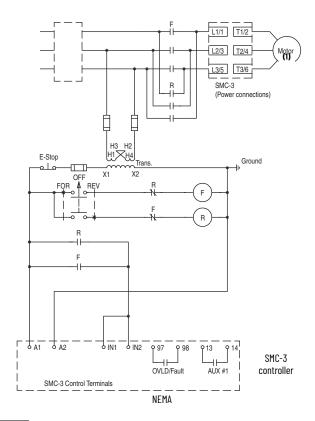
Note	Information
1	Customer supplied

Figure 4 - Reversing Configuration



Minimum off time = 1 second

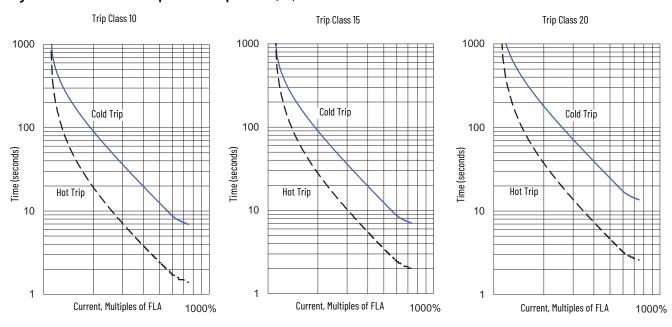




Note	Information
1	Customer supplied

Overload Trip Curves

Figure 5 - SMC-3 Overload Trip curves—Trip Class 10, 15, and 20



Starts per Hour Curves

Figure 6 - SMC-3 Starts per hour (3...37 A) 40 °C, 100% Duty Cycle, 10 s, 350%

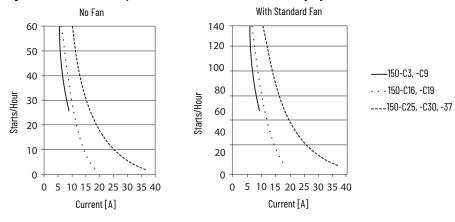


Figure 7 - SMC-3 Starts per hour (43...85 A) 40 °C, 100% Duty Cycle, 20 s, 350%

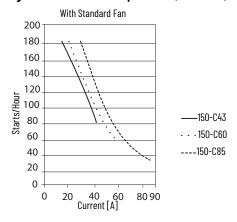


Figure 8 - SMC-3 Starts per hour (108...135 A) 40 $^{\circ}$ C, 100% Duty Cycle, 20 s, 350%

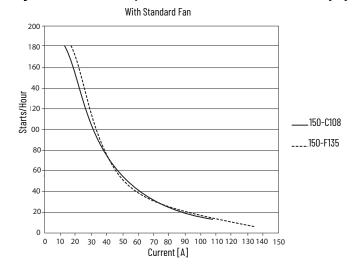
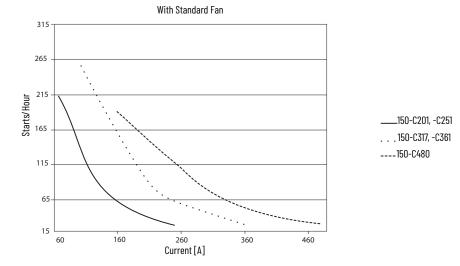


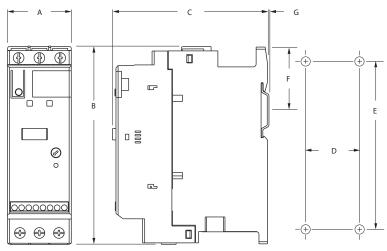
Figure 9 - SMC-3 Starts per hour (201...480 A) 40 °C, 100% Duty Cycle, 20 s, 350%



Approximate Dimensions

Dimensions in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended to be used for manufacturing purposes. All dimensions are subject to change.

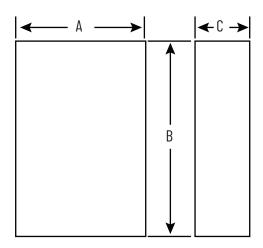
Figure 10 - Open Type Controllers



Controller Rating [A]	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Mounting Hole Size	Weight kg (lbs)
137 ⁽¹⁾	44.8 (1-49/64)	139.7 (5-1/2)	110 (4-21/64)	35 (1-3/8)	132 (5-13/64)	46.4 (1.81)	2 (1/16)	4.6 (0.18)	0.86 (1.9)
4385 ⁽²⁾	72 (2.83)	206 (8.11)	130 (5.12)	55 (2.17)	198 (7.8)	102 (4.02)	2 (1/16)	5.3 (0.21)	2.25 (5.0)
108135 ⁽²⁾	196.4 (7.74)	443.7 (17.47)	205.2 (8.08)	166.6 (6.56)	367 (14.45)	_	_	7.5 (0.295)	15 (33)
201251 ⁽²⁾	225 (8.86)	560 (22.05)	265.3 (10.45)	150 (5.91)	504.1 (19.85)	_	_	11.5 (0.45)	30.4 (67)
317480 ⁽²⁾	290 (11.42)	600 (23.62)	298 (11.73)	200 (7.87)	539.2 (21.23)	-	-	11.5 (0.45)	45.8 (101)

Optional fan does not increase dimension B. Fan is standard.

Figure 11 - Minimum Enclosure Size



Controller Rating [A]	B Height	A Width	C Depth	Fan Requirements
137	305 (12)	224 (9)	152 (6)	none
4385	406 (16)	305 (12)	203 (8)	none
108135	762 (30)	610 (24)	305 (12)	none
201251	965 (38)	762 (30)	356 (14)	none
317480	1295 (51)	914 (36)	356 (14)	none

The SMC Flex controller is modular so that it can help simplify installation and commissioning. A built-in LCD display, keypad, and flexible communications provide optimized configuration, advanced performance, diagnostics, and protection. Three-phase control, electronic overload, and integrated bypass along with removable control module, power modules, and fan assembly are combined in a cost-effective package for your demanding applications.

Modes of operation include the following:

Soft Start

Current Limit Start

Selectable Kickstart

Coast-to-rest

Soft Stop

Full Voltage Start

Dual Ramp Start

Pump Start

Preset Slow Speed

Pump Stop

Smart Motor Braking

Accu-Stop

Slow Speed with Braking

Linear Speed Acceleration (Tachometer required)

Catalog Number Explanation

Examples that are given in this section are not intended to be used for product selection. Use ProposalWorks software to configure the SMC Flex controller. ProposalWorks software is available from rok.auto/systemtools.

а						
	Bulletin Number					
Code	Code Description					
150	Solid-state Controller					

b						
Controller Rating						
Code	Description					
F5	5 A, 3 Hp @ 460V AC					
F25	25 A, 15 Hp @ 460V AC					
F43	43 A, 30 Hp @ 460V AC					
F60	60 A, 40 Hp @ 460V AC					
F85	85 A, 60 Hp @ 460V AC					
F108	108 A, 75 Hp @ 460V AC					
F135	135 A, 100 Hp @ 460V AC					
F201	201 A, 150 Hp @ 460V AC					
F251	251 A, 200 Hp @ 460V AC					
F317	317 A, 250 Hp @ 460V AC					
F361	361 A, 300 Hp @ 460V AC					
F480	480 A, 400 Hp @ 460V AC					
F625	625 A, 500 Hp @ 460V AC					
F780	780 A, 600 Hp @ 460V AC					
F970	970 A, 800 Hp @ 460V AC					
F1250	1250 A, 1000 Hp @ 460V AC					

	Controller Rating					
Code	Description					
F5	5 A, 3 Hp @ 460V AC					
F25	25 A, 15 Hp @ 460V AC					
F43	43 A, 30 Hp @ 460V AC					
F60	60 A, 40 Hp @ 460V AC					
F85	85 A, 60 Hp @ 460V AC					
F108	108 A, 75 Hp @ 460V AC					
F135	135 A, 100 Hp @ 460V AC					
F201	201 A, 150 Hp @ 460V AC					
F251	251 A, 200 Hp @ 460V AC					
F317	317 A, 250 Hp @ 460V AC					
F361	361 A, 300 Hp @ 460V AC					
F480	480 A, 400 Hp @ 460V AC					
F625	625 A, 500 Hp @ 460V AC					
F780	780 A, 600 Hp @ 460V AC					
F970	970 A, 800 Hp @ 460V AC					

	e		f
	Control Voltage	Opti	ons - Select only one
Code	Description	Code	Description
D	100240V AC (5480 A units)	Blank	Standard
R	24V AC/DC (5480 A units)	В	Pump Control
Ε	110/120V AC (6251250 A units)	D	Braking Control
Α	230/240V AC (6251250 A units)		

С						
Enclosure Type						
Code	Description					
N	Open					

d						
	Input Line Voltage					
Code	Description					
В	200460V AC, 3-Phase, 50 and 60 Hz					
С	200575V AC, 3-Phase, 50 and 60 Hz					
Z	230690V AC, 3-Phase, 50 and 60 Hz (Open only, 108 A and above) (690V AC line connected only)					

Product Selection

For use with Line-connected Motors



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See <u>Sizing and Selection Tools</u> for more information. For additional assistance, visit <u>rok.auto</u> or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at <u>raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</u> or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 30 - 200/208V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	15	_	1	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NBD
	13			24V AC/DC	150-F5NBR
	г ог		5 -	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NBD
	525	_		24V AC/DC	150-F25NBR
	0.0 /7		10	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NBD
	8.643	_	10	24V AC/DC	150-F43NBR
	1260		15	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NBD
	1200	_	15	24V AC/DC	150-F60NBR
	17.05		0.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NBD
	1785	_	25	24V AC/DC	150-F85NBR
	07 100		70	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NBD
	27108	_	30	24V AC/DC	150-F108NBR
	34135	-	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NBR
	67201	-	60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NBD
200/208				24V AC/DC	150-F201NBR
200/208	84251	-	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NBR
	106317	-	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F317NBR
	120361	_	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NBD
	120361			24V AC/DC	150-F361NBR
	160480	_	150 -	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NBD
	100400			24V AC/DC	150-F480NBR
	208625		200	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBE
	200020	_	200	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBA
	200 700		250	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBE
	260780	_	250	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBA
	323970		350	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBE
	ა2აუ/ს	_	330	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBA
	4161250		400	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBE
	4101250	_	400	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBA

⁽¹⁾ Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller in the Full Voltage starting mode. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

⁽²⁾ For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.

⁽³⁾ Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 31 - 230V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	15	1.1	1	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NBD
	10			24V AC/DC	150-F5NBR
	525		7.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NBD
	525	5.5	7.5	24V AC/DC	150-F25NBR
	8.643	11	15	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NBD
	0.045	II II	10	24V AC/DC	150-F43NBR
	1260	15	20	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NBD
	1200	10	20	24V AC/DC	150-F60NBR
	1785	22	30	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NBD
	1700	22	30	24V AC/DC	150-F85NBR
	27108	30	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NBD
	27100	30	40	24V AC/DC	150-F108NBR
	34135	37	50	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NBR
	67201	55	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NBD
230				24V AC/DC	150-F201NBR
230	84251	75	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NBR
	106317	90	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F317NBR
	100 701	110	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NBD
	120361			24V AC/DC	150-F361NBR
	160480	132	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NBD
	100480			24V AC/DC	150-F480NBR
	208625	200	250	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBE
	200025	200	250	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBA
	000 700	000	700	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBE
	260780	250	300	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBA
	707 070	715	400	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBE
	323970	315	400	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBA
	/10 1050	400	E00	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBE
	4161250	400	500	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.
For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.
Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 32 - 400/415/460V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	15	2.2	3	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NBD
	10	2.2	J	24V AC/DC	150-F5NBR
	525	11	15	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NBD
	525	ll II		24V AC/DC	150-F25NBR
	8.643	22	70	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NBD
	0.045	22	30	24V AC/DC	150-F43NBR
	1260	30	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NBD
	1200	30	40	24V AC/DC	150-F60NBR
	1785	45	60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NBD
	1700	40	00	24V AC/DC	150-F85NBR
	27108	55	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NBD
	27108	55	75	24V AC/DC	150-F108NBR
	34135	75	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NBR
	67201	110	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NBD
400/415 (kW)				24V AC/DC	150-F201NBR
460 (Hp)	84251	132	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NBR
	106317	160	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F317NBR
	100 701	200	300	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NBD
	120361			24V AC/DC	150-F361NBR
	160480	250	400	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NBD
	100400			24V AC/DC	150-F480NBR
	208625	355	500	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBE
	200025	ათ	500	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBA
	260780	450	600	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBE
	200/80	450	000	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBA
	323970	560	800	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBE
	JZJ3/U	300	000	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBA
	4161250	710	1000	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBE
	4101230	/10	1000	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.

Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 33 - 500/575V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	15	2.2	3	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NCD
	10			24V AC/DC	150-F5NCR
	525	15	20	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NCD
	525	15	20	24V AC/DC	150-F25NCR
	8.643	22	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NCD
	0.043	22	40	24V AC/DC	150-F43NCR
	1260	37	50	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NCD
	1200	37	50	24V AC/DC	150-F60NCR
	1785	55	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NCD
	1700	55	/5	24V AC/DC	150-F85NCR
	07 100	75	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NCD
	27108	/5	100	24V AC/DC	150-F108NCR
	34135	90	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NCD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NCR
	67201	132	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NCD
500 (kW)				24V AC/DC	150-F201NCR
575 (Hp)	84251	160	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NCD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NCR
	106317	200	300	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NCD
				24V AC/DC	150-F317NCR
	100 701	250	350	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NCD
	120361			24V AC/DC	150-F361NCR
	100 /00	315	500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NCD
	160480			24V AC/DC	150-F480NCR
	000 000	/50	000	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NCE
	208625	450	600	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NCA
	000 700	F00	000	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NCE
	260780	560	800	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NCA
	707 070	710	1000	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NCE
	323970	710	1000	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NCA
	/10 1050	000	1700	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NCE
	4161250	900	1300	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NCA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.

Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 34 - 690V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	27108	90	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NZD
	34135	132	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NZD
	67201	160	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NZD
	84251	200	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NZD
	106317	315	400	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NZD
	120361	355	450	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NZD
(7)	160480	450	600	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NZD
690/Y (kW) ⁽³⁾ 600 (Hp)	208625	630	800	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NZE
ουο (πρ)				230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NZA
	000 700	800	1000	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NZE
	260780	000		230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NZA
	323970	1000	1300	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NZE
	აგა9/0	1000		230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NZA
	/10 1050	1200	1600	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NZE
	4101250	4161250 1200	1600	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NZA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-41 for terminal lug kits.

To be used only in a Y-type system.

For Use with Delta-connected Motors



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See Sizing and Selection Tools for more information. For additional assistance, visit rok.auto or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 35 - 200/208V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	1.78.7		2	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NBD
	1.70.7	_		24V AC/DC	150-F5NBR
	8.743		10	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NBD
	0./4ა	_	10	24V AC/DC	150-F25NBR
	14.974		20	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NBD
	14.5/4	_	20	24V AC/DC	150-F43NBR
	20.8104		30	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NBD
	20.0104	_	30	24V AC/DC	150-F60NBR
	20 / 1/7		40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NBD
	29.4147	_	40	24V AC/DC	150-F85NBR
	47187		60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NBD
	47107	_	00	24V AC/DC	150-F108NBR
	59234	-	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NBD
			/5	24V AC/DC	150-F135NBR
	116348	_	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NBD
200/208			100	24V AC/DC	150-F201NBR
200/200	145435	-	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NBR
	183549	-	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NBD
	100349		200	24V AC/DC	150-F317NBR
	208625		200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NBD
	200020	_	200	24V AC/DC	150-F361NBR
	277831		300	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NBD
	2//031	_	300	24V AC/DC	150-F480NBR
	283850		300	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBE
	203000	_	300	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBA
	700 000		300	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBE
-	300900	_	300	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBA
	4001200		400	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBE
	4001200	_	400	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBA
	E77 1000		500	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBE
	5331600	_	500	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.

Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 36 - 230V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	1.78.7	2.2	2	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NBD
	1.70.7	2.2	2	24V AC/DC	150-F5NBR
	8.743	11	15	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NBD
	0.745		15	24V AC/DC	150-F25NBR
	14.974	22	25	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NBD
	14.5/4	22	25	24V AC/DC	150-F43NBR
	20.8104	30	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NBD
	20.0104	30	40	24V AC/DC	150-F60NBR
	29.4147	45	50	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NBD
	29.414/	45	30	24V AC/DC	150-F85NBR
	47187	55	60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NBD
	4/10/	55	00	24V AC/DC	150-F108NBR
	59234	75	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NBR
	116348	110	125 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NBD
230				24V AC/DC	150-F201NBR
230	145435	132	150 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NBR
	183549	160	200 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NBD
	100348			24V AC/DC	150-F317NBR
	208625	000	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NBD
	200020	200	250	24V AC/DC	150-F361NBR
	277831	250	350	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NBD
	2//031	250	330	24V AC/DC	150-F480NBR
	283850	250	350	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBE
	203000	250	330	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBA
	300900	250	350	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBE
	300900	250	330	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBA
	/.OO 1000	400	400	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBE
	4001200	400	400	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBA
	E77 1000	500	600	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBE
	5331600	500	600	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.

Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 37 - 400/415/460V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	1.78.7	4	5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NBD
	1.70.7	4		24V AC/DC	150-F5NBR
	8.743	22	30	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NBD
	0.740	22	30	24V AC/DC	150-F25NBR
	14.974	37	50	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NBD
	14.5/4	37	50	24V AC/DC	150-F43NBR
	20.8104	55	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NBD
	20.0104	33	/3	24V AC/DC	150-F60NBR
	29.4147	75	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NBD
	29.414/	75	100	24V AC/DC	150-F85NBR
	47187	90	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NBD
	4/107	30	125	24V AC/DC	150-F108NBR
	59234	132	150 -	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NBD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NBR
	116348	160	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NBD
400/415 (kW)				24V AC/DC	150-F201NBR
460 (Hp)	1/.5 /.75	250	350 -	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NBD
	145435			24V AC/DC	150-F251NBR
	183549	315	450	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NBD
	100348			24V AC/DC	150-F317NBR
	208625	355	500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NBD
	200020	ათ	500	24V AC/DC	150-F361NBR
	277831	450	700	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NBD
	2//851	450	/00	24V AC/DC	150-F480NBR
	283850	500	700	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBE
	200000	500	700	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NBA
	700 000	F00	700	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBE
	300900	500	700	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NBA
	/00 1000	710	1000	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBE
	4001200	710	1000	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NBA
	E77 1000	000	1/.00	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBE
	5331600	900	1400	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NBA

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.

Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-41 for terminal lug kits.

Table 38 - 500/575V AC SMC Flex Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Open Type Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	1.78.7	5.5	7.5	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F5NCD
	1.70.7	5.5	7.5	24V AC/DC	150-F5NCR
	8.743	15	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F25NCD
	0.743		40	24V AC/DC	150-F25NCR
	14.974	45	60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F43NCD
	14.3/4	45	00	24V AC/DC	150-F43NCR
	20.8104	55	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F60NCD
	20.0104	55	100	24V AC/DC	150-F60NCR
	20 /. 1/.7	90	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F85NCD
	29.4147	90	150	24V AC/DC	150-F85NCR
	47187	132	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F108NCD
	47107	152	150	24V AC/DC	150-F108NCR
	59234	160	200 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F135NCD
				24V AC/DC	150-F135NCR
	116348	250	350 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F201NCD
500 (kW)				24V AC/DC	150-F201NCR
575 (Hp)	145435	315	400	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F251NCD
				24V AC/DC	150-F251NCR
	183549	400	500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F317NCD
	100349			24V AC/DC	150-F317NCR
	208625	/50	600 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F361NCD
	200020	450		24V AC/DC	150-F361NCR
	277831	560	900	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F480NCD
	2//031	500	900	24V AC/DC	150-F480NCR
	283850	560	900	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NCE
	200000	300	300	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F625NCA
	300900	630	900	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NCE
	300900	630	900	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F780NCA
	/.OO 1000	000	1700	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NCE
	4001200	800	1300	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F970NCA
	E77 1000	1100	1600	110/120V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NCE
	5331600	1100	1000	230/240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-F1250NCA

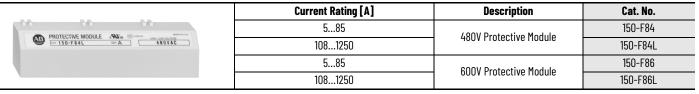
⁽¹⁾ Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC Flex controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.
(2) For controllers with 24V AC/DC control power, separate 120V or 240V single-phase power supply is required for fan operation.
(3) Devices rated 108 A and greater are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 41 for terminal lug kits.

Accessories



You must not place protective modules on the load (motor) side of an SMC Flex controller when using an inside-the-delta connection or with pump or braking control options.

Table 39 - Protective Modules⁽¹⁾



The same protective module mounts on the line or load side of the SMC Flex controller. Use of protective modules is highly recommended. For applications that require both line and load side protection, you must order two protective modules.

Table 40 - Terminal Lug Kits

	Connection	Current Range [A] ⁽¹⁾	Wire Size Range	Total No. of Termin	nal Lugs Possible Side	Pkg.	Cat. No.
	Type	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	Line Side	Load Side	Qty.	
		108135 ⁽²⁾	#6250 MCM AWG	3	3	3	199-LF1
		201251 ⁽²⁾	16 mm ² 120 mm ²	6	6	3	199-11
	Line	317480 ⁽²⁾	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LG1
	Line	625780	2/0500 MCM	6	6	3	100-DL630
		970	4/0500 MCM	3	3	3	100-DL860
		1250 ⁽³⁾	2/0500 MCM	3	3	3	100-DL630
			4/0500 MCM	3	3	3	100-DL860
	Delta	108135	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	1	6 ⁽⁴⁾		1494R-N15
		201251	1/0250 MCM AWG 50 mm ² 120 mm ²	2	12 ⁽⁴⁾		1494R-N14
		317480	3/0500 MCM AWG 95 mm ² 240 mm ²	1	12 ⁽⁵⁾		150-LGSMC
		625780	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6 ⁽⁶⁾	6	3	100-DL630
		9701250	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6 ⁽⁶⁾	6	3	100-DL860

Table 41 - IEC Line- or Load-side Terminal Covers

Description ⁽¹⁾	Current Range [A]	Pkg. Quantity	Cat. No.
Dead front protection	108135	1	150-TC1
IP2X finger safe when used with 250 MCM cable	201251	1	150-TC2
Dead front protection IP2X finger safe when used with 500 MCM cable	317480	1	150-TC3

^{(1) 5...85} A units have terminal guards as standard. No additional terminal guards are required.

^{5...85} A units have box lugs standard. No additional lugs are required.
When a multi-conductor lug is required, refer to the User Manual for appropriate lug catalog number.
The 1250 A device requires (1) 100-DL630 and (1) 100-DL860 per connection.
When connected in an inside-the-delta configuration, use Cat. No. 199-LF1 for load-side connections (T1...T6).
When connected in an inside-the-delta configuration, use Cat. No. 199-LG1 for load-side connections (T1...T6).
For 625...1250 A inside-the-delta connections, terminal blocks are required for line-side connections. For **fuse-protected** controllers, use Allen-Bradley Cat. No. 1492-BG (625...780 A devices: 2 per phase; 970...1250 A devices: 4 per phase). For **circuit breaker-protected** controllers, use Cooper Bussmann Cat. No. 16504-2 (625...780 A devices: 1 per phase; 970...1250 A devices: 2 per phase) devices, 2 per phase).

Table 42 - Human Interface Modules (HIMs) and Communication Modules

		Description		Cat. No.
Allern-Strastley	Hand-held HIM	LCD display, Full Numeric K	(eypad ⁽¹⁾	20-HIM-A6
	Door-mounted HIM	Remote (panel mount) LCD Display, Fu	ıll Numeric Keypad	20-HIM-C6S ⁽²⁾
		HIM Interface Cable, 1 m	(39 in)	20-HIM-H10
TTTTT		Cable Kit (Male-Female) 0.33	3 m (1.1 ft)	1202-H03
		Cable Kit (Male-Female) 1 m	n (3.3 ft)	1202-H10
7 9	HIM Interface Cables	Cable Kit (Male-Female) 3 n	n (9.8 ft)	1202-H30
1 3		Cable Kit (Male-Female) 9 m	(29.5 ft)	1202-H90
		DPI/SCANport™ One to Two Port	1203-803	
	Description	1	For Use With	Cat. No.
		RS-485 DF1 Communication Adapter		20-COMM-S
		PROFIBUS DP Communication Adapter		20-COMM-P
Allen-Bradley		ControlNet® Communication Adapter (Coax)		20-COMM-C
Ø-(€ 0		Modbus/TCP Communication Adapter		20-COMM-M
	Communication Modules	DeviceNet™ Communication Adapter	SMC Flex	20-COMM-D
(6) (6)		EtherNet/IP™ Communication Adapter		20-COMM-E
111111111111111111111111111111111111111		Dual-port EtherNet/IP Communication Adapter		20-COMM-ER
00000		HVAC Communication Adapter		20-COMM-H
		ControlNet Communication Adapter (Fiber)		20-C0MM-Q
Connected Components Work	bench™ Software		Windows 7/2000/XP/Vista	Available for download at rok.auto/ccw
DriveExecutive DriveTools™ SP ⁽⁴⁾		Programming Software	Windows 10/11 ⁽³⁾	9303-4DTE01ENE
				9303-4DTS01ENE
AnaCANda™ RS-232 to DPI		PC Interface	Serial	1203-SSS ⁽⁵⁾
DPI to USB		1 6 interface	USB	1203-USB ⁽⁶⁾

Require a 20-HIM-H10 cable to connect to the SMC Flex. A 3 m (9.8 ft.) Cat. No. 1202-C30 cable is provided. Connected Components Workbench software only. Includes DriveExecutive and DriveObserver™. Includes Cat. No. 1203-SFC and 1202-C10 cables. Includes Cat. No. 20-HIM-H10 and 22-HIM-H10 cables.

IMPORTANT

Carefully check current range, line voltage and control input voltage when selecting an upgrade kit. Not all control voltages or current ranges can be upgraded.

Table 43 - Upgrade Kits

Description	Kit Contents ⁽¹⁾	Rated Current [A]	Line Voltage [V AC]	Control Voltage ⁽²⁾	Cat. No.
	• 150-SCMD control module	108			150-S108UPGD
Frame 3 SMC Flex to SMC-50 controllers	• 150-SM4 digital I/O module • 20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM	135	200690	100240V AC	150-S135UPGD
with bypass upgrade kit	• 150-SCMR control module	108	200690	24V DC ⁽³⁾	150-S108UPGR ⁽⁴⁾
	• 20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM	135	200090	240 DC(6)	150-S135UPGR ⁽⁴⁾
			200480		150-S201UPGBD
	150-SCMD control module 150-SM4 digital I/O module 20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM Plastic mounting/transition cover	201	200575	24V DC ⁽³⁾	150-S201UPGCD
			200690		150-S201UPGUD
			200480		150-S251UPGBD
		251	200575		150-S251UPGCD
5 / 040 5/ 040 50 !!			200690		150-S251UPGUD
Frame 4 SMC Flex to SMC-50 controllers with bypass upgrade kit			200480		150-S201UPGBR ⁽⁴⁾
	• 150-SCMR control module	201	200575		150-S201UPGCR ⁽⁴⁾
	20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM		200690		150-S201UPGUR ⁽⁴⁾
	Plastic mounting/transition cover		200480		150-S251UPGBR ⁽⁴⁾
	00101	251	200575		150-S251UPGCR ⁽⁴⁾
			200690		150-S251UPGUR ⁽⁴⁾

Kit contains one of each catalog number listed.
 The SMC-50 control module provides two (2) 24V DC control inputs. If you need additional inputs, you must use 100...240V AC inputs (requires 150-SM4 option module).
 24V DC control voltage ONLY. Not compatible with 24V AC control voltage.
 Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

Specifications

Table 44 - SMC Flex Feature Specifications

Attr	ibute	Description			
Standard Features					
Installation	Power Wiring	standard squirrel-cage induction motor or a Wye-Delta, six-lead motor			
IIIStaliation	Control Wiring	2- and 3-wire control for a wide variety of applications			
	Keypad	Front keypad with backlit LCD display. Optional 20-HIM-A module can be connected using the available DPI port.			
Configuration/Setup	Software	parameter values are downloaded to the SMC Flex controller by using the Connected Components Workbench, DriveTools, and DriveExplorer programming software packages			
Communications		One DPI provided for connection to optional human interface and one DPI provided for connection to communication modules.			
Starting and Stopping Modes		Soft Start Current Limit Start Dual Ramp Full Voltage Linear Speed Acceleration Preset Slow Speed Soft Stop			
Protection and Diagnos	tics	Power loss, line fault, voltage unbalance, excessive starts/hour, phase reversal, undervoltage, overvoltage, controller temp, stall, jam, open gate, overload, underload, communication fault.			
Metering		Amps, volts, kW, kWh, MW, MWH, elapsed time, power factor, motor thermal capacity usage.			
Alarm Contact		Overload, underload, undervoltage, overvoltage, unbalance, jam, stall, and ground fault			
Status Indication		Stopped, starting, stopping, at speed, alarm, and fault.			
Auxiliary Contacts		Four fully programmable contacts as normal/up-to-speed/fault/alarm/network (N.O./N.C.), or external bypass (N.O. only).			
Optional Features					
Pump Control		Helps reduce fluid surges in centrifugal pumping systems during starting and stopping period. Starting time is adjustable from 030 s. Stopping time is adjustable from 0120 s.			
	SMB Smart Motor Braking	Provides motor braking without additional equipment for applications that require the motor to stop quickly. Braking current is adjustable from 0400% of the motor's full-load current rating.			
Braking Control ⁽¹⁾	Accu-Stop	Provides controlled position stopping. During stopping, braking torque is applied to the motor until it reaches preset slow speed (7% or 15% of rated speed) and holds the motor at this speed until a stop command is given. Braking torque is then applied until the motor reaches zero speed. Braking current is programmable from 0450% of full-load current.			
	Slow Speed with Braking	Used on applications that require slow speed (in the forward direction) for positioning or alignment and also require braking control to stop.			

⁽¹⁾ Not intended to be used as an emergency stop. See the applicable standards for emergency stop requirements.

Table 45 - Power and Control Circuit Ratings

Attribute	Device Rating	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC			
Power Circuit						
	480V	200480V AC (-15%, +10%)	200415V			
Rated Operation Voltage	600V	200600V AC (-15%, +10%)	200500V			
	690V	230600V AC (-15%, +10%)	230690V/Y (-15%, +10%)			
	480V		500V			
Rated Insulation Voltage	600V	_	500V			
	690V		690V			
	480V					
Rated Impulse Voltage	600V	_	6000V			
	690V					
	480V					
Dielectric Withstand	600V	2200V AC	2500V			
	690V					
	480V	1400V	1400V			
Repetitive Peak Inverse Voltage Rating	600V	1600V	1600V			
Nating	690V	1800V	1800V			
Operating Frequency	All	Ę	50/60 Hz			
Hallingation Codemons	5480 A	MG 1	AC-53b:3.0-50:1750			
Utilization Category	6251250 A	MG 1	AC-53b:3.0-50:3550			
	585 A		IP20			
Protection Against Electrical Shock	108480 A	_	IP2X (with terminal covers)			
Ollock	6251250 A		IPOO (open device)			
DV/DT Ducks skip in	480V and 600V	RC Snubber Network				
DV/DT Protection	690V	None				
Transient Protection	480V and 600V	Metal Oxide Varist	ors: 220 Joules (optional)			
Transient Protection	690V		None			
Control Circuit						
D . 10 .: 1V !: (1)	5480 A	100240V	AC or 24V AC/DC			
Rated Operational Voltage ⁽¹⁾	6251250 A	110/120V AC	C and 230/240V AC			
Rated Insulation Voltage	All	_	240V			
Rated Impulse Voltage	All	_	3000V			
Dielectric Withstand	All	1600V AC	2000V			
Operating Frequency	All	Ę	50/60 Hz			
Input on-state voltage minimum		85V AC, 19.2V DC / 20.4V AC				
Input on-state current		20 mA @120V AC / 40 mA @ 240V AC, 7.6 mA @ 24V AC/DC				
Input off-state voltage maximum		50V AC, 10V DC / 12V AC				
Input off-state current @ input off-state voltage		<10 mA AC, <3 mA DC				

⁽¹⁾ $\,$ 690V power is only available with 100...240V control.

Table 46 - Short-circuit Protection Performance, 200...600V, Type 1 Coordination $^{(1)(2)}$

SCCR List ⁽³⁾	Device Rating	Max. Standard Available Fault	Max. Standard Fuse [A] ⁽⁴⁾	Max. Standard Available Fault	Max. Circuit Breaker [A]
	5	5 kA	20	5 kA	20
	25	5 kA	100	5 kA	100
	43	10 kA	150	10 kA	150
	60	10 kA	225	10 kA	225
	85	10 kA	300	10 kA	300
	108	10 kA	400	10 kA	300
	135	10 kA	500	10 kA	400
Line Device Operational	201	18 kA	600	18 kA	600
Current Rating [A]	251	18 kA	700	18 kA	700
	317	30 kA	800	30 kA	800
	361	30 kA	1000	30 kA	1000
	480	42 kA	1200	42 kA	1200
	625	42 kA	1600	42 kA	1600
	780	42 kA	1600	42 kA	2000
	970	85 kA	2500	85 kA	2500
	1250	85 kA	3000	85 kA	3200
	8.7	5 kA	35	5 kA	35
	43	5 kA	150	5 kA	150
	74	10 kA	300	10 kA	300
	104	10 kA	400	10 kA	400
	147	10 kA	400	10 kA	400
	187	10 kA	600	10 kA	500
	234	10 kA	700	10 kA	700
	348	18 kA	1000	18 kA	1000
Delta Device Operational Current Rating [A]	435	18 kA	1200	18 kA	1200
ourrone nating [A]	549	30 kA	1600	30 kA	1600
	625	30 kA	1600	30 kA	1600
	831	42 kA	1600	30 kA	1600
	831	42 kA	1600	42 kA	1200
	850	42 kA	1600	42 kA	2000
	900	42 kA	1600	42 kA	2000
	1200	85 kA	3000	85 kA	3200
	1600	85 kA	3000	85 kA	3200

Type 1 performance/protection indicates that, under a short-circuit condition, the fuse- or circuit breaker-protected starter shall cause no damage to persons or the installation but it may Type i periodinal manager protected influences that, under a share condition, the lase of check bleaker protected starter share asset on the suitable for further service without repair or replacement. For short-circuit current rating (SCCR) information for an enclosed panel with external bypass or isolation contactor, see $\underline{\text{rok.auto/sccr.}}$ Consult local codes for proper sizing of short circuit protection.

Non-time delay fuses (K5 - 5...480A (8.7...831 A) devices; Class L - 625...1250A (850...1600 A) devices).

Table 47 - Short-circuit Protection Performance, 200...600V, Type 1 Coordination

SCPD	Performance ⁽¹⁾		Type 1 Ratings ⁽²⁾					
Motor		Current	Class J or Class L I	use ⁽³⁾	Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker 480V, 65 kA Max.			
Connection Type Cat. No.		Current Rating [A]	Max. High Capacity Available Fault (600V) [kA]	Max. Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	Cat. No.	Rating Plug Cat. No.	
	150-F5N	5		10				
	150-F25N	25		50				
	150-F43N	43		90		Pending		
	150-F60N	60		125				
	150-F85N	85	70	175				
	150-F108N	108		200	300	140G-K6F3-D30	_	
	150-F135N	135		225	400	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
Line Connection	150-F201N	201		350	600	140G-M6F3-D60	-	
Line Connection	150-F251N	251		400	700	140G-M6F3-D80	-	
	150-F317N	317		500	800	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP-D80	
	150-F361N	361	69	600	1000	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP-E10	
	150-F480N	480		800	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-F625N	625	7/	1600	Pending			
	150-F780N	780	74	1600				
	150-F970N	970	OF.	2500	- renaing			
	150-F1250N	1250	85	3000				
	150-F5N	8.7		17.5				
	150-F25N	43		90				
	150-F43N	74		150		Pending		
	150-F60N	104		200	·			
	150-F85N	147	70	200				
	150-F108N	187		300	400	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
	150-F135N	234		400	400	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
Inside-the-Delta	150-F201N	348		600	800	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
Connection	150-F251N	435		800	800	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
	150-F317N	549		1000	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-F361N	625	69	1200	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-F480N	831		1600	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_	
	150-F625N	850	74	1600				
	150-F780N	900]	1600	Pending			
	150-F970N	1200	85	3000				
	150-F1250N	1600	υυ	3000				

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, refer to UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.
 High Capacity fault ratings when used with time delay Class J or time delay Class L fuse.

Table 48 - Short-circuit Protection Performance, 690V, Type 1 Coordination⁽¹⁾

SCCR List ⁽²⁾	Device Rating	Max. Standard Available Fault	Max. Ampere Tested — North American Style	Max. Ampere Tested — European Style
	108	70 kA	A070URD33xxx500	6,9 gRB 73xxx400 6,6URD33xxx500
	135	70 kA	A070URD33xxx500	6,9 gRB 73xxx400 6,6URD33xxx500
	201	70 kA	A070URD33xxx700	6,9 gRB 73xxx630 6,6URD33xxx700
	251	70 kA	A070URD33xxx700	6,9 gRB 73xxx630 6,6URD33xxx700
Maximum FLC	317	70 kA	A070URD33xxx900	6,9 gRB 73xxx800 6,6URD33xxx900
	361	70 kA	A070URD33xxx900	6,9 gRB 73xxx800 6,6URD33xxx900
	480	70 kA	A070D33xxx1250 A100URD73xxx1250	9 URD 73xxx1250 6,6URD33xxx1250
	625	70 kA	A070URD33xxx1400	6,6URD33xxx1400
	780	70 kA	A070URD33xxx1400	6,6URD33xxx1400
	970	85 kA	Two fuses in parallel A070URD33xxx1250	Two fuses in parallel 6,6URD33xxx1250
	1250	85 kA	Two fuses in parallel A070URD33xxx1250	Two fuses in parallel 6,6URD33xxx1250

Type 1 performance/protection indicates that, under a short-circuit condition, the fuse- or circuit breaker-protected starter shall cause no damage to persons or the installation but it may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement.

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short circuit protection.

Table 49 - Power Requirements

	Device Rating [A]	Control Power	Description	
		100240V AC (-15%, +10%)	Transformer	75 VA
		24V AC (-15%, +10%)	Transformer	130 VA
		24V DC (-15%, +10%)	Inrush Current	5 A
	1480		Inrush Time	250 ms
Control Module	1400		Transient Watts	60 W
			Transient Time	500 ms
			Steady State Watts	24 W
			Minimum Allen-Bradley Power Supply	1606-XLP50E
	6251250	751 VA (recommended 800 VA)		
			5135 A, 20 VA	
		201251 A, 40 VA		
Heatsink Fan(s) ⁽¹⁾			317480 A, 60 VA	
		6251250 A, 150 VA		

⁽¹⁾ Heatsink fans can be powered by either 110/120V AC or 220/240V AC.

Table 50 - Steady-state Heat Dissipation

Controller Rating [A]	Steady-state Heat Dissipation with Control and Fan Power [W]
5	70
25	70
43	81
60	97
85	129
108	91
135	104
201	180

Controller Rating [A]	Steady-state Heat Dissipation with Control and Fan Power [W]
251	198
317	225
361	245
480	290
625	446
780	590
970	812
1250	1222

Table 51 - Auxiliary Contact Ratings

Contact Type	Attribute	Value	
	Type of Control Circuit	Electromagnetic relay	
	Number of Contacts	1	
Auxiliary Contacts	Type of Contacts	programmable N.O./N.C.	
19/20 (Aux #1)	Type of Current	AC	
29/30 (Aux #2) 31/32 (Aux #3)	Rated Operational Current	3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC	
33/34 (Aux #4)	Conventional Thermal Current I_{th} AC/DC	5 A	
	Make/Break VA	3600/360	
	Utilization Category	AC-15/DC	

Table 52 - Input Ratings

Input Type	Attribute	Value	
	Response Resistance	3400 Ω ± 150 Ω	
	Reset Resistance	1600 Ω ±100 Ω	
	Short-circuit Trip Resistance	25 Ω ±10 Ω	
DTC Input Detings	Max. Voltage at PTC Terminals (RPTC = 4 kΩ)	< 7.5V	
PTC Input Ratings	Max. Voltage at PTC Terminals (RPTC = open)	30V	
	Max. No. of Sensors.	6	
	Max. Cold Resistance of PTC Sensor Chain	1500 Ω	
	Response Time	800 ms	
Tachometer Input		05V DC, 4.5V DC = 100% Speed	

Table 53 - Environmental Ratings

Attribute	Value	
Operating Temperature Range	-5+50 °C (23+122 °F) (open); -5+40 °C (23+104 °F) (enclosed)	
Storage and Transportation Temperature Range	-20+75 °C (-4+167 °F)	
Altitude	2000 m (6560 ft) ⁽¹⁾	
Humidity	595% (noncondensing)	
Pollution Degree	2	

The product's allowable operational ambient temperature must be derated by -3 °C (-27 °F) per 1000 m (3280 ft.). Maximum operating altitude is 7000 m (23,000 ft.). Current rating of the SMC Flex does not change for altitudes that require a lower ambient temperature.

Table 54 - Mechanical Ratings

Attribute		Device Rating	Value	
	Operational	All	1.0 G Peak, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement	
Resistance to Vibration	Non-Operational	5480 A	2.5 G Peak, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) displacement	
	Null-uperational	6251250 A	1.0 G Peak, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) displacement	
		585 A	15 G	
	Operational	108480 A	5.5 G	
Resistance to Shock		6251250 A	4 G	
Resistance to Shock		585 A	30 G	
	Non-Operational	108480 A	25 G	
		6251250 A	12 G	
Construction	Power Poles	585 A	Heatsink thyristor modular design	
	Power Poles	1081250 A	Heatsink hockey puck thyristor modular design	
	Control Modules	•	Thermoset and Thermoplastic Moldings	
	Metal Parts		Plated Brass, Copper, or Painted Steel	

Table 55 - Power and Control Terminals

Attribute	Device Rating	Value		
Attribute	Device Ratility	Line Side	Load side	
	585 A	Cable size — Upper — 2.595 mm² (143/0 AWG) Lower — 0.82.5 mm² (1814 AWG)	Cable size — Upper — 2.550 mm² (141 AWG) Lower — 0.82.5 mm² (1814 AWG)	
D T	S55 //	Tightening torque — 14.7 N•m (130 lb•in) Wire strip length—1820 mm (0.220.34 in.)		
Power Terminals	108135 A	One M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole		
	201251 A	Two M10 x 1.5 diameter holes per power pole		
	317480 A	Two M12 x 1.75 diameter holes per power pole		
	6251250 A	Two 13.5 mm (0.53 in.) diameter holes per power pole		
Power Terminal Marking	JS .	NEMA, CENEL	EC EN50 012	
Control Terminals	M3 screw clamp	Clamping yoke connection		

Table 56 - EMC Emission Ratings

	Attribute	Value
EMC Emission Levels	Conducted Radio Frequency Emissions	Class A
ELIC EIIII221011 FEAGI2	Radiated Emissions	Class A
	Electrostatic Discharge	8 kV Air Discharge
EMC Immunity Levels	Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2
Elic illillidility Levels	Fast Transient	Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2
	Surge Transient	Per EN/IEC 60947-4-2

Table 57 - Overload Characteristics

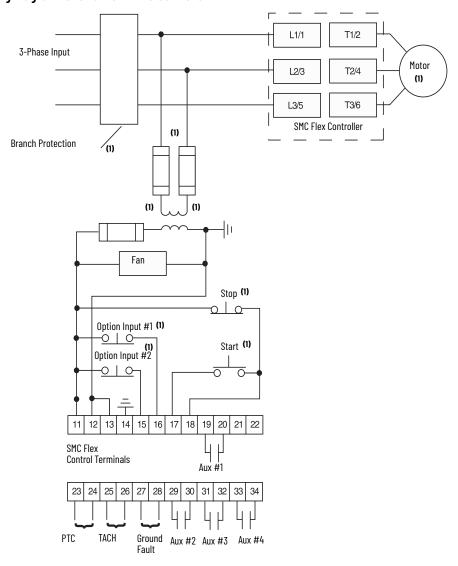
Current Range [A]	Line-connected Controllers	Delta-connected Controllers
5	15	1.79
25	525	8.643
43	8.643	14.875
60	1260	20.8104
85	1785	29.4147
108	27108	47187
135	34135	59234
201	67201	116348
251	84251	145435
317	106317	183549
361	120361	208625
480	160480	277831
625	208625	283850
780	260780	300900
970	323970	4001200
1250	4161250	5331600
Trip Classes	10, 15, 20, and 30	
Trip Current Rating	117% of Motor FLC	
Number of Poles	3	

Table 58 - Standards Compliance and Certifications

Standards Compliance	Certifications
UL 508	cULus Listed (Open Type) (File No. E96956, Guides NMFT, NMFT7)
CSA C22.2 No.14	CSA Certified (File No. LR 1234)
EN/IEC 60947-1	CE Marked
EN/IEC 60947-4-2	CCC Certified

Typical Wiring Diagrams

Figure 12 - Wiring Diagram for SMC Flex—Line Controller

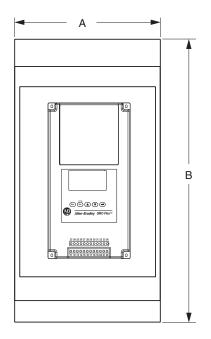


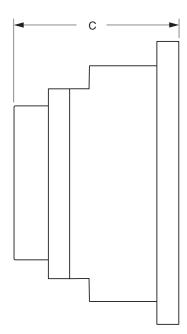
Note	Information
1	Customer supplied

Approximate Dimensions and Shipping Weights

Dimensions are in millimeters (inches). Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.

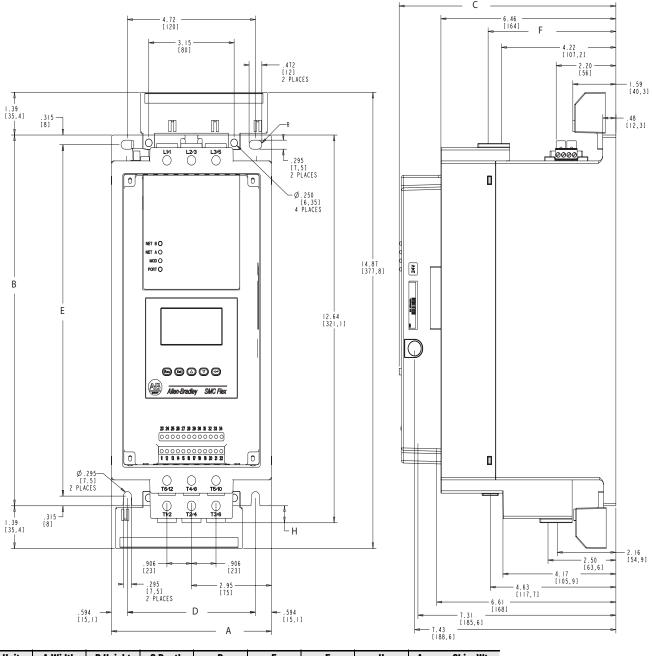
Open Controllers





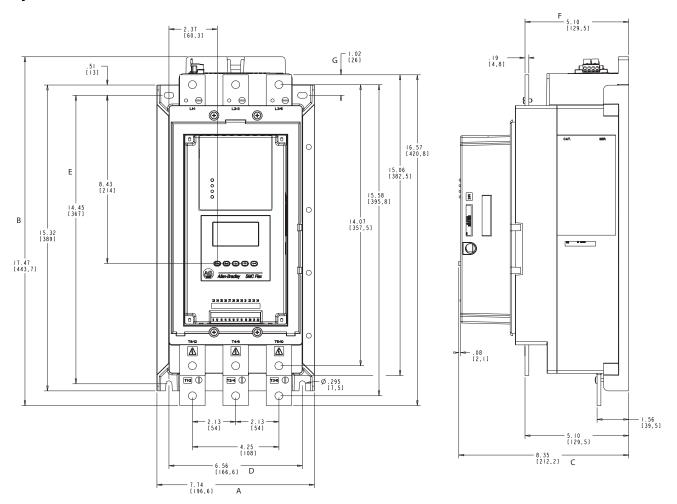
Rated Current [A]	B Height	A Width	C Depth	Weight
585	321.0 (12.60)	150.0 (5.90)	203.0 (8.00)	5.7 kg (12.5 lb)
108135	443.7 (17.47)	196.4 (7.74)	212.2 (8.35)	15.0 kg (33.0 lb)
201251	560.0 (22.05)	225.0 (8.86)	253.8 (9.99)	30.4 kg (67.0 lb)
317480	600.0 (23.62)	290.0 (11.42)	276.5 (10.89)	45.8 kg (101 lb)
625780	1041.1 (41.00)	596.9 (23.50)	346.2 (13.63)	179 kg (395 lb)
9701250	1041.1 (41.00)	596.9 (23.50)	346.2 (13.63)	224 kg (495 lb)

Figure 13 - 5...85 A Controllers



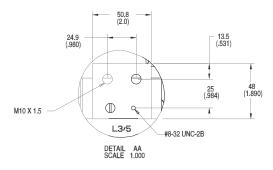
Unit	A Width	B Height	C Depth	D	E	F	Н	Approx. Ship. Wt.
mm	150.1	307	203.1	120	291	119.8	14.1	5.7 kg
in.	5.91	12.09	8.00	4.72	11.46	4.72	0.56	12.6 lb.

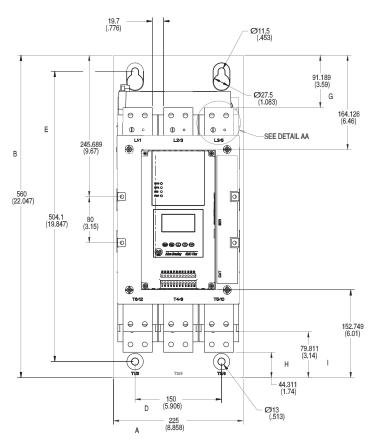
Figure 14 - 108...135 A Controllers

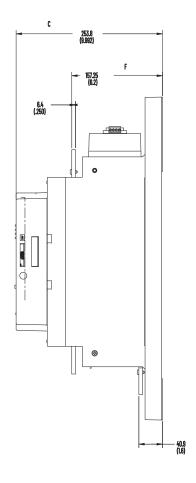


Unit	A Width	B Height	C Depth	D	E	F	G	Approx. Ship. Wt.
mm	196.4	443.7	212.2	166.6	367	129.5	26	15 kg
in.	7.74	17.47	8.35	6.56	14.45	5.10	1.02	33 lb.

Figure 15 - 201...251 A Controllers

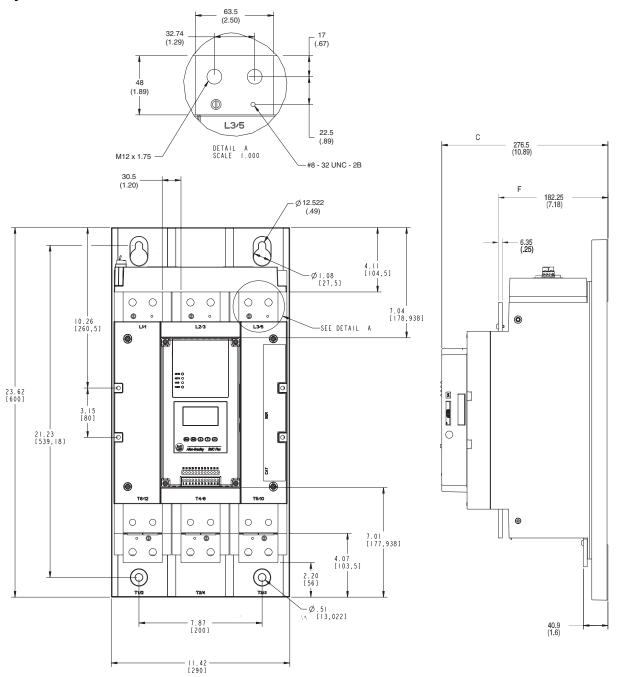






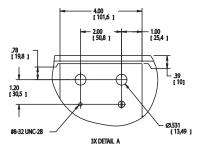
Unit	A Width	B Height	C Depth	D	E	F	G	Н		Approx. Ship. Wt.
mm	225	560	253.8	150	504.1	157.25	91.189	44.311	79.811	30.4 kg
in.	8.858	22.047	9.992	5.906	19.847	6.2	3.59	1.74	3.14	67 lb.

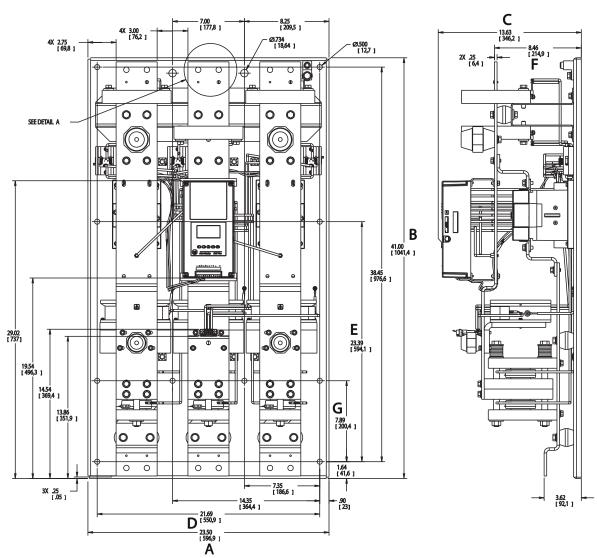
Figure 16 - Dimensions: 317...480 A Controllers



Unit	A Width	B Height	C Depth	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	Approx. Ship. Wt.
mm	290	600	276.5	200	539.18	182.25	104.5	55.5	103.5	45.8 kg
in.	11.42	23.62	10.89	7.87	21.23	7.18	4.11	2.19	4.07	101 lb.

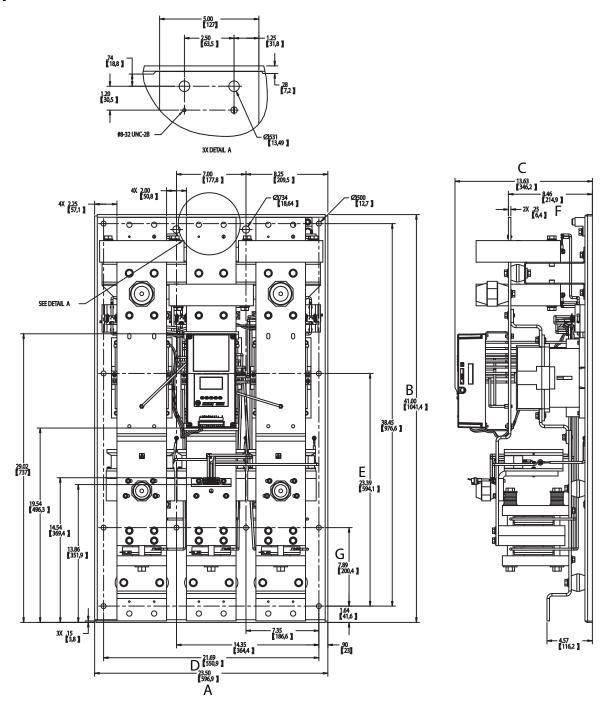
Figure 17 - Dimensions: 625...780 A Controllers





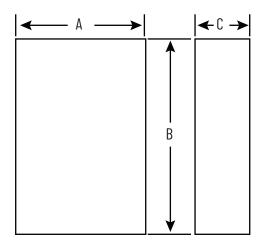
Unit	A Width	B Height	C Depth	D	E	F	G	Approx. Ship. Wt.
mm	596.9	1041.4	346.2	550.9	594.1	214.9	200.4	179 kg
in.	23.5	41.0	13.63	21.69	23.39	8.46	7.89	395 lb.

Figure 18 - 970...1250 A Controllers



Unit	A Width	B Height	C Depth	D	E	F	G	Approx. Ship. Wt.
mm	596.9	1041.4	346.2	550.9	594.1	214.9	200.4	224 kg
in.	23.5	41.0	13.63	21.69	23.39	8.46	7.89	495 lb.

Figure 19 - Minimum Enclosure Size



Rated Current [A]	B Height [mm (in.)]	A Width [mm (in.)]	C Depth [mm (in.)]
5	610 (24)	406 (16)	254 (10)
25	25 610 (24)		254 (10)
43	610 (24)	406 (16)	254 (10)
60	610 (24)	406 (16)	254 (10)
85	610 (24)	406 (16)	254 (10)
108	762 (30)	610 (24)	305 (12)
135	762 (30)	610 (24)	305 (12)
201	965 (38)	762 (30)	356 (14)
251	965 (38)	762 (30)	356 (14)
317	1295 (51)	914 (36)	356 (14)
361	1295 (51)	914 (36)	356 (14)
480	1295 (51)	914 (36)	356 (14)
625	2286 (90)	762 (30)	508 (20)
780	2286 (90)	762 (30)	508 (20)
970 ⁽¹⁾	2286 (90)	762 (30)	508 (20)
1250 ⁽¹⁾	2286 (90)	762 (30)	508 (20)

^{(1) 970} and 1250 A SMC Flex controllers require a door-mounted fan that is capable of delivering 240 cfm. Appropriate inlet and outlet filtering is required.

The SMC-50 controller has a scalable design, allowing you the flexibility to satisfy a wide variety of control needs. Advanced monitoring and protection, superior communications capabilities, and Energy Saver mode help increase efficiency and reduce downtime. Three-phase control, built-in overload, removable control module and removable terminal blocks are combined in a cost-effective package with your choice of internal bypass or solid-state power structures. Normal- and heavy-duty ratings, expandable I/O and sensor capability, LCD screen or personal computer software setup and network integration capabilities increase application scalability.

Modes of operation include the following:

- Soft Start
- Current Limit Start
- Selectable Kickstart
- Coast-to-rest
- Soft Stop
- Full Voltage Start
- Dual Ramp Start

- Pump Start
- Preset Slow Speed
- Pump Stop
- Smart Motor Braking
- Accu-Stop
- Slow Speed with Braking
- Resistive Load

- Sensorless Linear Speed Acceleration
- Sensorless Linear Speed Deceleration
- Torque Control
- Integral Motor Winding Heater
- Energy Saver
- Emergency Run
- · External Bypass

Catalog Number Explanation

Examples that are given in this section are not intended to be used for product selection. Use ProposalWorks software to configure the SMC-50 controller. ProposalWorks software is available from rok.auto/systemtools.

	a					
	Bulletin Number					
Code	Description					
150-S SMC-50 Motor Controller						

	b							
	Controller Type and Rating							
SMC-50	Controller with Internal Bypass	Solid-	state SMC-50 Controller					
Code	Description	Code	Description					
108	108 A with Internal Bypass	B1	90 A					
135	135 A with Internal Bypass	B2	110 A					
201	201 A with Internal Bypass	В3	140 A					
251	251 A with Internal Bypass	В4	180 A					
317	317 A with Internal Bypass	C1	210 A					
361	361 A with Internal Bypass	C2	260 A					
480	480 A with Internal Bypass	C3	320 A					
•		D1	361 A					
		D2	420 A					
		D3	520 A					

	С					
	Enclosure Type					
Code	Description					
N	Open					

d						
Line Voltage						
Code	Description					
В	200480V AC, 3-Phase, 50 and 60 Hz					
U	200690V AC, 3-Phase, 50 and 60 Hz					

е						
Control Voltage						
Code	Description					
D	100240V AC (two 24V DC inputs and two relay outputs standard)					
R	24V DC (two 24V DC inputs and two relay outputs standard)					

Product Selection— SMC-50 Controller with Internal Bypass

For Use with Line-connected Motors

Utilization Category: AC-53b:3.0-50:1750. Start Not to Exceed: 300% of the controller maximum current rating, 50 second start time, two starts per hour with 50 °C (122 °F) surrounding air ambient temperature.



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See <u>Sizing and Selection Tools</u> for more information. For additional assistance, visit <u>rok.auto</u> or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at <u>raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</u> or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 59 - 200/208V AC and 230V AC SMC-50 Controllers with Internal Bypass for use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	27108	_	30	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NBD
	27100	_	30	24V DC	150-S108NBR
	34135		40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NBD
	ა41ან	_	40	24V DC	150-S135NBR
	67201		60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NBD
	07201	_	00	24V DC	150-S201NBR
200/208	84251		75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NBD
200/200	04201	_	/5	24V DC	150-S251NBR
	106317		100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NBD
	100317	_	100	24V DC	150-S317NBR
	120361		125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NBD
	120301	_		24V DC	150-S361NBR
	160480	-	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NBD
				24V DC	150-S480NBR
	27108	27108 30	40	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NBD
				24V DC	150-S108NBR
	7/ 175	.135 37	50 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NBD
	ა41ან			24V DC	150-S135NBR
	67 001	55	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NBD
	67201	55	/5	24V DC	150-S201NBR
070	0/ 051	75	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NBD
230	84251	75	100	24V DC	150-S251NBR
	100 717	00	105	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NBD
	106317	90	125	24V DC	150-S317NBR
	100 701	110	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NBD
	120361	110	150	24V DC	150-S361NBR
	100 /00	170	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NBD
	160480	132	200	24V DC	150-S480NBR

⁽¹⁾ Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

⁽²⁾ For controllers with 24V DC control power, consult your local Rockwell Automation sale office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

⁽³⁾ Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See <u>page 76</u> for terminal lug kits.

Table 60 - 400/415/460V AC, 500/575V AC, and 690V AC SMC-50 Controllers with Internal Bypass for use with Line-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
400/415 (kW) 460 (Hp)	27 100	55	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NBD
	27108	ວວ	75	24V DC	150-S108NBR
	7/ 175	70	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NBD
	34135	75	100	24V DC	150-\$135NBR
	07 001	110	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NBD
	67201	110	150	24V DC	150-S201NBR
	0/ 051	170	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NBD
	84251	132	200	24V DC	150-S251NBR
	100 717	100	050	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NBD
	106317	160	250	24V DC	150-S317NBR
	100 701	000	700	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NBD
	120361	200	300	24V DC	150-S361NBR
	100 /00	250 400 —	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NBD	
	160480	250	75	150-S480NBR	
	07, 100	75	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NUD
	27108	75	100	24V DC	150-S108NUR
	7/ 175	90	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NUD
	34135			24V DC	150-S135NUR
	67201	132	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NUD
				24V DC	150-S201NUR
500 (kW)	84251	160	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NUD
575 (Hp)				24V DC	150-S251NUR
	100 717	000	24V DC 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V DC 132 200 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V DC 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V DC 24V DC 24V DC 24V DC 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V DC 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V DC 100240V AC, 50/60 Hz 24V DC	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NUD
	106317	200		24V DC	150-S317NUR
	100 701	050		100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NUD
	120361	250	350	24V DC	150-S361NUR
	100 /00	745	500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NUD
	160480	315	500	24V DC	150-S480NUR
	07, 100	00	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NUD
	27108	90	100	24V DC	150-S108NUR
	7/ 475	170	24V DC 200 24V DC 24V DC 250 24V DC 250 24V DC 300 24V DC 300 300 350 350 350 350 350 350 350 360 370 370 380 380 380 380 380 380 380 380 380 38	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NUD
	34135	132	1/5	24V DC	150-S135NUR
				100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NUD
	67201	160	200	24V DC	150-S201NUR
690/Y (kW) ⁽⁴⁾	2/ 25		252	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NUD
600 (Hp)	84251	200	250		150-S251NUR
-	100 777	7	465		150-S317NUD
	106317	315	400		150-S317NUR
					150-S361NUD
	120361	355	450		150-S361NUR
					150-S480NUD
	160480	450	600		150-S480NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.
For controllers with 24V DC control power, consult your local Rockwell Automation sale office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 76 for terminal lug kits. To be used only in a Y-type system.

For Use with Delta-connected Motors

Utilization Category: AC-53b:3.0-50:1750. Start Not to Exceed: 300% of the controller maximum current rating, 50 second start time, two starts per hour with 50 °C (122 °F) surrounding air ambient temperature.



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See <u>Sizing and Selection Tools</u> for more information. For additional assistance, visit <u>rok.auto</u> or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at <u>raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</u> or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 61 - 200/208V AC and 230V AC SMC-50 Controllers with Internal Bypass for use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	47187		60	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NBD
	4/107	_	00	24V DC	150-S108NBR
	59234		75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NBD
	ეყ∠ა4	_	/5	24V DC	150-S135NBR
	116348		100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NBD
	110340	_	100	24V DC	150-S201NBR
200/208	145435		150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NBD
200/200	145455	_	150	24V DC	150-S251NBR
	183549		200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NBD
	165549	_	200	24V DC	150-S317NBR
	200 625		200 -	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NBD
	208625	_		24V DC	150-S361NBR
	277831	-	300	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NBD
				24V DC	150-S480NBR
	47187	FF	00	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NBD
	4/107	55	60	24V DC	150-S108NBR
	E0 27/	75	75	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NBD
	59234	/5	/5	24V DC	150-S135NBR
	116348	110	100	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NBD
	110340	110		24V DC	150-S201NBR
230	145435	132	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NBD
230	145435	132	150	24V DC	150-S251NBR
	107 5/0	100	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NBD
	183549	160	200	24V DC	150-S317NBR
	208625	200	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NBD
	200020	200	200	24V DC	150-S361NBR
	277831	250	300	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NBD
	2//٥٥١	250	งบบ	24V DC	150-S480NBR

⁽¹⁾ Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

^[2] For controllers with 24V DC control power, consult your local Rockwell Automation sale office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

⁽³⁾ Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See <u>page 76</u> for terminal lug kits.

Table 62 - 400/415/460V AC and 500/575V AC SMC-50 Controllers with Internal Bypass for use with Delta-connected Motors

Rated Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Max. kW, 50 Hz	Max. Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power ⁽²⁾	Cat. No. ⁽³⁾
	47187	90	125	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NBD
	47107	30	125	24V DC	150-S108NBR
	59234	132	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NBD
	J9ZJ4	132	150	24V DC	150-S135NBR
	116348	160	250	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NBD
	110540	100	250	24V DC	150-S201NBR
400/415 (kW)	145435	250	350	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NBD
460 (Hp)	145405	250	330	24V DC	150-S251NBR
	183549	315	450	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NBD
	103348	313	450	24V DC	150-S317NBR
	208625	355	500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NBD
	200023	ათ	500	24V DC	150-S361NBR
	277831	450	700	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NBD
				24V DC	150-S480NBR
	47187	132	150	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S108NUD
		132		24V DC	150-S108NUR
	59234	160	200	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S135NUD
	J9ZJ4	IDU		24V DC	150-S135NUR
	116348	250	350	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S201NUD
	110340	250	ათ	24V DC	150-S201NUR
500 (kW)	145435	315	400	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S251NUD
575 (Hp)	145455	313	400	24V DC	150-S251NUR
	183549	400	500	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S317NUD
	100348	400	500	24V DC	150-S317NUR
	208625	450	600	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S361NUD
	200023	400	000	24V DC	150-S361NUR
	277831	EGO	900	100240V AC, 50/60 Hz	150-S480NUD
	2//٥١١	560	300	24V DC	150-S480NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

For controllers with 24V DC control power, consult your local Rockwell Automation sale office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability. Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Product Selection—SMC-50 Solid-state Controller

For Use with Line-connected Motors

Normal/Standard Duty Ratings (applications include pumps, compressors, elevators, and short conveyors)

Utilization Category: AC-53a:3.5-10:99-2. Start Not to Exceed: 350% of the controller maximum current rating, 10 second start time, 99% ON load factor, two starts per hour with 40 °C (104 °F) surrounding air ambient temperature.



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See <u>Sizing and Selection Tools</u> for more information. For additional assistance, visit <u>rok.auto</u> or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at <u>raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</u> or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 63 - 200/208V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors, Normal/Standard Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	7000		10. 05	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NBD
	3090		1025	24V DC	150-SB1NBR
	37110		1530	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
	37110		1550	24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	47140		2040	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	4/140		2040	24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	£0. 100		3E 60	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	60180	_	2560	24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	70210		2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
200/208				24V DC	150-SC1NBR
200/200	87260		3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
				24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	107320		40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
				24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	120361		50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	120301		30123	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	140420		50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	140420		30130	24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	174520		75150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
	1/4520		75150	24V DC	150-SD3NBR

⁽¹⁾ Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

⁽²⁾ Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 76 for terminal lug kits.

Table 64 - 230V AC and 400/415/460V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors, Normal/Standard Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	70 00	1025	15 70	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NBD
	3090	1025	1530	24V DC	150-SB1NBR
	77 110	11 70	15 / 0	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
	37110	1132	1540	24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	/7 1/0	15 /5	00 50	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	47140	1545	2050	24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	00 100	10 5 55	05 00	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	60180	18.555	2560	24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	70.010	00 07	70 75	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
070	70210	2263	3075	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
230	07 000	70.00	/0.100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
	87260	3080	40100	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	107 700	77 100	FO 10F	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	107320	37100	50125	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	100 701	/0.110	FO 1FO	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	120361	40110	50150	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	140420	45132	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
				24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	174520	63160	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
				24V DC	150-SD3NBR
	3090	1750	2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NBD
				24V DC	150-SB1NBR
	37110	2055	3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
				24V DC	150-SB2NBR
		3075	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	47140			24V DC	150-SB3NBR
		3790	50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	60180			24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	70.010	/0.110		100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
400/415 (kW)	70210	40110	60150	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
460 (Hp)	07 000	FO 170	75 000	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
	87260	50132	75200	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	107 700	07 100	100 050	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	107320	63160	100250	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	100 701	75 000	100 700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	120361	75200	100300	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	1/0 /00	00 000	105 750	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	140420	80220	125350	24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	17/ 500	100 700	150 /50	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
	174520	100300	150450	24V DC	150-SD3NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Table 65 - 500/575V AC and 690V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors, Normal/Standard Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	70.00	00 07	70 75	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NUD
	3090	2063	3075	24V DC	150-SB1NUR
	77 110	0F 7F	/0.100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NUD
	37110	2575	40100	24V DC	150-SB2NUR
		70.00	FO. 10F	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NUD
	47140	3290	50125	24V DC	150-SB3NUR
	00 100	/F 10F	00 100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NUD
	60180	45125	60150	24V DC	150-SB4NUR
	70. 010	FO. 1FO	75 000	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NUD
500 (kW)	70210	50150	75200	24V DC	150-SC1NUR
575 (Hp)	07, 000	07 105	100 000	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NUD
	87260	63185	100250	24V DC	150-SC2NUR
	107 700	75 000	105 700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NUD
	107320	75220	125300	24V DC	150-SC3NUR
	100 701	00 050	105 750	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NUD
	120361	90250	125350	24V DC	150-SD1NUR
	1/0 /00	100300	150450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NUD
	140420			24V DC	150-SD2NUR
	174520	125375	200500	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NUD
				24V DC	150-SD3NUR
	3090	3080	3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NUD
				24V DC	150-SB1NUR
	37110	37100	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NUD
				24V DC	150-SB2NUR
		45132	50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NUD
	47140			24V DC	150-SB3NUR
	00 100	63160	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NUD
	60180			24V DC	150-SB4NUR
	70 010	75 000	75 000	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NUD
690/Y (kW) ⁽³⁾	70210	75200	75200	24V DC	150-SC1NUR
600 (Hp)	07, 000	00 050	100 000	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NUD
	87260	90250	100250	24V DC	150-SC2NUR
	107 700	110 715	105 700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NUD
	107320	110315	125300	24V DC	150-SC3NUR
	100 701	105 755	105 750	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NUD
	120361	125355	125350	24V DC	150-SD1NUR
	1/0 /00	100 /00	150 /50	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NUD
	140420	160400	150450	24V DC	150-SD2NUR
	17/ 500	105 500	000 500	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NUD
	174520	185500	200500	24V DC	150-SD3NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

To be used only in a Y-type system.

Heavy-duty Ratings (applications include centrifugal fans, crushers, mixers, and long conveyors)

Utilization Category: AC-53a:3.5-30:99-1. Start Not to Exceed: 350% of the controller maximum current rating, 30 second start time, 99% ON load factor, one start per hour with 50 °C (122 °F) surrounding air ambient temperature.



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See Sizing and Selection Tools for more information. For additional assistance, visit rok.auto or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 66 - 200/208V AC and 230V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors, Heavy Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	3090		1025	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
	3090		1025	24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	37110		1530	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	37110		1550	24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	47140		2040	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	47140		2040	24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	60180		2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
	00100		2500	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
200/208	70210		2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
200/200	70210	_	2500	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	87260		3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	07200		3075	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	107320		/ ₁ 0 100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	107320		40100	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	120361		50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	120301			24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	140420		50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
				24V DC	150-SD3NBR
	3090	1025	1530 -	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
				24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	37110	1132	1540	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
				24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	47140	1545	2050	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	47140			24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	60180	10 5 55	2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
	00100	18.555		24V DC	150-SC1NBR
230	70210	2263	3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
230	70210	2203	ას/ა	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	07 200	70 00	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	87260	3080	40100	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	107320	37100	50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	107320	37100	50125	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	100 701	/.O 110	EO 1EO	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	120361	40110	50150	24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	140420	45132	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
	140420	45132	00100	24V DC	150-SD3NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance. Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Table 67 - 400/415/460V AC and 500/575V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors, Heavy Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	3090	1750	2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
	ასყს	1750	2500	24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	77 110	00 55	70 75	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	37110	2055	3075	24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	47140	3075	/0 100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	4/140	ას/5	40100	24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	60180	3790	50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
	00100	3790	50150	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
400/415 (kW)	70210	40110	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
460 (Hp)	70210	40110	00100	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	87260	50132	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	07200	50152	/5200	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	107320	63160	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	107320	03100	100250	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	120361	75200	100 700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	120301	/5200	100300	24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	140420	80220	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
				24V DC	150-SD3NBR
	3090	2063	3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NUD
				24V DC	150-SB2NUR
	37110	2575	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NUD
	37110			24V DC	150-SB3NUR
	47140	72 00	50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NUD
	4/140	3290	50125	24V DC	150-SB4NUR
	60180	45125	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NUD
	00100	45125		24V DC	150-SC1NUR
500 (kW)	70210	50150	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NUD
575 (Hp)	70210	50150	75200	24V DC	150-SC2NUR
	87260	63185	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NUD
	07200	00100	100250	24V DC	150-SC3NUR
	107320	75220	125300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NUD
	107320	75220	120300	24V DC	150-SD1NUR
	120361	90250	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NUD
	120301	უ ს 2ეს	125300	24V DC	150-SD2NUR
	1/.0 /.00	100 700	150 450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NUD
	140420 100300	100300	150450	24V DC	150-SD3NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Table 68 - 690V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Line-connected Motors, Heavy Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	3090	3080	3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NUD
	3090	3000	30/5	24V DC	150-SB2NUR
	37110	37100	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NUD
	37110	37100	40100	24V DC	150-SB3NUR
	47140	45132	50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NUD
	47140	45132	50125	24V DC	150-SB4NUR
	60180	63160	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NUD
	00100			24V DC	150-SC1NUR
690/Y (kW) ⁽³⁾ 600 (Hp)	70210	75200	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NUD
byu/Y (KW) ^{c-7} buu (Hp)				24V DC	150-SC2NUR
	87260	90250	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NUD
	07200	90230		24V DC	150-SC3NUR
	107320	110315	125300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NUD
	107320	110313	123300	24V DC	150-SD1NUR
	120361	125355	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NUD
	120301	120000	120300	24V DC	150-SD2NUR
	140420	160400	150450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NUD
	140420	100400	130430	24V DC	150-SD3NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

To be used only in a Y-type system.

For Use with Delta-connected Motors

Normal/Standard Duty Ratings (applications include pumps, compressors, elevators, and short conveyors)

Utilization Category: AC-53a:3.5-10:99-2. Start Not to Exceed: 350% of the controller maximum current rating, 10 second start time, 99% ON load factor, two starts per hour with 40 °C (104 °F) surrounding air ambient temperature.



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See Sizing and Selection Tools for more information. For additional assistance, visit rok.auto or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 69 - 200/208V AC and 230V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors, Normal/Standard Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
200/208	FO 1FF		2050	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NBD
	52155			24V DC	150-SB1NBR
	65190		2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
				24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	82242		3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
				24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	104311		40100 50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
				24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	122363			100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
				24V DC	150-SC1NBR
	151450	_	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
				24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	186554		75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
				24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	210625 243727		75200 100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBN
-				24V DC	150-SD1NBR
				100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
				24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	302900		125300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
				24V DC	150-SD3NBR
230	52155 65190	1750 2055	2060 - 2560 -	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NBD
				24V DC	150-SB1NBR
				100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
				24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	82242	3075	4075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
				24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	104311 122363	37100 40110	40100 50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz 24V DC	150-SB4NBD
				100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBR 150-SC1NBD
				24V DC	150-SC1NBR
	151450 186554	50132 63160	60150 - 75200 -	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SCINBR
				24V DC	150-SC2NBR
				100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBR 150-SC3NBD
				24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	210625	75200	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBR
				24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	243727	80220	100300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
				24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	302900	100300	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SDZNBR
				24V DC	150-SD3NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page 76 for terminal lug kits.

Table 70 - 400/415/460V AC and 500/575V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors, Normal/Standard Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
400/415 (kW) 460 (Hp)	FO 1FF	70 00	/ 0 100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NBD
	52155	3080	40100	24V DC	150-SB1NBR
	65190	37100	50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
				24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	82242	50132	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
				24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	104311	63160	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
				24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	122363	75200	100300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
				24V DC	150-SC1NBR
	151450	90250	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
				24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	186554	110315	200450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
				24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	210625	125355	200500	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
				24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	243727	150400	250600	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
				24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	302900	185530	250700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
				24V DC	150-SD3NBR
500 (kW) 575 (Hp)	52155	37100	50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB1NUD
				24V DC	150-SB1NUR
	65190	50132	75150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NUD
				24V DC	150-SB2NUR
	82242	63160	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NUD
				24V DC	150-SB3NUR
	104311	75220	125300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NUD
				24V DC	150-SB4NUR
	122363	90250	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NUD
				24V DC	150-SC1NUR
	151450	110315	200450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NUD
				24V DC	150-SC2NUR
	186554	132400	200500	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NUD
				24V DC	150-SC3NUR
	210625	150450	250600	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NUD
				24V DC	150-SD1NUR
	243727	185530	300700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NUD
				24V DC	150-SD2NUR
	302900	220670	350900	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NUD
				24V DC	150-SD3NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Heavy-duty Ratings (applications include centrifugal fans, crushers, mixers, and long conveyors)

Utilization Category: AC-53a:3.5-30:99-1. Start Not to Exceed: 350% of the controller maximum current rating, 30 second start time, 99% ON load factor, one start per hour with 50 °C (122 °F) surrounding air ambient temperature.



Use the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard to confirm that the SMC controller selection meets the application requirements. See Sizing and Selection Tools for more information. For additional assistance, visit rok.auto or contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com or by phone at +1 440-646-5800.

Table 71 - 200/208V AC and 230V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors, Heavy Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	52155		2050	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
	52155		2030	24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	65190		2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	05180		2500	24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	82242		3075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	02242		3073	24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	104311		40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
	104011		40100	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
200/208	122363		50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
200/200	122303	_	50125	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	151450		60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	131430		00150	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	186554		75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	100554			24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	210625		75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	210025			24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	243727		100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
			100250	24V DC	150-SD3NBR
	52155	1750	2060	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
				24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	65190	2055	2560	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	05180	2055		24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	82242	3075	4075	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	02242	3073		24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	104311	37100	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
	104011	37100	40100	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
230	122363	40110	50125	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
230	122303	40110	50125	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	151450	50132	60150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	131430	JUIJZ	00150	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	186554	63160	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	100334	UJ10U	75200	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	210625	75200	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	C1U020	/5200	100200	24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	243727 80220	on 220	100300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
		0UZZU	100300	24V DC	150-SD3NBR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance. Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Table 72 - 400/415/460V AC and 500/575V AC SMC-50 Solid-state Controllers for Use with Delta-connected Motors, Heavy Duty

Rated Utilization Voltage [V AC]	Motor Current [A] ⁽¹⁾	Motor kW, 50 Hz	Motor Hp, 60 Hz	Control Power	Cat. No. ⁽²⁾
	EO 155	52155 3080	40100	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NBD
	52155		40100	24V DC	150-SB2NBR
	65190	37100	50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NBD
	05190	37100	50150	24V DC	150-SB3NBR
	82242	50132	75200	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NBD
	02242	50132	/5200	24V DC	150-SB4NBR
	104311	63160	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NBD
	104311	03100	100250	24V DC	150-SC1NBR
400/415 (kW)	122363	75200	100300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NBD
460 (Hp)	122303	75200	100300	24V DC	150-SC2NBR
	151 /50	90250	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NBD
	151450	90250	125300	24V DC	150-SC3NBR
	186554	110315	200 450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NBD
	100334	110315	200450	24V DC	150-SD1NBR
	210625	125355	200500	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NBD
	210025			24V DC	150-SD2NBR
	243727	150400	250600	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NBD
			250000	24V DC	150-SD3NBR
	52155	37100	50150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB2NUD
				24V DC	150-SB2NUR
	65190	50132	75150	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB3NUD
	05190			24V DC	150-SB3NUR
	82242	63160	100250	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SB4NUD
	02242	03100	100250	24V DC	150-SB4NUR
	104311	75220	125300	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC1NUD
	104311	75220	125500	24V DC	150-SC1NUR
500 (kW)	122363	90250	125350	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC2NUD
575 (Hp)	122303	30230	125550	24V DC	150-SC2NUR
	151450	110315	200450	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SC3NUD
	151450	110313	200430	24V DC	150-SC3NUR
	186554	132400	200500	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD1NUD
	100334	132 4 00	200300	24V DC	150-SD1NUR
	210 625	150 /50	350 600	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD2NUD
	210625	150450	250600	24V DC	150-SD2NUR
	01.7 707	185530	300700	100240V AC; 50/60 Hz	150-SD3NUD
	243727	10050U	JUU/UU	24V DC	150-SD3NUR

Motor FLA rating must fall within specified current range for unit to operate properly. Special consideration should be given when using a motor with a potentially high starting current (greater than ten times motor FLA) with the SMC-50 controller. Contact Rockwell Automation technical support for further guidance.

Devices are not equipped with line and load terminal lugs. See page-76 for terminal lug kits.

Accessories

Table 73 - Option Modules

Description			Compatible Control Module Ports	Maximum No. of Option Modules of this Type Per Controller	Cat. No.
		PTC, Ground Fault, and Current Feedback Option Module	7 and 8	1	150-SM2
	Option Module • Adds or expands the functionality of the SMC-50 control module	Analog I/O Option Module 2 analog inputs (voltage or current) 2 analog outputs (voltage or current)	7, 8, 9	3	150-SM3
		Digital I/O Option Module • 4 100240V AC inputs • 3 relay outputs	7, 8, 9	3	150-SM4
		Parameter Configuration Module • DIP and rotary dial	7, 8, 9	1	150-SM6



If the application requires network communication, a Cat. No. 20-COMM-X communication adapter must be inserted in expansion port 9.

Table 74 - Converter Modules

Description		For Use With	Rated Current [A]	Cat. No.
Part for month	Core Balance Ground Fault Sensor	Used with a Cat. No. 150-SM2 to provide ground current feedback. ⁽¹⁾	Turns Ratio: 100:1	825-CBCT

⁽¹⁾ The ground fault sensing feature of the SMC-50 controller is intended for monitoring purposes only. It is not to be used as a ground fault circuit interrupter for personnel protection as defined by Article 100 of the NEC. The sensing feature has not been evaluated to UL 1053.

Table 75 - Protective Modules

	Description		Current Rating [A]	Cat. No.
CC CC		480V		150-F84L
PROTECTIVE MODULE *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *	Protective module • Line- or load-side mounting	600V	90520 108480	150-F86L



Use of protective modules is highly recommended. For applications that require both line and load side protection, you must order two protective modules.

Table 76 - Terminal Lug Kits

	For Use Wi	For Use With Controller Type		Wire Size Range		erminal Lugs Each Side	Pkg. Qty.	Cat. No.
			[A]	_	Line Side	Load Side		
		150-\$108, 150-\$135	108135	#6250 MCM AWG 16 mm ² 120 mm ²	3	3	3	199-LF1
	Integrated bypass	150-S201, 150-S251	201251	#6250 MCM AWG 16 mm ² 120 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LF1
		150-S317, 150-S361, 150-S480	317480	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LG1
	0.11.	150-SB	90180	#6250 MCM AWG 16 mm ² 120 mm ²	3	3	3	199-LF1
0	Solid -state • no external bypass	150-SC	210320	#6250 MCM AWG 16 mm ² 120 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LF1
		150-SD	361520	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6	6	3	199-LG1
6	0.17.1	150-SB	90180	(2) 1/0250 MCM AWG 50 mm ² 120 mm ²	3	3	3	1494R-N14
3	Solid -state • with external bypass	150-SC	210320	#6250 MCM AWG 16 mm ² 120 mm ²	6 ⁽¹⁾	6	3	199-LF1
	<i>,</i> ,	150-SD	361520	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240 mm ²	6 ⁽¹⁾	6	3	199-LG1
	Integrated	150-\$108, 150-\$135	187234	#4500 MCM AWG 25 mm ² 240mm ²		6 ⁽²⁾	3	1494R-N15
	bypassinside-the- delta terminal	150-S201, 150-S251	348435	(2) 1/0250 MCM AWG 50 mm ² 120 mm ²	6	12 ⁽²⁾	3	1494R-N14
	lugs	150-S317, 150-S361, 150-S480	549831	(3) 3/0500 MCM AWG 95 mm ² 240 mm ²	3	12 ⁽³⁾	3	150-LG5MC

Table 77 - Distribution Blocks

	For Use With Contro	ollor Typo	Current			Total Distribution Blocks Needed		Pkg.	Cat. No.
	roi ose with contr	oliei Type	Range [A]	Line Side	Load Side	Line Side	Load Side	Qty.	Cat. NO.
		150-SB	155311	(2) #4 AWG500 MCM 25240 mm ²	(2) #4 AWG500 MCM 25240 mm ²	3	_	1	1492-BG
	• inside-the-deita	150-SC	363554	(2) 1/0 AWG750 MCM 54400 mm ²	(6) 6 AWG250 MCM 16120 mm ²	1	_	1	Marathon Special Products Cat. No. 1353703
		150-SD	625900	(4) 1/0 AWG750 MCM 54400 mm ²	(4) 1/0 AWG750 MCM 54400 mm ²	3	ı	1	Marathon Special Products Cat. No. 1352702

Table 78 - External Bypass Kits

For Use With Control	ler Type	Current Range [A]	Cat. No.
Solid -state	150-SC	210320	150-SCBK
with external bypass	150-SD	361520	150-SDBK

⁶ additional terminal lugs are needed for bypass kit When connected in an inside-the-delta configuration, use terminal Cat. No. 199-LF1 for load-side connections (T1...T6). When connected in an inside-the-delta configuration, use terminals Cat. No. 199-LG1 for load-side connections (T1...T6).

Table 79 - IEC Line- or Load-side Terminal Covers

	Description	For Use With	Pkg. Quantity	Cat. No.
	Dead front protection IP2X finger safe when used with 250 MCM cable	150-S108, 150-S135	1	150-TC1
	Dead front protection IP2X finger safe when used with 250 MCM cable	150-S201, 150-S251	1	150-TC2
	 Dead front protection IP2X finger safe when used with 500 MCM cable 	150-S317, 150-S361, 150-S480	1	150-TC3
	Dead front protection IP2X finger safe when used with 250 MCM cable	150-SB (90180 A units only)	1	150-STCB

Table 80 - Capacitor Module

	Description	For Use With	Cat. No.
Cupatron service Nu. C. Q. Communication of the Com	Required for EMC directive compliance (EN60947-4-2)	150-SB (90180 A units only)	150-SMCAP

Table 81 - Human Interface Modules (HIMs) and Communication Modules

	Cat. No.			
Allino-Brasley	SMC-50 Controller — bezel mounted	Enhanced, LCD, Full Numeric	Keypad	20-HIM-A6
	Door-mounted HIM	Remote (panel mount) LCD Display, Full (version of Cat. No. 20-HIM		20-HIM-C6S ⁽¹⁾
		HIM Interface Cable, 1 m (3	9 in)	20-HIM-H10 ⁽²⁾
0000		Cable Kit (Male-Female) 0.33 r	m (1.1 ft)	1202-H03
	HIM interface cables	Cable Kit (Male-Female) 1 m (3.3 ft)	1202-H10
	min interruce cables	Cable Kit (Male-Female) 3 m	(9.8 ft)	1202-H30
		Cable Kit (Male-Female) 9 m (29.5 ft)	1202-H90
		DPI/SCANport™ One to Two Port Splitter Cable		1203-\$03
	Description	1	For Use With	
	Communication modules (installed into the physical	RS-485 DF1 Communication Adapter		20-COMM-S
		PROFIBUS DP Communication Adapter		20-COMM-P
1		ControlNet® Communication Adapter (Coax)		20-COMM-C
Allen-Bradley		Interbus Communication Adapter		20-COMM-I
D-((0 -) -	space assigned to control	Modbus/TCP Communication Adapter	Bulletin 150-Sxx	20-COMM-M
	module expansion port 9; connected to DPI port 4 via	DeviceNet® Communication Adapter	Dulletiii 130 3xx	20-COMM-D
0.0	cable)	EtherNet/IP Communication Adapter		20-COMM-E
		Dual-port EtherNet/IP Communication Adapter		20-COMM-ER
00000		HVAC Communication Adapter		20-COMM-H
		ControlNet Communication Adapter (Fiber)		20-COMM-Q
Connected Components Workbench Software			Windows 7/2000/XP/Vista	Available for download at rok.auto/ccw
DriveExecutive		Programming Software	Windows 10 ⁽³⁾	9303-4DTE01ENE
DriveTools SP (4)				9303-4DTS01ENE
AnaCANda RS-232 to DPI		Personal computer Interface	Serial	1203-SSS ⁽⁵⁾
DPI to USB		i ersonai computer interrace	USB	1203-USB ⁽⁶⁾

- A 3 m (9.8 ft.) Cat. No. 1202-C30 cable is provided.
 A cable is required if 20-HIM-A6 is connected to the SMC-50 DPI Port #2 and used as a hand-held device. Connected Components Workbench software only.
 Includes DriveExecutive and DriveObserver software.
 Includes Cat. No. 1203-SFC and 1202-C10 cables.
 Includes Cat. No. 20-HIM-H10 and 22-HIM-H10 cables.

Replacement Parts

For All Controller Types

Table 82 - Replacement parts for all controllers

	Cat. No.		
SMC-50 Control Module	100240V AC control power; two 24V DC inputs, two relay	outputs	150-SCMD
Sitc-50 Collifol Flodule	24V DC control power; two 24V DC inputs, two relay ou	150-SCMR ⁽¹⁾	
Replacement Cover	Replacement control module front cover	150-SCMRC	
	Control module control I/O replacement removable terminal block	Control module	150-SCMRTB
Replacement Removable Terminal Block	PTC module replacement removable terminal block (set of 3)	150-SM2	150-SM2RTB
replacement removable reminal block	Analog I/O option replacement removable terminal block	150-SM3	150-SM3RTB
	Digital I/O module replacement removable terminal block	150-SM4	150-SM4RTB

⁽¹⁾ Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

For Units with Integrated Bypass

Table 83 - Replacement Power Poles

Decodoston	100240V AC Control Voltage	24V DC Control Voltage		
Description		Cat. No.	Cat. No.	
	108 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP108BD	150-SPP108BR ⁽¹⁾	
Frame 3 Power Structure Assembly	135 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP135BD	150-SPP135BR ⁽¹⁾	
 Contains all three power poles in one package and includes the pole-to-control module transition cover and cooling fan. 	108 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP108UD	150-SPP108UR ⁽¹⁾	
	135 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP135UD	150-SPP135UR ⁽¹⁾	
	201 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP	201B	
Frame 4 Power Pole Contains one power pole	251 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP251B		
	201 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP201U		
	251 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP251U		
	317 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP317B		
	361 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP361B		
Frame 5 Power Pole	480 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPP480B		
Contains one power pole	317 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP317U		
	361 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP361U		
	480 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP480U		
Base Plate	201251 A	41391-803-01		
for mounting power poles	317480 A	41391-803-02		

⁽¹⁾ Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

Table 84 - Replacement Fan

Description	Rated Control Voltage	For Use With	Cat. No.
for SMC-50 Frame 3 controllers	7 to 1100		150-SRF135D
TOT STIC-50 FLATILE 3 COULTONERS	24V DC 150-S108S135	130-31003133	150-SRF135R ⁽¹⁾
for SMC-50 Frame 4 controllers	100240V AC	150-S201S251	150-SRF251D
	24V DC	190-92019291	150-SRF251R ⁽¹⁾
for CMC TO France F controllers	100240V AC	150 0717 0700	150-SRF480D
for SMC-50 Frame 5 controllers	24V DC	150-S317S480	150-SRF480R ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

Table 85 - Replacement Controller Cover

Description	Rated Current [A]	Line Voltage [V AC]	Control Voltage	Cat. No.
		000 /00	100240V AC	150-S201RCBD
	0.01	200480	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S201RCBR ⁽²⁾
	201	000 000	100240V AC	150-S201RCUD
		200690	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S201RCUR ⁽²⁾
		200 /00	100240V AC	150-S251RCBD
	251	200480	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S251RCBR ⁽²⁾
	201	000 000	100240V AC	150-S251RCUD
		200690	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S251RCUR ⁽²⁾
	317	200480	100240V AC	150-S317RCBD
or CMC EO controller with Dunces			24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S317RCBR ⁽²⁾
or SMC-50 controller with Bypass		200690	100240V AC	150-S317RCUD
			24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S317RCUR ⁽²⁾
	704	200480	100240V AC	150-S361RCBD
			24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S361RCBR ⁽²⁾
	361	000 000	100240V AC	150-S361RCUD
		200690	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S361RCUR ⁽²⁾
		000 400	100240V AC	150-S480RCBD
	400	200480	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S480RCBR ⁽²⁾
	480	000 000	100240V AC	150-S480RCUD
		200690	24V DC ⁽¹⁾	150-S480RCUR ⁽²⁾

 ²⁴V DC Control Inputs ONLY. Not compatible with 24V AC Control Inputs.
 Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

For Solid-state Units

Table 86 - Replacement Power Poles

Description	100240V AC Control Voltage	24V DC Control Voltage		
Description	กระวา เห็นกแ			
	90 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPB1B	150-SPPB1BR	
	110 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPB2B	150-SPPB2BR	
	140 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPB3B	150-SPPB3BR	
Frame B Power Structure Assembly Contains all three power poles in one package and includes the pole-	180 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPB4B	150-SPPB4BR	
to-control module transition cover and cooling fan	90 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPB1U	150-SPPB1UR	
•	110 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPB2U	150-SPPB2UR	
	140 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPB3U	150-SPPB3UR	
	180 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPB4U	150-SPPB4UR	
	210 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPC1B		
	260 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPC2B		
Frame C Power Pole	320 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPC3B		
 Contains one power pole — SCR, heatsink assembly, and cable 	210 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPC1U		
	260 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPC2U		
	320 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPC3U		
	361 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPD1B		
	420 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPD2B		
Frame D Power Pole	520 A, 200480V AC line	150-SPPD3B		
• Contains one power pole — SCR, heatsink assembly, and cable	361 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPP[n1U	
	420 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPD	2U	
	520 A, 200690V AC line	150-SPPD3U		

Table 87 - Replacement Cover

Description		Cat. No.
Replacement controller cover	210320 A units	150-SCRC
Replacement controller cover	361520 A units	150-SDRC

Table 88 - Replacement Fan

	Description	Rated Control Voltage	For Use With	Cat. No.
	for SMC-50 Frame B controllers	100240V AC	150-SB units (90180 A)	150-SF1
	TOT STIC-50 Frame b controllers	24V DC	130-30 utilits (30100 A)	150-SF1R
Panlacoment Fan	Replacement Fan for SMC-50 Frame C controllers for SMC-50 Frame D controllers	100240V AC	150-SC units (210320 A)	150-SF2D
Replacement ran		24V DC	150-56 utilits (210520 A)	150-SF2R
		100240V AC	150-SD units (361520 A)	150-SF3D
101 2110-50	Tot Stic-50 Frame D controllers	24V DC		150-SF3R
	for SMC-50 Frame B controllers	_	150-SB units (90180 A)	150-SBFC
Replacement Fan Cover for SMC-50 Frame C controllers	_	150-SC units (210320 A)	150-SCFC	
for SMC-50 Frame D controllers		_	150-SD units (361520 A)	150-SDFC

IMPORTANT

Carefully check current range, line voltage and control input voltage when selecting an upgrade kit. Not all control voltages or current ranges can be upgraded.

Table 89 - Upgrade Kits

Description	Kit Contents ⁽¹⁾	Rated Current [A]	Line Voltage [V AC]	Control Voltage ⁽²⁾	Cat. No.		
	150-SCMD control module	108			150-S108UPGD		
Frame 3 SMC Flex to SMC-50 controllers	150-SM4 digital I/O module20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM	135	200690	100240V AC	150-S135UPGD		
with bypass upgrade kit	• 150-SCMR control module	108	200690	24V DC ⁽³⁾	150-S108UPGR ⁽⁴⁾		
	• 20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM	135	200090	24V DC**	150-S135UPGR ⁽⁴⁾		
			200480		150-S201UPGBD		
	150-SCMD control module 150-SM4 digital I/O module 20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM Plastic mounting/transition cover	201	200575	- 100240V AC	150-S201UPGCD		
			200690		150-S201UPGUD		
			200480		150-S251UPGBD		
		251	200575		150-S251UPGCD		
			200690		150-S251UPGUD		
Frame 4 SMC Flex to SMC-50 controllers with bypass upgrade kit					200480		150-S201UPGBR ⁽⁴⁾
	1EO COMP control modulo	201	200575		150-S201UPGCR ⁽⁴⁾		
	150-SCMR control module 20-HIM-A6 LCD HIM Plastic mounting/transition cover		200690	24V DC ⁽³⁾	150-S201UPGUR ⁽⁴⁾		
				200480	240 000	150-S251UPGBR ⁽⁴⁾	
		251 200575 200690	200575		150-S251UPGCR ⁽⁴⁾		
			200690		150-S251UPGUR ⁽⁴⁾		

Kit contains one of each catalog number listed.
 The SMC-50 control module provides two (2) 24V DC control inputs. If you need additional inputs, you must use 100...240V AC inputs (requires 150-SM4 option module).
 24V DC control voltage ONLY. Not compatible with 24V AC control voltage.
 Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for availability.

Specifications

Table 90 - Functional Design

Standard Features		Description
Installation	Power Wiring	standard squirrel-cage induction motor or a Wye-Delta, six-lead motor
IIIStaliativii	Control Wiring	2- and 3-wire control for a wide variety of applications
	Keypad	Cat. No. 20-HIM-A6 full numeric keypad with LCD display Cat. No. 20-HIM-C6S remote panel mount full numeric keypad with LCD display
Configuration/Setup ⁽¹⁾	Software	parameter values are downloaded to the SMC-50 with the Connected Components Workbench, DriveTools, and DriveExplorer programming software packages
	Parameter Configuration Option Module (PCM)	Cat. No. 150-SM6 provides simple and limited configuration by DIP and rotary dial switches
Communications		four DPI ports for local serial communications. Network communication supported by optional 20- COMM-X modules
Starting and Stopping M	lodes	modes include: Soft Start, Coast-to-Stop, Soft Stop, Current Limit Start, Dual Ramp, Full Voltage, Linear Speed Acceleration (start), Linear Speed Deceleration (stop), Torque Start, and Preset Slow Speed
Pump Control	Start and Stop	helps reduce fluid surges in centrifugal pumping systems during the starting and stopping period
	SMB Smart Motor Braking	provides motor braking without additional equipment for applications that require the motor to stop quickly
Braking Control ⁽²⁾	Accu-Stop ⁽³⁾	provides controlled position stopping; during stopping, brake torque is applied to the motor until the motor reaches the preset slow speed and holds the motor at this speed until a stop command is given - braking torque is then applied until the motor reaches zero speed - braking current is programmable
,	Slow Speed with Braking	used on applications that require slow speed (in the forward or reverse direction) for positioning or alignment and requires braking control to stop
	External Braking	activates the external braking device by using aux. relay output
Protection and Diagnos	tics ⁽⁴⁾	displays: Power Loss, Line Fault, Voltage Unbalance, Excessive Starts/Hour, Phase Reversal, Undervoltage, Overvoltage, Controller Temperature, Stall, Jam, Open Gate, Overload, Underload, and Communication Fault
Metering Indication ⁽⁵⁾		provides: Phase Current, Current Average, Phase-to-Phase Voltage, Voltage P-P Average, Phase-to-neutral Voltage, Calculated Torque, Real Phase Power, Real Power, Real Energy, Real Demand, Max Real Demand, Reactive Power, Reactive Energy + and -, Reactive Energy, Reactive Demand, Max Reactive Demand, Apparent Power, Apparent Energy, Apparent Demand, Number of Periods, Power Factor, Energy Savings, Elapsed Time 1 and 2, Running Time, Motor Speed, Start Time 1-5, Peak Current 1-5, Total Starts, THD V, THD I, THD V Average, THD I Average, Line Frequency, Current Imbalance, and Voltage Unbalance
LED Status Indication b	y Multi-color (standard)	displays fault and alarm codes: Running - with alarm, Running - no alarm, Ready - with alarm, Ready - tuning enabled on next start, and Firmware Download Active - with alarm
Auxiliary Contacts (two	standard)	two fully programmable contacts as: normal, UTS, fault, alarm, external brake, auxiliary control, network, external bypass, or fan control

- The configuration method must be ordered separately from the controller, which does not include a setup tool.

 Not intended to be used as an emergency stop. See the applicable standards for emergency stop requirements.

 Accu-Stop is not included as a parameter/function like that of the SMC Flex controller; you can accomplish the Accu-Stop function with SMB mode and Slow Speed with Braking.

 Diagnostic indication depends on the type of configuration tool used. The standard LED status indication displays: Inhibit (stop enabled), Fault (non- resettable), Fault (resettable). For full local access, a HIM or personal computer software is required. For network access, full access to data can also be obtained.

 Metering Indication depends on the type of configuration tool being used. Metering Indication requires the use of a HIM or a personal computer software configuration tool for full local access. Full access to data can also be obtained via network.

Electrical Ratings

Table 91 - Power Circuit Ratings

Description	Device Rating	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC	
Dated Operation Voltage	480V	200480V AC (-15%, +10%)	200415V (-15%, +10%)	
Rated Operation Voltage	690V	200600V AC (-15%, +10%)	200690V/Y (-15%, +10%)	
Datad Inculation Valtage	480V	_	500V	
Rated Insulation Voltage	690V	_	690V	
Rated Impulse Voltage	480V	_	6000V	
	690V	_	6000V	
Dielectric Withstand	480V	2200V AC	2500V	
Dielectric Withstaliu	690V	2200V AC	2500V	
Panatitiva Paak Invaria Valtaga Pating	480V	1400V	1400V	
Repetitive Peak Inverse Voltage Rating	690V	1800V	1800V	
Operating Frequency	All	4763 Hz	4763 Hz	

Table 92 - Utilization Category

Description		Device Rating	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC
Integrated Bypass	Integrated Bypass			AC-53b:3.0-50:1750
Solid-state	Normal Duty	90520 A	MG 1	AC-53a:3.5-10:99-2
Sulu-State	Heavy Duty	90520 A		AC-53a:3.5-30:99-1
	Integrated Dynaso	108480A		IPOO (IP20 - Control Terminals only)
D	Integrated Bypass	108480A	-	IP2X (with Optional Terminal Cover)
Protection Against Electrical Shock	Solid-state	90520 A		IPOO (IP20 - Control Terminals only)
		90180 A		IP2X (with Optional Terminal Cover)
DV/DT Protection		480V	RC Snubber Network	
DV/DT Protection		690V	KC 2UNDDEL NETMOLK	
Transient Protection		480600V	Metal Oxide Varis	stors: 220 Joules
		690V	None	

Table 93 - Control Power Specifications

Description	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC		
Rated Operational Voltage	100240V AC (-15%+10%) or 24V DC (-10%+10%)			
Rated Insulation Voltage	-	240V		
Rated Impulse Voltage	_	3000V		
Dielectric Withstand	1500V AC	1500V		
Operating Frequency	4763 Hz or DC			
Control Power Ride Through	22 ms			
Max. Output of 24V DC Supply (Terminals 8 and 12)	300 mA			
Control Module Battery Type	CR 2032			



This product contains a sealed lithium battery that may need to be replaced during the life of the product.

At the end of its life, the battery contained in this product should be collected separately from any unsorted municipal waste.

The collection and recycling of batteries helps protect the environment and contributes to the conservation of natural resources as valuable materials are recovered.



ATTENTION: There is a danger of explosion if the lithium battery or real-time clock module in this product is incorrectly replaced. Do not replace the battery or real-time clock module unless power has been removed and the area is known to be nonhazardous.

Replace the battery only with catalog number 2711P-RY2032 or an equivalent CR2032 coin-cell battery.

Do not dispose of the lithium battery or real-time clock module in a fire or incinerator. Dispose of used batteries in accordance with local regulations.

For safety information on the handling of lithium batteries, including handling and disposal of leaking batteries, see Guidelines for Handling Lithium Batteries, publication AG 5-4.

Perchlorate material - special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate.

This perchlorate warning only applies to primary Lithium Manganese Dioxide (LiMnO₂) cells or batteries, and products containing these cells or batteries, sold or distributed in California, USA.

Table 94 - Control Module Standard Inputs: Terminals 10 and 11

Descriptio	n	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC
Nominal Operating Voltage		241	DC
Operating Voltage Range		153	OV DC
On State	Current, min.	2.8	mA
UII State	Voltage, min.	10V	DC
Off State	Current, max.	3 mA	
on state	Voltage, max.	10.9V DC	
Inrush Current Maximum		7 mA	
Input Delay Time		On-to-Off: 30 ms, Off-to-On: 20 ms	
Reverse Polarity Protection	on	Yes	
Rated Insulation Voltage		_	60V
Rated Impulse Voltage		_	500V
Dielectric Withstand		500V AC	1000V AC

Table 95 - Control Module Standard Outputs: Terminals 4/5 and 6/7

Description	UL/CSA/NEMA IEC			
Outputs	Aux 1,	Aux 2		
Type of Control Circuit	Electromag	netic Relay		
Number of Contacts per Relay		1		
Type of Contacts	cts Programmable N.O./N.C. (electri			
Type of Current	AC			
Rated Operational Current	3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC			
Conventional Thermal Current I_{th} AC/DC	C 5 A			
Make/Break VA	3600	/360		
Utilization Category	B300	AC-15		
Off-State Leakage Current	0.024 mA @ 24V			
Off-State Leakage Current	0.12 mA @120V			
Off-State Leakage Current	0.24 mA @ 240V			

Table 96 - Wiring Terminals (applies to Control Module Standard I/O and Expansion Module Terminals 150-SM2, 150-SM3, 150-SM4)

Description	Device Rating
Terminal Style	M3 Screw Clamp
Terminal Type	Removable
Screw Terminal Torque	0.8 N•m (7.0 lb•in)
Terminal Wire Size	0.22.5mm ² (2414 AWG)
Wire Strip Length	7.0 mm (0.27 in.)

Table 97 - Cat. No. 150-SM4 Optional Digital Control Inputs: Terminals A1, A2

Description		UL/CSA/NEMA IEC			
Nominal Operating Vol	ominal Operating Voltage		100240V AC		
Operating Voltage Ran	ge	85V264V AC (85V264V AC @ 47 Hz63 Hz		
On State	Current, min.	9.7 mA @ 47 Hz, 9	9.7 mA @ 62.4 Hz		
on state	Voltage, min.	74.5V AC @ 47 Hz, 9	55.9V AC @ 62.4 Hz		
Off State	Current, max.	9.0 mA @ 47 Hz, 9.3 mA @ 62.4 Hz			
UII State	Voltage, max.	68.8V AC @ 47 Hz, 53.6V AC @ 62.4 Hz			
Inrush Current Maximum		3.64 A			
Input Delay Time		On-to-Off: 30 ms, Off-to-On: 25 ms			
Rated Insulation Voltage		- 240V			
Rated Impulse Voltage		- 3000V			
Dielectric Withstand		1600V AC 2000V AC			

Table 98 - Cat. No. 150-SM4 Optional Digital Control Inputs: Terminals A3 and A4

Description		UL/CSA/NEMA IEC ⁽¹⁾		
Nominal Operating Voltage		100240V AC		
Operating Voltage Rang	е	85V264V AC @ 47 Hz63 Hz		
On State	Current, min.	5.1 mA @ 47 Hz, 5	5.0 mA @ 62.4 Hz	
on state	Voltage, min.	74.5V AC @ 47 Hz, !	55.8V AC @ 62.4 Hz	
Off State	Current, max.	4.7 mA @ 47 Hz, 4.8 mA @ 62.4 Hz		
on state	Voltage, max.	68.6V AC @ 47 Hz, 53.5V AC @ 62.4 Hz		
Inrush Current Maximum		3.6	4 A	
Input Delay Time		On-to-Off: 30 ms, Off-to-On: 25 r		
Rated Insulation Voltage		_	240V	
Rated Impulse Voltage		_	3000V	
Dielectric Withstand		1600V AC 2000V AC		

⁽¹⁾ Meets IEC Type 2 specifications for inputs per IEC 60947-1 for 240V AC only.

Table 99 - Cat. No. 150-SM4 Optional Outputs: Terminals A6/A7, A8/A9, A10/A11

Description	UL/CSA/NEMA	IEC	
Outputs	Aux 1, Aux	x 2, Aux 3	
Type of Control Circuit	Electromag	netic Relay	
Number of Contacts per Relay		1	
Type of Contacts	Programmable N.O./N.C. (electrically held closed)		
Type of Current	AC		
Rated Operational Current	3 A @ 120V AC, 1.5 A @ 240V AC		
Conventional Thermal Current I_{th} AC/DC	5 A		
Make/Break VA	3600	3600/360	
Utilization Category	B300	AC-15	
	0.024 mA @ 24V		
Off-State Leakage Current	0.12 mA @120V		
	0.24 mA @ 240V		

Table 100 - Cat. No. 150-SM3 Optional Analog Control Inputs: Terminals B5...B10

Description	Rating
Number of Inputs	2 differential inputs
Normal Operating Input Ranges	±10V, 010V, 05V, 15V, 020 mA, 420 mA
Full-scale Operating Input Ranges	±10.5V, 010.5V, -0.55.25V, 0.55.25V, 021 mA, 3.521 mA
Input Resolution	16 bit (sample rate = 60 Hz)/13 bit (sample rate = 250 Hz)
Data Refresh Rate	Filter dependent: 100 ms (sample rate = 60 Hz); 24 ms (sample rate = 250 Hz)
Rated Working Voltage	24V DC / 17V AC
Common Mode Voltage Range	±10V DC / channel
Input Impedance	220 kΩ: voltage mode
iliput illipeudilice	249 Ω: current mode
Input Channel Diagnostics	Over and Under Range and Open Circuit
Open Circuit Detection Time	Positive Full Scale Reading: within 3 seconds (max)
Maximum Overload at Input	Voltage: ±24V DC continuous at 0.1 mA
Terminals	Current: ±30 mA continuous at 7V DC
External Calibration	Not required: auto-calibration performed by the module if required to meet specs.
Module Isolation to Control Board	Yes (1000V AC)
Removable Terminal Block	Yes (Cat. No.150-SM3RTB as a spare replacement part)
Cable Type	Belden 8760 (or equiv.) 0.750 mm ² (18 AWG twisted pair 100% shield with drain)

Table 101 - Cat. No. 150-SM3 Optional Analog Control Outputs: Terminals B1...B4

Description		Rating	
Number of Outputs		2 Single-ended	
Normal Operating R	langes	±10V, 010V, 05V, 020 mA, 420 mA	
Full Scale Operating	g Ranges	±10.5V, 010.5V, -0.55.25V, 021 mA, 3.521 mA	
Output Resolution		16 bit (15 plus sign bipolar)	
Resistive Load on C	urrent Output	0750 Ω	
Load Range on Volt	age Output	1 kΩ at 10V DC	
Max. Inductive Load	(Current Outputs)	15 mH	
Max. Capacitive Loa Outputs)	ad (Voltage	100 μF	
Overell Assuracy	Voltage Terminal	±0.5% full scale at 25 °C (77 °F)	
Overall Accuracy	Current Terminal	±0.35% full scale at 25 °C (77 °F)	
Accuracy Drift with	Temperature	±5 PPM / °C	
Output Impedance		15 Ω (typical)	
Open and Short-circuit Protection		Yes	
Maximum Short-circuit Current		45 mA	
Output Overvoltage	Protection	Yes	

Table 102 - PTC Input Ratings (Cat. No. 150-SM2 required)

Description	Rating
Response Resistance	3400 Ω ± 150 Ω
Reset Resistance	1600 Ω ± 100 Ω
Short-circuit Trip Resistance	25 Ω ± 10 Ω
Max. Voltage at PTC Terminals (RPTC = $4 \text{ k}\Omega$)	< 7.5 V
Max. Voltage at PTC Terminals (RPTC = open)	30V
Max. No. of Sensors (wired in series)	6
Max. Cold Resistance of PTC Sensor Chain	1500 Ω
Response Time	800 ms

Table 103 - Control Power Requirements (Maximum Control Circuit Consumption)

Description		Current Denne [A]	Control Voltage		
		Current Range [A]	100240V AC	24V DC	
		108135	150 VA	75 W	
	Integrated Bypass	201251	175 VA	75 W	
Base Power Draw: Control Module		317480	225 VA	180 W	
with Heat Sink Fan		90180	150 VA	75 W	
	Solid-state	210260	150 VA	75 W	
		361520	300 VA	300 W	
0.11	Human Interface Module (HIM)	_	10 VA	2 W	
	150-SM2 ⁽¹⁾	_	30 VA	4 W	
Option Power Adder • for each option installed, add to	150-SM3	-	30 VA	4 W	
base power to obtain total power requirement)	150-SM4	_	50 VA	2 W	
	150-SM6 ⁽¹⁾	_	5 VA	1 W	
	20-COMM-X ⁽¹⁾	_	25 VA	4 W	

⁽¹⁾ Max. one of each option type per control module.

Table 104 - Continuous Duty Power Structure Heat Dissipation at Rated Current (Watts)

	Description	Current Range [A]	Heat Dissipation [W]
		108	27
		135	40
		201	75
	Integrated Bypass	251	93
		317	100
		361	120
		480	165
Controller	Solid-state	90	270
		110	330
		140	420
		180	540
		210	630
		260	780
		320	960
		361	1083
		420	1260
		520	1560

Power Calculation:

Base Power	Options	Power Structure	Watts
a 20-COMM-X, HIM, and Cat.	. No. 150-SM4		
= 300 Base Power	(25+10+50) Options	+ 1083 Power Structure	Watts
	a 20-COMM-X, HIM, and Cat	a 20-COMM-X, HIM, and Cat. No. 150-SM4 $= \frac{300}{\text{Base Power}} + \frac{(25+10+50)}{\text{Options}}$	a 20-COMM-X, HIM, and Cat. No. 150-SM4 = \(\frac{300}{Base Power} \) + \(\frac{(25+10+50)}{Options} \) + \(\frac{1083}{Power Structure} \)

Performance Ratings

Integrated Bypass Devices

Table 105 - Integrated Bypass SCPD Performance, 600V Maximum, Type 1

SCP	D Performance ⁽¹⁾		Type 1 Ratings ⁽²⁾				
Motor Connection		Current	Non-time Delay Fus	Non-time Delay Fuse ⁽³⁾		Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker	
Type Cat. No	Rating [A]	Max. Standard Available Fault [kA]	Max. Current [A]	Max. Standard Available Fault [kA]	Max. Current [A]		
	150-S108N	108	10	400	10	300	
	150-S135N	135	IU	500	IU	400	
	150-S201N	201	18	600	18	600	
Line	150-S251N	251	10	700		700	
	150-S317N	317	- 30	800	30	800	
150-S	150-S361N	361		1000		1000	
	150-S480N	480	42	1200	42	1200	
	150-S108N	187	10	600	10	500	
	150-S135N	234	IU	700	IU	700	
	150-S201N	348	18 1000 18 18	10	1000		
Inside Delta	150-S251N	435		1200	10	1200	
	150-S317N	549	30	1600	30	1600	
	150-S361N	625		1600		1600	
	150-S480N	831	42	1600	42	1200	

⁽¹⁾ Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Table 106 - Integrated Bypass SCPD Performance, 690V Maximum, Type 1, Line Connected Motors Only

SCPD Perfo	rmance ⁽¹⁾		Type 1 Ratings ⁽²⁾					
Motor Connection Type	Cat. No Current Rating [A]		Max. Standard Available Fault [kA]	Max. Ampere Tested — North American Style	Max. Ampere Tested — European Style			
	150-S108N	108		A070URD33xxx500	6,9 gRB 73xxx400 6,6URD33xxx500			
	150-S135N	135		A070URD33xxx500	6,9 gRB 73xxx400 6,6URD33xxx500			
	150-S201N	201		A070URD33xxx700	6,9 gRB 73xxx630 6,6URD33xxx700			
Line	150-S251N	251	70	A070URD33xxx700	6,9 gRB 73xxx630 6,6URD33xxx700			
	150-S317N	317		A070URD33xxx900	6,9 gRB 73xxx800 6,6URD33xxx900			
	150-S361N	361		A070URD33xxx900	6,9 gRB 73xxx800 6,6URD33xxx900			
	150-S480N	480		A070D33xxx1250 A100URD73xxx1250	9 URD 73xxx1250 6,6URD33xxx1250			

⁽¹⁾ Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, refer to UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.

³⁾ Non-Time Delay Fuses: Class K5 up to 600 A, Class L above 600 A.

⁽²⁾ Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, see UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.

Table 107 - Integrated Bypass SCPD Performance, High Fault, Type 1

SCPD Per	formance ⁽¹⁾			Type 1 Ratings ⁽²⁾							
Motor Connection Type	Cat. No	Current	Class J or Class L F	use ⁽³⁾	Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker ⁽⁴⁾ 480V, 65kA Maximum						
riotor connection type	Cal. NU	Rating [A]	Max. High Capacity Available Fault (600V) [kA]	Max. Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	Cat. No.	Rating Plug Cat. No.				
	150-S108N	108		200	300	140G-K6F3-D30	_				
	150-S135N	135	70	225	400	140G-K6F3-D40	_				
	150-S201N	201	70	350	600	140G-M6F3-D60	_				
Line	150-S251N	251		400	700	140G-M6F3-D80	_				
	150-S317N	317		500	800	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP-D80				
	150-S361N	361	69	600	1000	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP-E10				
	150-S480N	480		800	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_				
	150-S108N	187		300	400	140G-K6F3-D40	_				
	150-S135N	234	70	400	400	140G-K6F3-D40	_				
	150-S201N	348	70	600	800	140G-M6F3-D80	-				
Inside Delta	150-S251N	435	1	800	800	140G-M6F3-D80	_				
	150-S317N	549	69	1000	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_				
	150-S361N	625		1200	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_				
	150-S480N	831]	1600	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	_				

Table 108 - Integrated Bypass Semiconductor Fusing Recommendations

	Semiconductor (SCR) Fusing ⁽¹⁾										
	Current F	Current Rating [A]		North	America ^{(2) (3)}	Type 2 Coordination per EN 60947-2 (3) (4)					
Cat. No.	Line ⁽⁵⁾	Inside Delta ⁽⁶⁾	- I ² t Reference (10 ³ A ² s)	Max. Available Fault (480V) [kA]	Ferraz-shawmut Fuse Part No.	Max. Available Fault (500V) [kA]	Ferraz-shawmut Fuse Part No.				
150-S108N	108	187	87		A70QS200		6,9URD30*0250				
150-S135N	135	234	90		A70QS200		6,9URD30*0250				
150-S201N	201	348	200		A70QS400	65	6,9URD31*0450				
150-S251N	251	435	238	65	A70QS400	00	6,9URD31*0450				
150-S317N	317	549	300		A70QS450		6,9URD33*0550				
150-S361N	361	625	320	1	A70QS450		6,9URD33*0550				
150-S480N	480	831	1200		A70QS700	45	6,9URD33*0550				

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, refer to UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.

High Capacity fault ratings when used with time delay Class J or time delay Class L fuse.

Circuit Breaker must be of the designated 1406 Frame. (2)

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Calculated only, NOT tested.

Fuse size based on a start profile of 300% of the controller maximum current rating for 50 seconds. Contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at
raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com or by phone at +1 440-646-5800 for applications with a longer start time or higher starting current.

Basic requirements for Type 2 Coordination per EN60947-4-2: under short-circuit conditions, the device shall cause no danger to persons or installation and shall be suitable for further use.

For line-connected motors, connect fuses to the SMC-50 in line with three power terminals L1, L2, and L3.

Earl delta-connected motors, connect fuses to the SMC-50 inside the delta after terminals L1, L1, L2, and L3.

The start of the same terminals L1, L2, and L3.

The start of the same terminals L1, L2, L3, and L3.

For delta-connected motors, connect fuses to the SMC-50 inside the delta after terminals L1-T6, L2-T4, and L3-T5.

Solid-state Devices

Table 109 - Solid-state SCPD Performance, 600V Maximum, Type 1

SCPD I	Performance ⁽¹)	Type 1 Ratings ⁽²⁾									
Motor		Current	Non-time Delay Fuse ⁽³⁾			Time Delay Fuse ⁽⁴⁾			Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker			
Connection Type	Cat. No	Rating [A]	Max. Standard Available Fault [kA]	Typical Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	Max. Standard Available Fault [kA]	Typical Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	Max. Standard Available Fault [kA]	Typical Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	
	150-SB1N	90		250	350		150	200		225	350	
	150-SB2N	110	10	300	400	10	175	225	10	250	300	
	150-SB3N	140	10	400	500	10	225	300] 10	350	400	
	150-SB4N	180		500	500		300	400		450	500	
Line ⁽⁵⁾	150-SC1N 210 600 600 350 450		500	600								
Line	150-SC2N	260	18	700	700	18	450	500	18	600	700	
	150-SC3N	320		800	800		500	700		800	800	
	150-SD1N	361		1000	1000	30/18 ⁽⁶⁾	600	800	30/18 ⁽⁶⁾	800	1000	
	150-SD2N	420	30/18 ⁽⁶⁾	1200	1200		700	800		1000	1200	
	150-SD3N	520		1200	1200		800	1000		1200	1200	
	150-SB1N	155		450	450		250	300		350	450	
	150-SB2N	190	18	500	500	18	300	400	18	450	500	
	150-SB3N	242	10	700	700	10	400	500	10	600	700	
	150-SB4N	311		800	800		500	600		700	800	
Inside Delta ⁽⁷⁾	150-SC1N	363		1000	1000		600	800		800	1000	
inside Deita,	150-SC2N	450	30	1200	1200	30	700	1000	30	1000	1200	
	150-SC3N	554		1600	1600		800	1200	1	1200	1600	
	150-SD1N	625		1600	1600	42	1000	1200	42	1200	1600	
	150-SD2N	727	42	2000	2000		1200	1600		1600	2000	
	150-SD3N	900		2500	2500		1200	2000		2000	2500	

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.
 Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, refer to UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.
 Non-Time Delay Fuses: Class K5 up to 600 A, Class L above 600 A.
 Time Delay Fuse: Devices rated 90...180 A (155...311 A): Class RK5. Devices rated 210...520 A (363...900 A): Class RK5 or Class J up to 600 A, Class L above 600 A.

UL/CSA (Type 1) and EN 60947-4-2 (Type 1) for Line-Connected Motors: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the listed max. RMS symmetrical amperes (UL: 600V maximum, IEC: 690V max.).

UL/CSA applications = 30 kA, 600V maximum. IEC applications = 18 kA, 690V maximum.

UL/CSA (Type 1) and EN 60947-4-2 (Type 1) for Inside-the-Delta Connected Motors: Suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than the listed max. RMS symmetrical amperes (UL and IEC: 600V maximum).

Table 110 - Solid-state SCPD Performance, High Fault, Type 1

SCPD	Performance ⁽¹⁾				Type 1 Ra	tings ⁽²⁾			
Motor Connection	Cat. No	Current	Class J or Clas		Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker 480V, 65 kA Maximum				
Туре	Cat. NO	Rating [A]	Max. High Capacity Available Fault (600V) [kA]	Typical Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	Max. Current [A]	Cat. No.	Rating Plug Cat. No.	
	150-SB1N	90		150	200	350	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
	150-SB2N	110		175	225	300	140G-K6F3-D30	-	
	150-SB3N	140		225	300	400	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
	150-SB4N	180		300	400	400	140G-K6F3-D40	-	
Line	150-SC1N	210	100	350	450	600	140G-M6F3-D60	-	
Lille	150-SC2N	260	100	450	500	700	140G-M6F3-D80	-	
	150-SC3N	320		500	700	800	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
	150-SD1N	361		601	800	1000	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP3-E10	
	150-SD2N	420		700	800	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	-	
	150-SD3N	520		800	1000	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	-	
	150-SB1N	155		250	300	450	140G-M6F3-D60	-	
	150-SB2N	190		300	400	500	140G-M6F3-D60	-	
	150-SB3N	242		400	500	700	140G-M6F3-D80	_	
	150-SB4N	311		500	600	700	140G-M6F3-D80	-	
Inside Delta	150-SC1N	363	65	601	800	1000	140G-N6H3-E12	140G-NRP3-E10	
iliside Della	150-SC2N	450	00	700	1000	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	-	
	150-SC3N	554		800	1200	1200	140G-N6H3-E12	-	
	150-SD1N	625		1000	1200	•			
	150-SD2N	727		1200	1600	Pending ⁽⁴⁾			
	150-SD3N	900		1200	2000				

Table 111 - Solid-state Semiconductor Fusing Recommendations

	Semiconductor (SCR) Fusing ⁽¹⁾										
	Current F	Rating [A]		North America ⁽	2) (3)	Type 2 Coordination Per EN 60947-4-2 ^{(3) (4)}					
Cat. No.	No. $\frac{1}{\text{Line}^{(5)}}$ $\frac{\text{Inside}}{\text{Delta}^{(6)}}$ I^2 t Reference (10 ³ A ² s)	Max. Available Fault (480V) [kA]	Ferraz-shawmut Fuse Part No.	Max. Available Fault (500V) [kA]	Ferraz-shawmut Fuse Part No.						
150-SB1N	90	155	92		A70QS150		6,9URD30*0200				
150-SB2N	110	190	95		A70QS175	65	6,9URD30*0200				
150-SB3N	140	242	100		A70QS200		6,9URD30*0250				
150-SB4N	180	311	106		A70QS250		6,9URD31*0315				
150-SC1N	210	363	200	65	A70QS350		6,9URD30*0315				
150-SC2N	260	450	238	00	A70QS400		6,9URD31*0400				
150-SC3N	320	554	320		A70QS450		6,9URD31*0450				
150-SD1N	361	625	1000		A70QS500		6,9URD31*0500				
150-SD2N	420	727	1100	1	A70QS600		6,9URD31*0630				
150-SD3N	520	900	1200		A70QS700		6,9URD31*0700				

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination: Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or to the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, refer to UL 508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2. High Capacity fault ratings when used with time delay Class J or time delay Class L fuse.

Other circuit breakers pending.

Calculated only, NOT tested.

Fuse size based on a start profile of 350% of the controller maximum current rating for 10 seconds. Contact Industrial Controls Technical Support by email at

raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com or by phone at +1 440-646-5800 for applications with a longer start time or higher starting current.

Basic Requirements for Type 2 Coordination: Per EN 60947-4-2 under short-circuit conditions, the device shall cause no danger to persons or installation and shall be suitable for

For line-connected motors, connect fuses to the SMC-50 in line with three-phase power terminals T6, T4, and T5.

For delta-connected motors, connect fuses to the SMC-50 inside the delta after terminals L1-T6, L2-T4, and L3-T5.

Environmental, Mechanical, and Other Ratings

Table 112 - Environmental Ratings

Attribu	te	Rating
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	Integrated Bypass Devices	-20+50 °C (-4+122 °F) (no derating) — For operation 5065 °C (122149 °F), refer to Thermal Wizard. -20+40 °C (-4104 °F) (Enclosed)
(surrounding air ambient)	Solid-state Devices	-20+40 °C (-4+104 °F) (no derating) — For operation 4065 °C (104149 °F), see Thermal Wizard. -20+40 °C (-4104 °F) (Enclosed)
Storage and Transportation Ter	nperature Range	-25+75 °C (-13+167 °F)
Altitude		2000 m (6560 ft) without derating; for operation above 20007000 m (656022965 ft) maximum, refer to Thermal Wizard
Humidity		595% (noncondensing)
Pollution Degree		2
Mounting Orientation		Vertical
Atmospheric Protection		ANSI/ISA - 71.04-2013; Class G3 Environment

Table 113 - Mechanical Ratings

		Attribute			Rating		
Resistance to Vibration		Operational		All Devices	1.0 G Peak, 0.15 mm (0.006 in.) Displacement		
Solid-state enstruction	l	Non-Operati	ional	All Devices	2.5 G Peak, 0.38 mm (0.015 in.) Displacement		
Resistance to Shock	Integrated Dynasa	Operational		108480 A	5.5 G		
	integrated bypass	Non-Operati	ional	100400 A	25 G		
	Colid atata	Operational		90520 A	15 G		
	Sulu-State	Non-Operational		90320 A	30 G		
-		Power Poles	3		Heatsink Hockey Puck Thyristor Modular Design		
Construction		Control Mod	ules		Thermoset and Thermoplastic Moldings		
		Metal Parts			Plated Brass, Copper, or Steel		
				108135 A	One M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole		
			Integrated Bypass	201251 A	Two M10 x 1.5 diameter hole per power pole		
		Power Terminal	Бурцоо	317480 A	Two M12 x 1.75 diameter hole per power pole		
erminals		Lugs		90180 A	One 10.5 mm (0.41 in.) diameter hole per power pole		
Terminals			Solid-state	210320 A	Two 10.5 mm (0.41 in.) diameter holes per power pole		
				361520 A	Two 13.5 mm (0.53 in.) diameter holes per power pole		
		Power Term	inal Markings		NEMA, CENELEC EN50 012		
		Control Tern	ninals	M3 Screw Clamp	Clamping Yoke Connection		

Table 114 - Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Ratings

	Attribute	Rating
EMC Emission Levels	Conducted Radio Frequency Emissions	Class A (per EN 60947-4-2)
ELIC FIIIISSIOII FEAGIS	Radiated Emissions	Class A (per EN 60947-4-2)
	Electrostatic Discharge	8 kV Air Discharge Per EN 60947-4-2
EMC Immunity Levels	Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Field	Per EN 60947-4-2
Elic illillidility Levels	Fast Transient	Per EN 60947-4-2
	Surge Transient	Per EN 60947-4-2

Table 115 - Overload Characteristics

Overload Characteristics	Device Type	Rated Current [A]	Line-connected Devices	Delta-connected Devices
		108	27108	47187
		135	34135	59234
		201	67201	116348
	Integrated Bypass Devices	251	84251	145435
	2011000	317	106317	183549
		361	120361	208625
		480	160480	277831
		90	3090	52155
Current Range	Solid-state Devices	110	37110	65190
		140	47140	82242
		180	60180	104311
		210	70210	122363
		260	87260	151450
		320	107320	186554
		361	120361	210625
		420	140420	243727
		520	174520	302900
Overload Type			Electronic - usi	ng I^2 t algorithm
Trip Classes			5 to	30
Trip Current Rating			118% of I	1otor FLC
Number of Poles				3

Table 116 - Standards Compliance and Certifications

Standards Compliance	Certifications
UL 508	cULus Listed (Open Type) (File No. E96956)
EN 60947-4-2	CE Marked per EMC Directive and Low Voltage Directive
	CCC ⁽¹⁾
:N 60947-4-2	C-Tick ⁽¹⁾
	EAC ⁽¹⁾
	KCC ⁽¹⁾
	ABS ⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ For updated certification status of controllers with 24V DC control power, consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor, or rok.auto/productcertifications.

Table 117 - Integrated Bypass Devices: Protection Device and Bypass Component Selection—Line-connected Motor

Description	SMC-50 Cat. No. ⁽¹⁾								
Description	150-S108N	150-S135N	150-S201N	150-S251N	150-S317N	150-S361N	150-S480N		
Rated Current [A]	108	135	201	251	317	361	480		
Voltage	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC		
	Sh	ort-circuit Curr	ent Ratings (SCC	(R) ⁽²⁾					
Standard Fault SCCR at 600V									
Std. Available Fault [kA]	1	0	1	8		30	42		
Max. Non-Time Delay Fuse	400	500	600	700	800	1000	1200		
Max. Inverse Time Circuit Breaker (CB)	300	400	600	700	800	1000	1200		
High Fault SCCR									
High Available Fault with Fuses at 600V [kA]		•	70		69				
Max. Class J or L Time Delay Fuse	200	225	350	400	500	600	800		
High Available Fault with Circuit Breaker at 480V [kA]									
Max. Inverse Time CB (Bul. 140G required) ⁽³⁾				Pending					
Bul. 140G MCCB Frame Size									
		Branch Protec	tion Reference ⁽	2)					
Inverse Time Circuit Breaker Selections ⁽¹⁾									
35 kA at 600V Maximum	140G- K6F3-D	140G- K6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	_	-		
50 kA at 600V Maximum	-	-	-	_	-	140G- N6H3-E ⁽⁴⁾	140G- N6H3-E12		
65 kA at 480V Maximum ⁽³⁾				Pending					
Fused Disconnect Selections, For Use With Non- Time Delay Fuses	194R-J400- 1753	194R-J600- 1753	194R-J600-1753	194R-L800-1753	194R-L800-1753	-	-		

For complete catalog numbers, see the product directory: <u>rok.auto</u>.

Always refer to local codes for proper selection of branch circuit components.

Circuit Breaker must be of the designated 140G Frame size for high fault short circuit ratings.

Requires rating plug selection based on application; see the product directory: <u>rok.auto</u>.

Table 118 - Solid-state Devices: Protection Device and Bypass Component Selection Overview—Line-connected Motor

Description		SMC-50 Cat. No. ⁽¹⁾									
Description	•	150-SB1N	150-SB2N	150-SB3N	150-SB4N	150-SC1N	150-SC2N	150-SC3N	150-SD1N	150-SD2N	150-SD3N
Rated Current	[A]	90	110	140	180	210	260	320	361	420	520
Voltage	[V AC]	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600
				Short-	circuit Curren	t Ratings (SCC	R) ⁽²⁾				
Standard Fault SCCR at 60	OV										
Std. Available Fault	[kA]			10			18			30	
Max. Non-Time Delay Fuse	[A]	350	400	500	500	600	700	800	1000	1200	1200
Max. Time Delay Fuse	[A]	200	225	300	400	450	500	700	800	800	1000
Max. Inverse Time Circuit Breaker (CB)	[A]	350	300	400	500	600	700	800	1000	1200	1200
High Fault SCCR											
High Available Fault with Fuses at 600V	[kA]					1	00				
Max. Class J or L Time Delay Fuse	[A]	200	225	300	400	450	500	700	800	800	1000
High Available Fault with Circuit Breaker at [kA] 65 480V											
Max. Inverse Time CB (Bul. 140G required) ⁽³⁾	[A]	350	300	400	400	600	700	800	1000	1200	1200
Bul. 140G MCCB Frame Size				K			M	N			
				Br	anch Protectio	on Reference ⁽²)				
Inverse Time Circuit Break	er Sele	ctions ⁽¹⁾									
35 kA at 600V Maximum		140G- K6F3-D	140G- K6F3-D	140G- K6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	_	_	_
50 kA at 600V Maximum		_	-	-	-	-	_	_	140G- N6H3- E ⁽⁴⁾	140G- N6H3-E12	140G- N6H3-E12
65 kA at 480V Maximum ⁽³⁾		140G- K6F3-D	140G- K6F3-D	140G- K6F3-D	140G-K6F3-D	140G-M6F3-D	140G-M6F3-D	140G-M6F3-D	140G- N6H3- E12 ⁽⁴⁾	140G- N6H3-E12	140G- N6H3-E12
Fused Disconnect Selectio For Use With Non-Time De Fuses		194R- J200-1753	194R- J400-1753	194R- J400-1753	194R-J400- 1753	194R-J600- 1753	194R-J600- 1753	194R-L800- 1753	_	-	-
				Вур	ass Contactor	Reference (3)	(5)				l.
AC-3 Rated per UL/CSA ⁽⁶⁾ ,	Standar	rd Fault SCCI	R								
Short-circuit current ratin 600V with: ⁽¹⁾		100-C97	100-E116	100-E146	100-E190	100-E265	100-E265	100-E305	100-E460	100-E460	100-E860
Standard Available Fault	[kA]			10			18			30	l
Max. Non-Time Delay Fuse	[A]	350 A	250 A	350 A	450 A	600 A	700 A	800 A	1000 A	1000 A	1200 A
High Fault SCCR			I.	L	I.	l .	l .		l .	I.	
Short-circuit current ratin with: ⁽¹⁾	gs	100-C97	100-E116	100-E146	100-E190	100-E265	100-E265	100-E305	100-E370	100-E460	100-E750
High Available Fault with Fuses at 600V	[kA]		1		1	1	00		1	1	I
Max. Class J or Class L Time Delay Fuse	[A]	120 A	200 A	200 A	400 A	450 A	500 A	600 A	600 A	600 A	1200 A

For complete catalog numbers, see the product directory: <u>rok.auto</u>.

Always refer to local codes for proper selection of branch circuit components.

Circuit Breaker must be of the designated 1406 Frame size for high fault short circuit ratings.

Requires rating plug selection based on application; see the product directory: <u>rok.auto</u>.

For the most up-to-date information, including voltage ratings other than 600V, see <u>rok.auto/sccr</u>.

In IEC regulated regions when sizing the bypass contactor per AC-1 or AC-3 ratings, the short circuit rating of the bypass contactor must be similar to that of the SMC-50 controller.

Table 119 - Integrated Bypass Devices: Protection Device and Bypass Component Selection—Delta-connected Motor

Description	SMC-50 Cat. No. ⁽¹⁾								
Description	150-S108N	150-S135N	150-S201N	150-S251N	150-S317N	150-S361N	150-S480N		
Rated Current [A]	187	234	348	435	549	625	831		
Voltage	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC	230600V AC		
	Sh	ort-circuit Curre	ent Ratings (SCCR)	(2)					
Standard Fault SCCR at 600V									
Std. Available Fault [kA]	1	0	18		3	50	42		
Max. Non-Time Delay Fuse	600	700	1000	1200	1600	1600	1600		
Max. Inverse Time Circuit Breaker (CB)	500	700	1000	1200	1600	1600	1200		
High Fault SCCR									
High Available Fault with Fuses at 600V [kA]		•	0		69				
Max. Class J or L Time Delay Fuse	300	400	600	800	1000	1200	1600		
High Available Fault with Circuit Breaker at 480V [kA]									
Max. Inverse Time CB (Bul. 140G required) ⁽³⁾	Pending								
Bul. 140G MCCB Frame Size									
		Branch Protect	tion Reference ⁽²⁾						
Inverse Time Circuit Breaker Selections ⁽¹⁾									
35 kA at 600V Maximum	140G- M6F3-D	140G- M6F3-D	_		-	_	_		
50 kA at 600V Maximum	-	-	140G- N6H3-E ⁽⁴⁾	140G- N6H3-E12	140G-R12I3-E ⁽⁴⁾	140G-R12I3-E ⁽⁴⁾	140G-N6H3-E12		
65 kA at 480V Maximum ⁽³⁾									
Fused Disconnect Selections, For Use With Non-Time Delay Fuses	194R-J600-1753	194R-L800-1753	-	_	_	-	_		

For complete catalog numbers, see the product directory: <u>rok.auto</u>.

Always refer to local codes for proper selection of branch circuit components.

Circuit Breaker must be of the designated 140G Frame size for high fault short circuit ratings.

Requires rating plug selection based on application; see the product directory: <u>rok.auto</u>.

Table 120 - Solid-state Devices: Protection Device and Bypass Component Selection—Delta-connected Motor

Description						SMC-50 Cat. N	o. ⁽¹⁾				
Description	•	150-SB1N	150-SB2N	150-SB3N	150-SB4N	150-SC1N	150-SC2N	150-SC3N	150-SD1N	150-SD2N	150-SD3N
Rated Current	[A]	155	190	242	311	363	450	554	625	727	900
Voltage	[VAC]	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600	230600
				Short-circ	cuit Current R	atings (SCCR) ⁽²⁾					
Standard Fault SCCR at											
Std. Available Fault	[kA]		1	8			30	.		42	
Max. Non-Time Delay Fuse	[A]	450	500	700	800	1000	1200	1600	1600	2000	2500
Max. Time Delay Fuse	[A]	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1200	1600	2000
Max. Inverse Time Circuit Breaker (CB)	[A]	450	500	700	800	1000	1200	1600	1600	2000	2500
High Fault SCCR											
High Available Fault with Fuses at 600V	[kA]					65					
Max. Class J or L Time Delay Fuse	[A]	300	400	500	600	800	1000	1200	1200	1600	2000
High Available Fault with Circuit Breaker at 480V	[kA]					65					
Max. Inverse Time CB (Bul. 140G required) ⁽³⁾	[A]	450	500	700	700	1000	1200	1200	_	-	_
Bul. 140G MCCB Frame S	ize		<u> </u>	1			N			Pending	
				Branc	h Protection F	Reference ⁽²⁾					
Inverse Time Circuit Bre	aker Sel	lections ⁽¹⁾									
35 kA at 600V Maximum		140G- K6F3- D	140G- M6F3- D	140G- M6F3- D	140G- M6F3- D	_	_	_	_	-	_
50 kA at 600V Maximum		-	_	-	-	140G- N6H3-E ⁽⁴⁾	140G- N6H3-E12	140G-R12I3- E ⁽⁴⁾	140G-R12I3- E ⁽⁴⁾	140G- R12I3-E20	140G- R12I3-E25
65 kA at 480V Maximum	(3)	140G-M6F3-D	140G-M6F3-D	140G-M6F3-D	140G-M6F3-D	140G- N6H3-E ⁽⁴⁾	140G- N6H3-E12	140G- N6H3-E12		Pending	•
Fused Disconnect Selec For Use With Non-Time Fuses		194R-J400- 1753	194R-J400- 1753	194R-J600- 1753	194R-J600- 1753	194R-L800-1753	-	-	-	-	-
				Bypass	Contactor Re	ference ^{(2) (5)}					
AC-3 Rated per UL/CSA ⁽⁶), Standa	ard Fault SCCF	?								
Short-circuit current rate @ 600V with: ⁽¹⁾		100-E265	100-E265	100-E265	100-E305	100-E460	100-E460	100-E860	100-E860	100-E860	100-E1060
Standard Available Fault	[kA]		1:	8			30			42	I
Max. Non-Time Delay Fuse	[A]	450	500	700	800	1000	1000	1600	1600	2000	2000
High Fault SCCR			l .					I.	l .		l .
Short-circuit current rate with: ⁽¹⁾	ings	100-E190	100-E190	100-E265	100-E305	100-E460	100-E460	100-E580	100-E750	100-E860	100-E1260
High Available Fault with Fuses at 600V	[kA]					65					
Max. Class J or Class L Time Delay Fuse	[A]	300	400	500	600	600	600	1200	1200	1600	1600

For complete catalog numbers, see the product directory: rok.auto.

Always refer to local codes for proper selection of branch circuit components.

Circuit Breaker must be of the designated 140G Frame size for high fault short circuit ratings. Other circuit breakers pending.

Requires rating plug selection based on application; see the product directory: rok.auto.

For the most up-to-date information, including voltage ratings other than 600V, see rok.auto/sccr.

In IEC regulated regions when sizing the bypass contactor per AC-1 or AC-3 ratings, the short circuit rating of the bypass contactor must be similar to that of the SMC-50 controller.

Table 121 - SMC-50 Controller Enclosure Requirements

Enclo	osure Ratings		
Standard Device Rating:		IPOO (NEMA Open Type)	
Minimum Required Enclosure:		IP23 (NEMA Type 1)	
Recommended Enclosure: ⁽¹⁾		IP54 (NEMA Type 12)	
Ambient temperature range (open air) or internal enclosure temperature range	Internal Bypass	-20+50 °C (-4+122 °F)	
without derating:	Solid-state	-20+40 °C (-4+104 °F)	
Orientati	on and Clearance		
Mounting Orientation:		Vertical ONLY	
Minimum Clearance:	Horizontal	0 cm (0 in.)	
i illillillilli ciedi dilce.	Vertical	15 cm (6 in.)	

⁽¹⁾ See <u>Table 122</u> for minimum enclosure size.

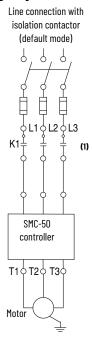
Typical Wiring Diagrams

Figure 20 - Typical Power Wiring Diagrams

Diagrams per NEMA Symbology

SMC-50 controller with internal bypass

SMC-50 solid-state controller



Inside-the-Delta connection
with isolation contactor
(optional mode)

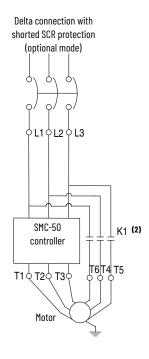
L1 L2 L3

K1 + + (1)

T6

SMC-50
controller

T1 T2 T3

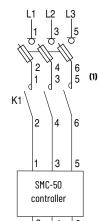


Diagrams per IEC Symbology

SMC-50 controller with internal bypass

SMC-50 solid-state

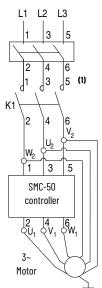




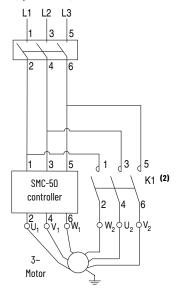
3~

Motor

Line connection with Inside-the-Delta connection isolation contactor (default mode) (optional mode)



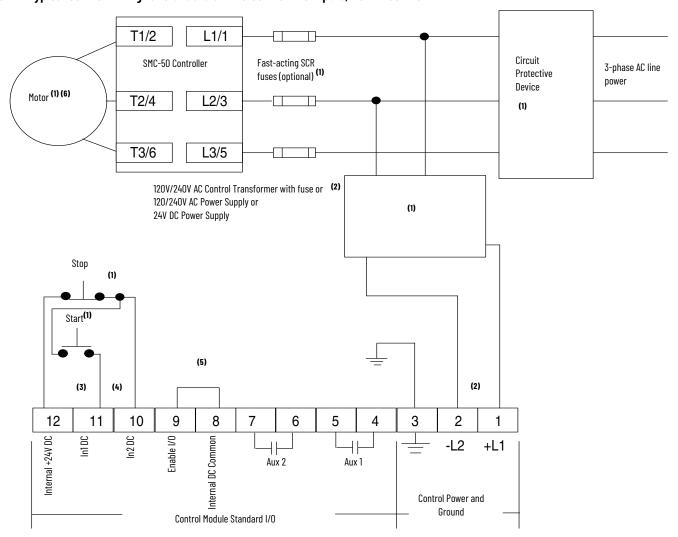
Delta connection with shorted SCR protection (optional mode)



Note	Information
1	Contactor must be fully rated for motor Hp/kW and FLA.
2	For North American applications, size the contactor according to the motor Hp and FLA. For IEC applications, size the contactor according to the motor AC-1 or AC-3 rating, the short-circuit current rating of the contactor must be similar to that of the SMC-50 controller.

Typical Control Wiring Diagrams

Figure 21 - Typical Control Wiring for Standard 3-Wire Control—DC Inputs, No DPI Control



Note	Information
1	Customer supplied
2	See the controller nameplate to verify control power input ratings (100240V AC or 24V DC)
3	Terminal 11 (In 1 DC) 24V DC input configured for START input using Parameter 56
4	Terminal 10 (In 2 DC) 24V DC input configured for COAST, STOP option, etc. using Parameter 57
5	A customer-supplied jumper is required to enable standard I/O operation.
6	Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of off-stream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See Figure 20 for details



The controller generates an I/O configuration fault if any input is configured for START or SLOW speed and no input is selected for COAST or STOP.



In addition to a small amount of leakage current flowing through an SCR in the off-state, failure of one or more solid-state power switching components allows uncontrolled current to flow to the motor winding(s). This could potentially result in overheating or damage to the motor. To help prevent potential personal injury or equipment damage, we recommend that you install an isolation contactor or shunt trip-type circuit breaker capable of interrupting the motor locked rotor current on the line side of the SMC-50 controller. Coordinate operation of the isolation device by configuring using one of the SMC-50 controller auxiliary contacts configured to NORMAL.

T1/2 L1/1 Circuit Fast-acting SCR fuses SMC-50 Controller Protective (optional) 3-phase AC line power Device Motor (1)(5) T2/4 L2/3 \Box (1) T3/6 L3/5 120V/240V AC Control Transformer with (2) fuse or (1) 120/240V AC Power Supply or 24V DC Power Supply Start/Stop (3) (4) (2) 12 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 11 1 In1 DC In2 DC Enable I/0 -L2 Internal +24V DC Internal DC Common +L1 Aux 2 Aux 1 Control Power and Ground Control Module Standard I/O

Figure 22 - Typical Control Wiring for 2-Wire Control with Stopping Capability—DC Inputs, No DPI Control

Note	Information
1	Customer supplied
2	See the controller nameplate to verify control power input ratings (100240V AC or 24V DC)
3	Terminal 10 (In 2 DC) 24V DC N.O. input is configured for start/stop or start/coast using Parameter 57 (contact closed start initiated, contact open, stop initiated). When using start/stop or start/coast, you must use a N.O. input contact
4	A customer-supplied jumper is required to enable controller standard I/O operation
5	Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of upstream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See Figure 20 for details
6	Configure In1 (Input 1—Parameter 56) to "Disable"



The controller generates an I/O configuration fault if any input is configured for START or SLOW speed and no input is selected for COAST or STOP.



In addition to a small amount of leakage current flowing through an SCR in the off-state, failure of one or more solid-state power switching components allows uncontrolled current to flow to the motor winding(s). This could potentially result in overheating or damage to the motor. To help prevent potential personal injury or equipment damage, the installation of an isolation contactor or shunt trip-type circuit breaker capable of interrupting the motor's locked rotor current on the line side of the SMC-50 controller is recommended. Operation of the isolation device should be coordinated using one of the SMC-50 controller Aux contacts configured to NORMAL.

Approximate Dimensions

Dimensions are in inches (mm) unless otherwise noted. Dimensions are not to be used for manufacturing purposes.

The guidelines in <u>Table 122</u> result from the open design of the SMC-50 controller and the minimum clearance requirements of 150 mm (6 in.) above and below the controller.

Table 122 - SMC-50 Controller Minimum Enclosure Size

SMC-50 Controller with Internal Bypass						
Catalog Number	mm (in.) ⁽¹⁾					
Catalog Number	Width	Height	Depth			
150-\$108 / 150-\$135	609.6 (24.0)	762.0 (30.0)	304.8 (12.0)			
150-S201 / 150-S251	762.0 (30.0)	965.2 (38.0)	355.6 (14.0)			
150-\$317 / 150-\$361 / 150-\$480	914.4 (36.0)	1295.4 (51.0)	355.6 (14.0)			

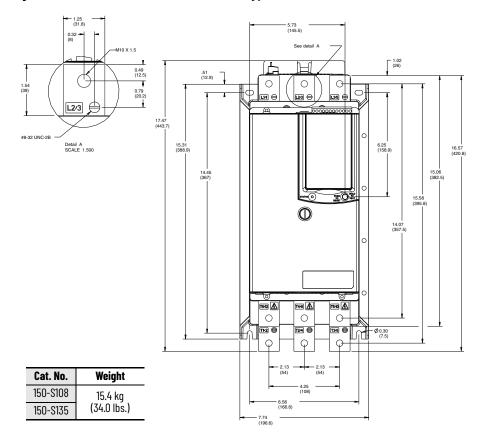
Solid-state SMC-50 Controller							
Catalog	Configuration	mm (in.) ⁽¹⁾					
Number	Configuration	Width	Height	Depth			
150.00	Line/Wye	609.6 (24.0)	762.0 (30.0)	304.8 (12.0)			
150-SB	Inside-the-Delta	762.0 (30.0)	965.2 (38.0)	355.6 (14.0)			
150-SC	All	762.0 (30.0)	965.2 (38.0)	355.6 (14.0)			
150-SD	All	914.4 (36.0)	1295.4 (51.0)	355.6 (14.0)			

⁽¹⁾ Actual enclosure size changes based on heat dissipation, duty cycle, ambient temperature, and external cooling. See the user manual, publication 150-UM011, for more information.

Controllers with Internal Bypass



Figure 23 - 108/135 A Controller with Internal Bypass: Without Terminal Covers



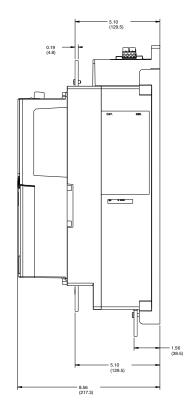




Figure 24 - 108/135 A Controller with Internal Bypass: With Terminal Covers and MOV Options

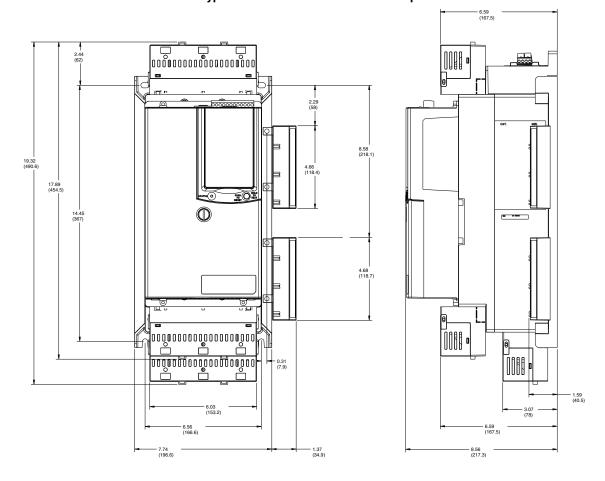


Figure 25 - 201/251 A Controller with Internal Bypass: Without Terminal Covers

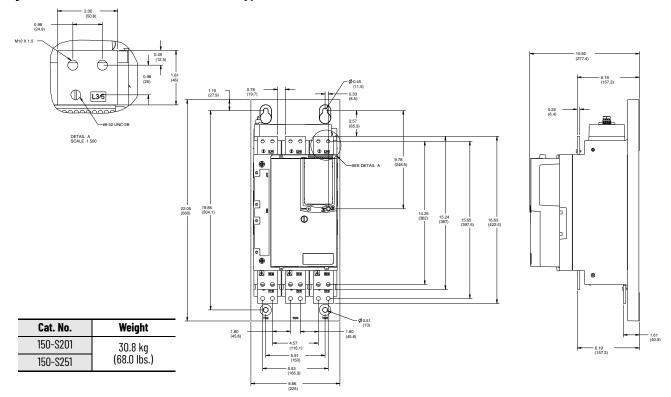
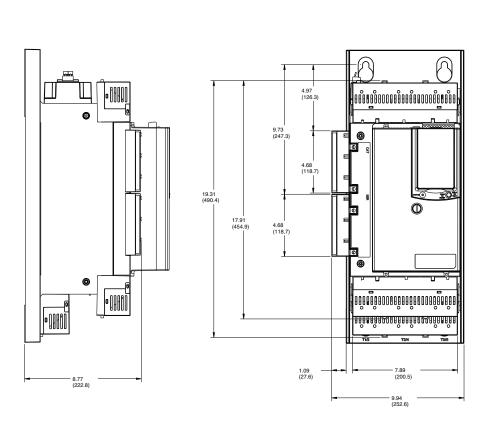
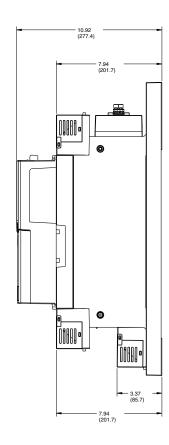


Figure 26 - 201/251 A Controller with Internal Bypass: With Terminal Covers and MOV Options



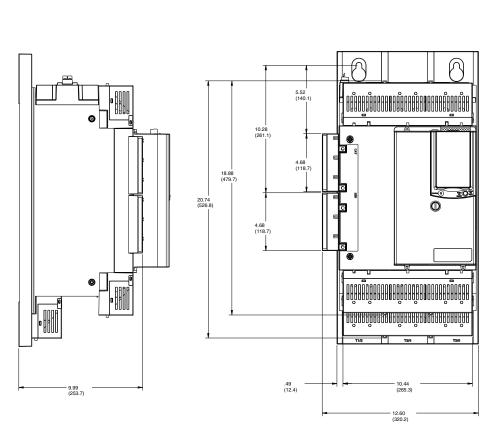


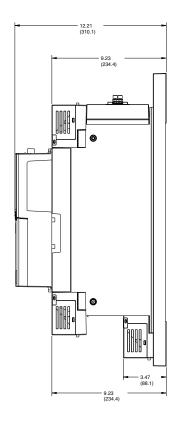
1.29 (32.7) 0 0 0 0 0 DETAIL A SCALE 1.500 **A 6** 0 0 0-9 9 0 Cat. No. Weight 150-S317 2.41 (61.3) 46.2 kg 150-S361 (102 lbs.) 150-\$480

Figure 27 - 317/361/480 A Controller with Internal Bypass: Without Terminal Covers



Figure 28 - 317/361/480 A Controller with Internal Bypass: With Terminal Covers and MOV Options

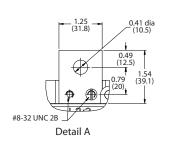


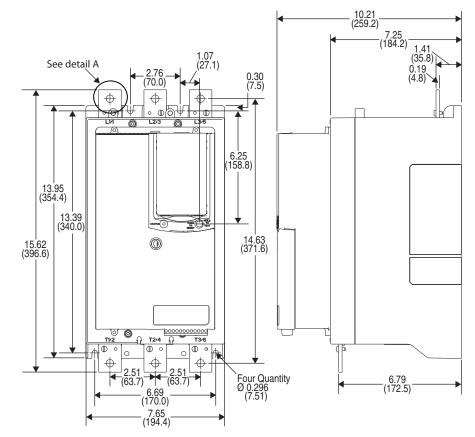


Solid-state Controllers



Figure 29 - Cat. Nos. 150-SB1...SB4 Solid-state Controller: Without Terminal Covers





Cat. No.	Weight
150-SB1	
150-SB2	15.7 kg
150-SB3	(34.6 lbs.)
150-SB4	



Figure 30 - Cat. Nos. 150-SB1...SB4 Solid-state Controller: With Terminal Covers and MOV Options

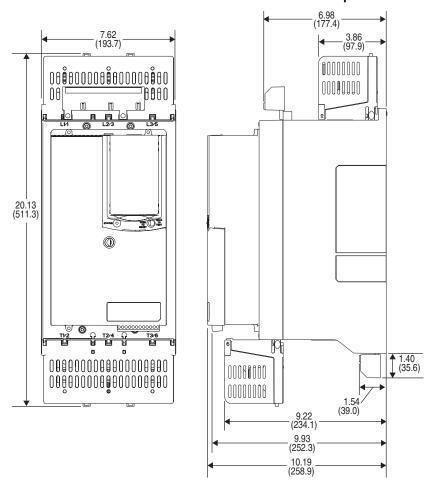
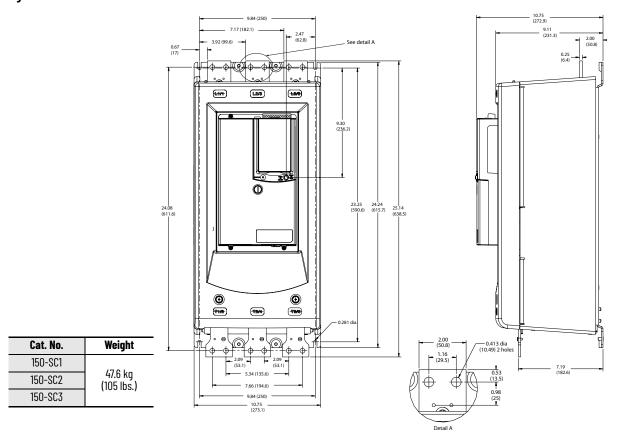




Figure 31 - Cat. Nos. 150-SC1...SC3 Solid-state Controller





When mounted in an enclosure, maintain a minimum of 6.0 inches (152.4 mm) clearance above and below the SMC-50 controller. Side-to-side clearance is not required.

Figure 32 - Cat. Nos. 150-SC1...SC3 Solid-state Controller: With Lugs, Bypass Kit, and MOV Options

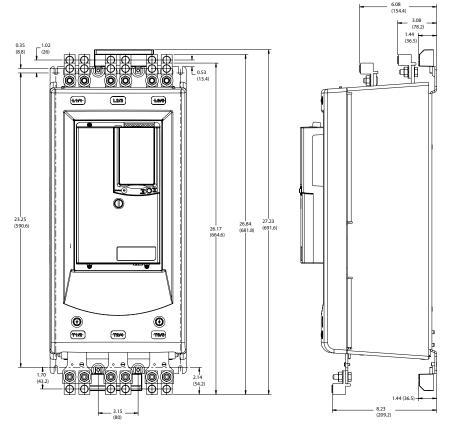
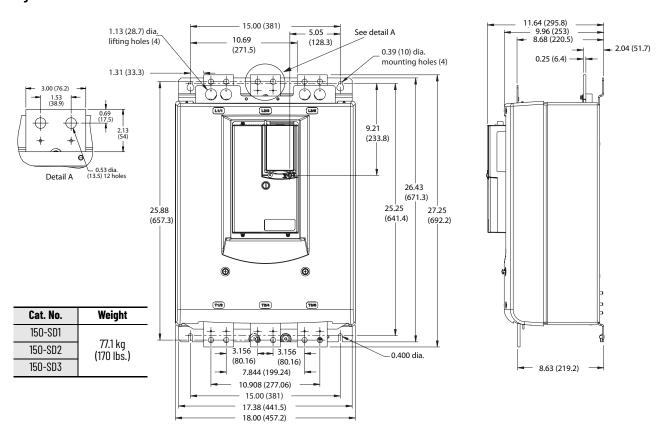


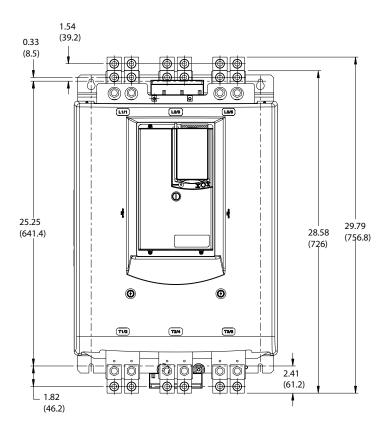
Figure 33 - Cat. Nos. 150-SD1...SD3 Solid-state Controller

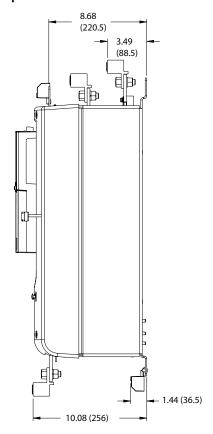




When mounted in an enclosure, maintain a minimum of 6.0 inches (152.4 mm) clearance above and below the SMC-50 controller. Side-to-side clearance is not required.

Figure 34 - Cat. Nos. 150-SD1...SD3 Solid-state Controller: With Lugs, Bypass Kit, and MOV Options





This section describes several of the myriad applications for SMC controllers. It also details the basis for selecting a control method. Illustrations are included to help identify the application. Motor ratings are specified, but the ratings may vary in other typical applications.

Applications and starting methods that are ideal for the SMC controllers include the following.

- Fans
 - Soft start
 - Linear acceleration
- Pumps
 - Soft start
 - Pump control
 - Linear acceleration
 - Pump cavitation
- Conveyors
 - Soft start
 - Linear acceleration
- Centrifuges
 - Smart motor braking
 - Current limit
- Shock loads
 - Rock crushers
 - Hammer Mills
 - Bark Hogs
- High-inertia loads
 - Hammer mill with current limit
 - Shredder with soft start
 - Bandsaw with soft start
 - Ball mill with current limit
- · Smart Motor Braking
 - Bandsaw
 - Centrifuge
 - Hammermill
 - Ball mill
- Compressors
 - Soft start
- Tumblers
 - Linear acceleration
 - Soft start
- Short-term slow speed
- Resistive loads

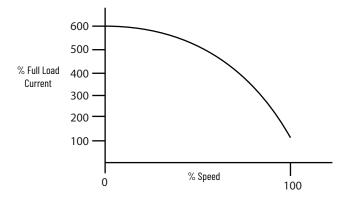
Reduced Voltage Starting

There are two primary reasons for using reduced voltage when starting a motor:

- · Limit line disturbances
- Reduce excessive torque to the driven equipment

When starting a motor at full voltage, the current drawn from the power line is typically 600% of normal full load current. This high current flows until the motor is almost up to speed and then decreases, as shown in Figure 35. This could cause line voltage dips and brown-outs.

Figure 35 - Full-load Current vs. Speed



In addition to high starting currents, the motor also produces starting torques that are higher than full-load torque. The magnitude of the starting torque depends on the motor design. NEMA publishes standards for torques and currents for motor manufacturers to follow. Typically, a NEMA Design B motor has a locked rotor or starting torque that is approximately180% of full-load torque.

In many applications, this starting torque can cause excessive mechanical damage such as belt, chain, or coupling breakage.

All forms of reduced voltage starting affect the motor current and torque characteristics. When you apply a reduced voltage to a motor at rest, the current drawn by the motor is reduced. The torque produced by the motor is a factor of approximately the square of the percentage of voltage applied.

For example, if 50% voltage is applied to the motor, a starting torque of approximately 25% of the normal starting torque is produced. In the previous full voltage example, the NEMA Design B motor had a starting torque of 180% of full load torque. With only 50% voltage applied, this equates to approximately 45% of full load torque. Table 123 shows the typical relationship of voltage, current, and torque for a NEMA Design B motor.

Table 123 - Typical Voltage, Current and Torque Characteristics for NEMA Design B Motors

	º/ Voltogo et Meter	Motor Starting	Current as % of:	Line Curre	ent as % of:	Motor Starting	Torque as % of:
Starting Method	% Voltage at Motor Terminals	Locked Rotor Current	Full Load Current	Locked Rotor Current	Full Load Current	Locked Rotor Torque	Full Load Torque
Full Voltage	100	100	600	100	600	100	180
Autotransformer							
80% tap	80	80	480	64	384	64	115
65% tap	65	65	390	42	252	42	76
50% tap	50	50	300	25	150	25	45
Part Winding	100	65	390	65	390	50	90
Wye-Delta	100	33	198	33	198	33	60
Solid-state	0100	0100	0100	0100	0100	0100	0100

With the wide range of torque characteristics for the various starting methods, selecting an electromechanical reduced voltage starter becomes more application dependent. In many instances, available torque becomes the key factor in the selection processes.

Solid-state Starters with SCRs

In solid-state starters, silicon-controlled rectifiers (SCRs) (see Figure 36) are used to control the voltage output to the motor. An SCR allows current to flow in one direction only. The amount of conduction of an SCR is controlled by the pulses received at the gate of the SCR. When two SCRs are connected back to back (see Figure 37), the AC power to a load can be controlled by changing the firing angle of the line voltage (see Figure 38) during each half cycle. By changing the angle, it is possible to increase or decrease the voltage and current to the motor. The SMC-50 controller incorporates a microprocessor to control the firing of the SCRs. Six SCRs are used in the power section to provide full cycle control of the voltage and current. The voltage and current can be slowly and steplessly increased to the motor.

Figure 36 - Silicon-controlled Rectifier

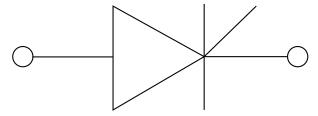


Figure 37 - Typical Wiring Diagram for SCRs

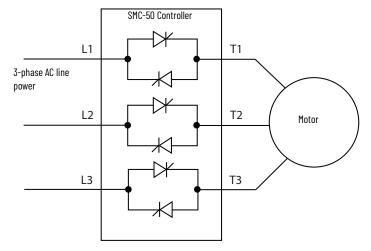
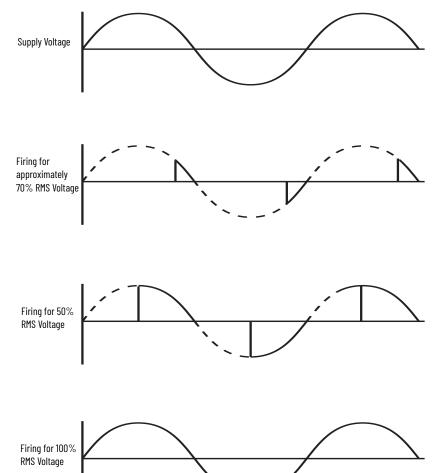


Figure 38 - Different Firing Angles (Single-phase Simplification)



Industry Applications Matrix

Use this section to identify possible SMC controller applications. This section contains an application matrix that identifies starting characteristics and typical stopping features that may be used in various applications.

Table 124 - Mining and Metals⁽¹⁾

Application	So	ft St	art		urre Limi		Ki	ckst	art	So	ft Si	top		Pum ontr		Acc	cu- S	Stop		Smai Moto Brak	r		rese w Sp			w Sp th Br			ear Sp elera		C	orqu ontr Star	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Roller Mills	-	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	-	_	χ	_	_	χ
Hammermills	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Roller Conveyors	_	χ	Χ	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Centrifugal Pumps	-	χ	χ	_	χ	χ	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	χ	χ	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	_	_	Χ	-	-	χ
Fans	χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Tumbler	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Rock Crusher	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Dust Collector	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Chillers	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Compressor	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Wire Draw Machine	-	χ	χ	-	Χ	χ	-	χ	χ	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	χ	-	-	Χ
Belt Conveyors	χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	-	-	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Shredder	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Grinder	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Slicer	_	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Overload Conveyor	-	χ	Χ	-	_	_	-	χ	Χ	-	χ	Х	-	_	_	_	χ	χ	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	χ	χ	-	_	χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller

Table 125 - Food Processing⁽¹⁾

Application	So	ft St	art		urre Limi		Ki	ckst	art	So	ft St	юр		Pum ontr		Acc	:u- S	top	ı	Smar Moto Brak	r		rese w Sp	et eed		w Sp th Br			ar Sp elera		C	orqu ontr Star	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Centrifugal Pumps	-	χ	χ	_	Χ	χ	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	χ	χ	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	χ	-	_	χ
Palletizers	_	Χ	Χ	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	χ	χ	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Mixers	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Agitators	_	Χ	Χ				_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Centrifuges	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Conveyors	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Fans	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Bottle Washers	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Compressors	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Hammermill	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Separators	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Dryers	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Slicers	_	χ	χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	χ	χ	_	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	χ	-	_	χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3 = SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller

Table 126 - Pulp and Paper⁽¹⁾

Application	So	ft St	art		urre Limi		Ki	ckst	art	So	ft Si	top		Pum ontr		Acc	:u- S	top	İ	Smar Moto Brak	r		rese w Sp	et eed			eed ake		inea Spee elera	d	C	orqu ontr Stari	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Compressors	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Conveyors	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Trolleys	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Dryers	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	-	_	χ
Agitators	-	Χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	-	_	χ
Centrifugal Pumps	-	Χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	Χ	Χ	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	-	_	χ
Mixers	-	Χ	χ	-	χ	χ	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	X ⁽²⁾	-	-	Χ
Fans	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Re-Pulper	-	Χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	-	_	χ
Shredder	ı	χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	1	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	χ

Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller Unloaded

Table 127 - Petrochemical⁽¹⁾

Application	So	ft St	art		urre Limi		Kid	cksta	art	So	ft St	ор		Pum ontr		Acc	:u- S	top	l	Smar Moto Brak	r		rese v Sp		Slov	w Sp h Bra		9	inea Speed S	d	C	orqu ontr Star	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Centrifugal Pumps	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Extruders	-	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	1	-	-	Χ	_	_	χ
Screw Conveyors	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	Χ	_	_	χ
Mixers	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	Χ	_	_	χ
Agitators	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	Χ	_	_	χ
Compressors	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	1	_	-	χ	_	_	Χ
Fans	Χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	Χ	_	_	χ
Ball Mills	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	-	Χ	_	_	χ
Centrifuge	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	_	-	χ	_	_	Χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller

Table 128 - Transportation and Machine Tool⁽¹⁾

Application	So	ft St	art		urre Limi		Ki	ckst	art	So	ft S1	op		Pum ontr		Acc	:u- S	top	ı	Smar Moto Brak	r		reso w Sp	et eed		w Sp h Br		Line		eed tion	C	orqu ontr Star	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Material Handling Conveyors	χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	_	χ	χ	_	_	_	-	χ	χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Ball Mills	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	χ	-	_	χ
Grinders	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	-	-	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Centrifugal Pumps	-	χ	Χ	_	χ	χ	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	χ	χ	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	χ	-	-	χ
Trolleys	_	Χ	Χ				_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Presses	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Fans	Χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	-	_	χ
Palletizers	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	χ	-	_	χ
Compressors	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Roller Mill	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	χ	χ	_	_	χ	-	_	χ
Die Charger	_	χ	Χ				-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	-	_	χ
Rotary Table	_	χ	χ				-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	χ	χ	-	-	-	_	Χ	χ	-	-	-	_	_	Χ	_	_	Χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller

Table 129 - OEM Specialty Machine⁽¹⁾

Application	X X X		art		urre Limi		Ki	ckst	art	So	ft St	ор		Pum ontr		Acc	:u- S	top		Smar Moto Brak	r		rese w Sp				eed ake		inea Spee elera		C	orqu ontr Star	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Centrifugal Pumps	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	ı	-	Χ	χ	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	Χ
Washers	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	1	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Conveyors	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	χ	_	_	χ
Power Walks	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	-	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Fans	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	_	_	χ
Twisting/ Spinning Machine	_	χ	χ	_	χ	χ	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	χ	_	_	Χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller

Table 130 - Lumber and Wood Products⁽¹⁾

Application	So	ft St	art		urre Limi		Ki	ckst	art	So	ft Si	ор		Pum ontr		Acc	:u- S	top	ı	Smar Moto Brak	r		rese w Sp	et Jeed		w Sp h Br	eed ake	9	inea pee elera n	d	C	orqu ontro Stari	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Chipper	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	Χ	_	-	χ
Circular Saw	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	Χ	_	_	χ
Bandsaw	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	-	Χ	Χ	_	-	χ	_	-	χ
Edger	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	_	_	χ
Conveyors	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	Χ	_	_	χ
Centrifugal Pumps	-	χ	χ	-	χ	χ	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	χ	χ	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	χ	-	-	χ
Compressors	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	χ	_	-	χ
Fans	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	Χ	_	_	χ
Planers	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	_	_	χ
Sander	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	Χ	_	_	χ
Debarker	_	χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	1	_	-	-	_	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	-	_	Χ	Χ	-	1	Χ	_	-	χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F = SMC Flex controller; 50 = SMC-50 controller

Table 131 - Water/Wastewater Treatment and Municipalities $^{(1)}$

Application	So	x x x			urre Limi		Kid	ckst	art	So	ft Si	top	F	ontr	p ol	Acc	:u- S	top	1	Smai Moto Brak	r		rese Slow Spee	ı	Spe	Slow ed v Brak	vith	9	inea pee eler n	d	C	orqu ontr Star	ol
	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50	3	F	50
Centrifugal Pumps	χ	χ	χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	-	-	-	χ	χ	χ	-	χ	χ	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	χ	-	-	χ
Centrifuge, heavy	_	Χ	Χ	_	Χ	Χ	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	χ	χ	_	_	_	_	χ	χ	-	-	χ	_	_	Χ
Fans		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	_	_	_	χ	Χ	Χ	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	χ	_	_	Χ
Compressors	Χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	χ	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	Χ	-	_	Χ

⁽¹⁾ Table Legend: 3= SMC-3 controller; F= SMC Flex controller; 50= SMC-50 controller

Fans

Soft starters are commonly used to start fans. Fans are typically variable torque type loads. The amount of torque that is required increases with the starting speed of the fan.

The best way to start a fan load is with the dampers closed to reduce the amount of resistance to airflow. Figure 39 and Figure 40 illustrate methods the SMC-50 uses for successful fan starting. Note the smooth start of the sensorless linear acceleration, keeping smooth control of the motor current.

Figure 39 - Sensorless Linear Acceleration and Sensorless Linear Deceleration

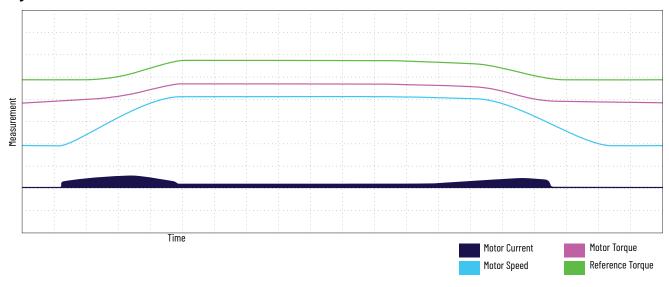
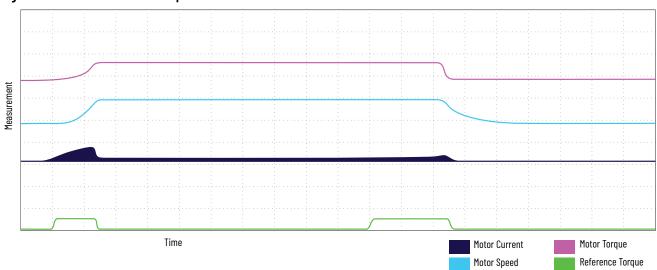


Figure 40 - Soft Start and Soft Stop

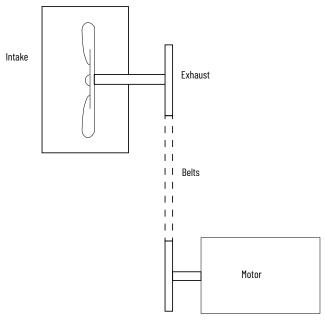


Exhaust Fan with Soft Start

Problem

The belts on an exhaust fan frequently break, which causes maintenance problems. In addition to the high cost of the belts, the fan belt guard is cumbersome to remove. The high starting torque from the motor is a major contributor to the belt wear. The customer wants to remotely stop and start the fan from a PLC. Panel space is limited, which requires a compact device. Figure 41 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 41 - Exhaust Fan with Soft Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed as a retrofit to the existing starter. The ramp time is set for 28 seconds, which facilitates a smooth acceleration while reducing the starting torque of the motor and minimizing the mechanical shock to the belts. The SMC-50 controller has optional communication capabilities, allowing it to be controlled remotely via a PLC. It also has built-in overload protection, which saves panel space by not requiring a separate overload protection device.

SMC Flex controllers also have the flexibility of setting the ramp time and the adjustability required for this application.

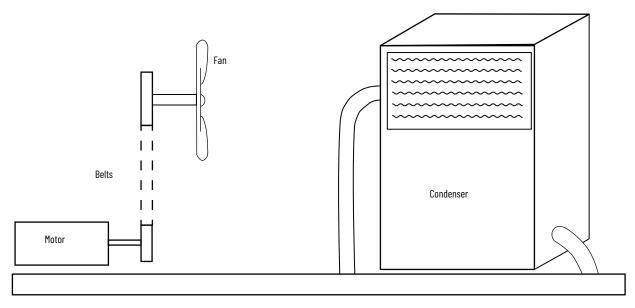
SMC-3 controllers have fixed selectable ramp times and selectable starting torques.

Chiller with Soft Start

Problem

A belt-driven fan on a chiller frequently breaks the belt because of high starting torque. The customer incurs excessive downtime because the housing has to be removed to replace the belt. A combination across-the-line starter is used to control the motor. Control panel space is limited. A device that uses same control and line voltage is required because there is no room in the panel for a control circuit transformer. Figure 42 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 42 - Chiller with Soft Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed as a retrofit to the chiller. It is set for an 18-second soft start to reduce the snap to the belts as a result of the high starting torque. It also reduces belt "squealing" that had been occurring at startup. Because the SMC-50 controller can operate with 240V control voltage and line voltage, a control circuit transformer is not required. The built-in overload protection on the SMC-50 controller further reduces the required panel space. The customer is able to retrofit the controller into the existing panel space.

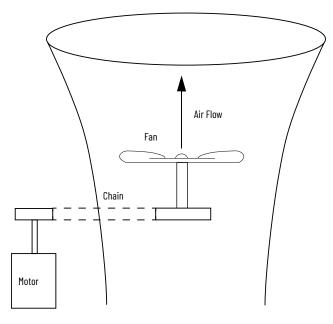
Both the SMC Flex and the SMC-3 controllers can operate at 240 control and line voltage, removing the requirement for a control circuit transformer.

Cooling Tower Fan with Linear Acceleration

Problem

A chain-driven fan that moderates the temperature of water in a chemical process is started across-the-line. The system requires frequent inspection and maintenance because of problems with the chain drive. Ice forms on the blades in winter. The air density is affected by seasonal temperature variations, which affects the starting time. The application requires a controlled start. Figure 43 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 43 - Cooling Tower Fan with Linear Acceleration



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed to provide a controlled acceleration to minimize the mechanical shock that is encountered during an across-the-line start. Maintenance inspection is also reduced. In the winter, when a longer start is required, linear acceleration is used to start the motor in the same time frame.

The SMC Flex controller offers soft start mode and linear acceleration with the use of an external tachometer.

The SMC-3 controller only offers soft start or current limit mode for this application.

Pumps

System dynamics play a big part in pumping applications. The motor, valving, elbows, head (static and dynamic) pressure and power source of the system are all factors. Each system requires different ways to start and stop the pump to reduce water hammer. The two main pumping systems are positive displacement and centrifugal.

SMC controllers work best when they start lightly loaded centrifugal pumps. These pumps increase pressure from the impellers, which creates the pumping action. Motor torque increases during the starting process.

In contrast, positive displacement pumps have a constant torque characteristic and need more-specific calculations to correctly estimate requirements. One tool to use is the SMC controller estimation wizard. The issue is the potential for high torque demand while starting this type of pump. The SMC controller requires full voltage at start to provide full torque.

Because each system is different, the SMC-50 controller offers multiple ways to control the pump, simply by changing parameters.

You can use soft start, pump start, and linear acceleration starting methods. Stopping methods for pump applications include soft stop, pump stop, and linear deceleration.

Figure 44 through Figure 46 compare starting methods using a 10-second start time, 0% initial torque, and 65% load on a centrifugal pump.

Figure 44 - Soft Start and Soft Stop in Pump Application

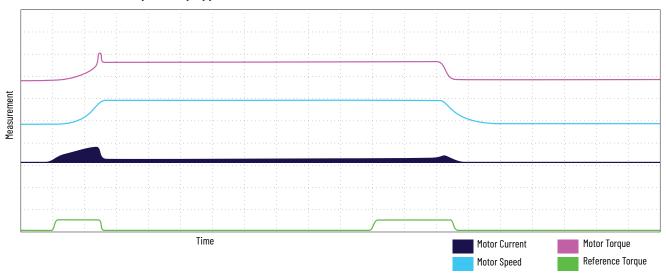


Figure 45 - Pump Control in Pump Application

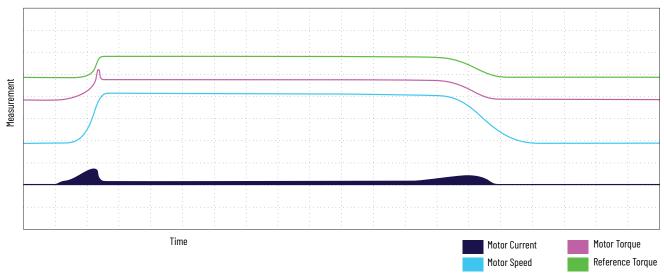
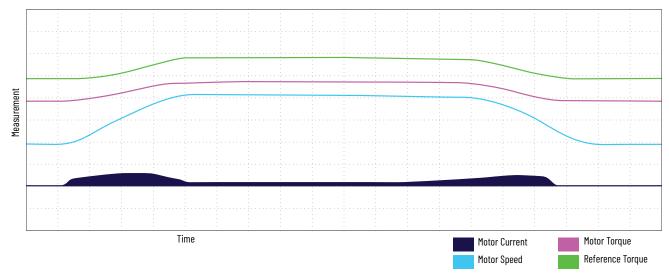


Figure 46 - Linear Acceleration and Linear Deceleration in Pump Application



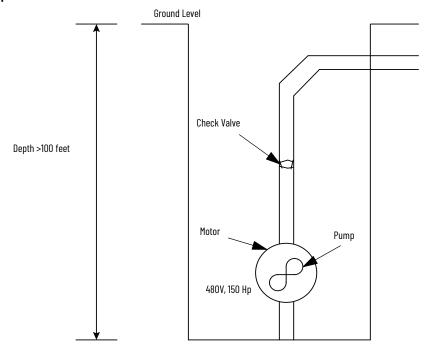
Notice the lower current consumption that is used by using the linear acceleration mode on startup. This mode is not as load dependent as the other two methods. In addition to the starting and stopping methods offered by the SMC-50 controller, it also offers the ability to monitor and control pumping applications that are not available in other soft starters

Pump with Soft Start

Problem

A municipal water company is experiencing problems with damaged pump impellers. The damage occurs during frequent motor starting while the load below the check valve drains from the system. A timing relay is installed to help prevent restart under load, but it needs to be adjusted frequently. The pumping station motor is over 100 feet below ground, which makes repair costly. For maintenance scheduling purposes, an elapsed time meter that measures motor running time needs to be installed in the enclosure. Figure 47 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 47 - Pump with Soft Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed, and it provides a controlled motor acceleration. It can reduce the shock to the impeller by decreasing the torque during startup. The SMC-50 controller backspin timer feature can be implemented to help prevent the motor from starting while it turns in a reverse direction. By using the built-in elapsed time meter, panel space is saved. The SMC-50 controller line diagnostics protect the motor by detecting faults such as a shorted SCR condition at pre-start and shuts off the motor, protecting it against damage. Soft start is a good method to use with soft power sources to reduce current spikes.

The SMC Flex controller can also perform control with the backspin timer feature only with the pump control module.

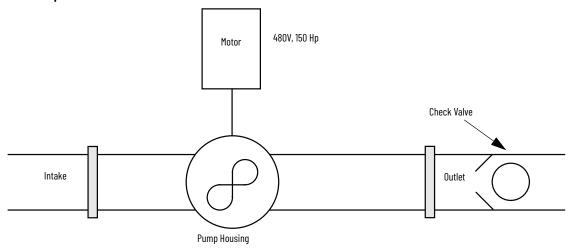
The SMC-3 controller offers soft start control but not a backspin timer.

Pump with Pump Control

Problem

A municipal pump uses a soft start controller with soft stop to control the pump motor. The soft stop controls the motor in an open-loop fashion by reducing the voltage to the motor. Because there is not enough motor torque to drive the load, the motor quickly reaches its stall point. Severe surges cause pipe vibration and breakage during the stop mode. Figure 48 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 48 - Pump with Pump Control



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed and configured to the Pump Control setting. The Pump Control option removes the surges by controlling the speed of the motor during starting and stopping. The microprocessor inside the SMC-50 controller analyzes the motor variables and generates control commands to reduce the surges in the system.

You could also use the pump control option on the on the SMC Flex controller.

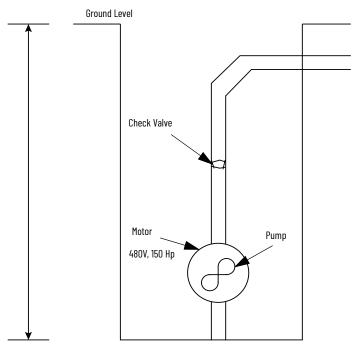
The SMC-3 controller does not offer pure pump control option.

Pump Control with Sensorless Linear Acceleration and Deceleration

Problem

A municipality has a pumping station where there is water hammer taking place even when using pump stop. The water hammer causes vibration alarms to go off at a bank several miles away. Fire and police are automatically notified and called to the bank. Once the source of the issue is identified, the municipality needs to adjust the stopping procedure. The pump stop profile of the SMC Flex controller is verified with an oscilloscope, but does not solve the issue. Figure 49 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 49 - Pump Control with Sensorless Linear Acceleration and Deceleration



Solution

Linear deceleration using the patented sensorless linear deceleration is the answer. The SMC-50 controller is connected to the SMC Flex power structure using the proper upgrade kit for the 108...251 A units. This method controls the SMC-50, but removes the need to remove the entire SMC Flex controller. This lets the personnel leave the 3-phase power wiring connected. (Three-phase power is turned off when the controllers are swapped.) Once the addition of the SMC-50 control module is complete, using the linear deceleration instead of pump stop removes the water hammer and provides a smooth closing of the valves.

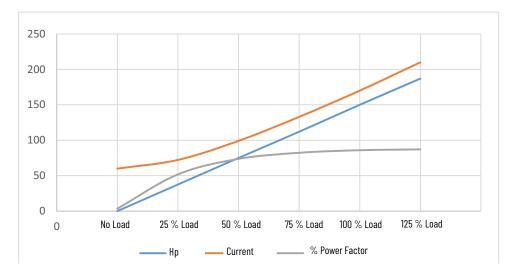
You cannot place the SMC-3 controller on an SMC Flex power structure, and the SMC-3 controller does not have linear acceleration or deceleration capabilities.

Pump Cavitation and Blockage

Problem

A customer is unable to detect pump cavitation quickly enough to help prevent damage to the system, including the pump impellers and valves. The traditional way to detect pump cavitation is to use a current-monitoring device to detect an issue. These devices are added separately from the starter. However, even at no load, there is still magnetizing current. Figure 50 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 50 - Pump Cavitation and Blockage (for 150 Hp Motor)



Solution

In addition to starting and stopping the motor for the pumping application, the SMC-50 controller can also monitor and trigger alarms or faults based on current, real power, and power factor. At no load, power factor is at a near zero value, real power is at zero value, and motor current is at another value due to the magnetizing current of the motor. The combination of the three values can help determine whether pump cavitation is taking place. For example, if real power decreases, this could indicate a clogged suction line, which can result in the pump running dry. It could also be an indication of pump cavitation. If real power increases, this can indicate overload or a rupture in the discharge line. You can set real power fault and alarm functions with a time delay and select for both under and over values.

The SMC Flex controller can monitor real power and power factor, but it does not have the ability to enunciate an alarm or fault based only on those values.

The SMC-3 controller does not have real power enunciation capability.

Conveyors

Conveyors are one of the easiest systems to control using the SMC-50 controller. The SMC-50 controller offers linear acceleration and soft start for controlling a smooth start and stop of conveyors. The primary use of the soft starter in this application is to reduce mechanical stress and dynamic shifts in product.

Soft start is the typical way of starting a conveyor that is lightly loaded. If you need to restart the conveyor with a heavier load, linear acceleration may be a more effective option. Linear acceleration is not as load-dependent as soft start is, so it is more flexible under varying load conditions. It is also more flexible than soft starting when it must function in varying thermal conditions, such as running a cold motor in the morning, and a hotter motor as the day progresses.

Figure 51 and Figure 52 illustrate plots of starting and stopping constant loads, such as conveyors.



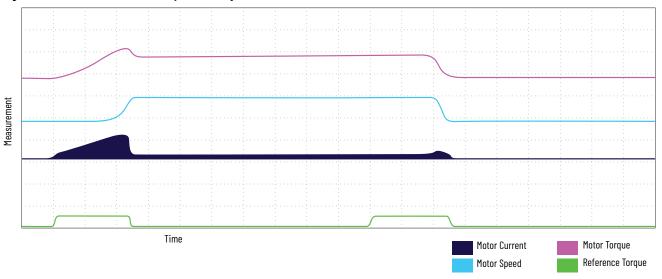
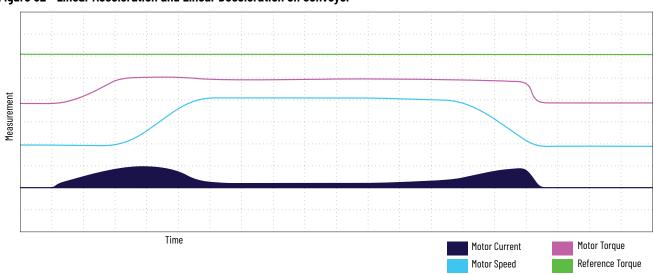


Figure 52 - Linear Acceleration and Linear Deceleration on Conveyor



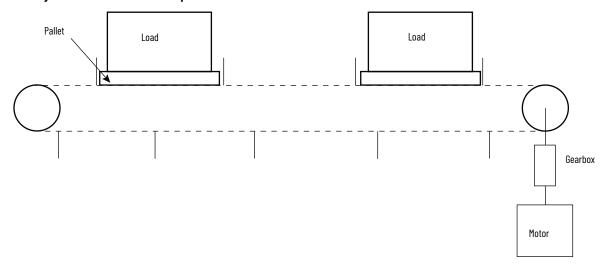
These two scenarios use identical motors and starting parameters. Note the difference between the two starts. The sensorless linear acceleration provides smoother motor torque over the soft starting method. Unlike soft start, which is load dependent, linear acceleration can produce a more accurate starting time. Sensorless linear acceleration also produces a smoother motor current, torque, and speed.

Towline Conveyor with Soft Start and Soft Stop Options

Problem

A towline conveyor at the end of a production line has frequent damage to the gearbox caused by the starting torque from across-the-line motor starting. There are also frequent spills during starting and stopping. The conveyor occasionally needs to be started under heavy load. This towline application has a variety of starting requirements that other soft starters could not satisfy. Investing in a variable speed drive was not cost effective. Figure 53 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 53 - Towline Conveyor with Soft Start and Stop



Solution

The SMC-50 controller with the Soft Stop option is installed as a retrofit to the existing across the-line starter. The starting and stopping times are programmed for 13 seconds. The reduced starting torque decreases the shock to the gearbox and keeps the load from shifting on startup. The Soft Stop option protects against loads shifting while stopping. The kickstart feature is used to provide a pulse of current to break the load away when higher starting torque is required. The SMC-50 controller meets the starting requirements and is a cost-effective solution.

SMC Flex controllers also have a full range of adjusting the initial torque value for starting the soft starting application, including full voltage if needed.

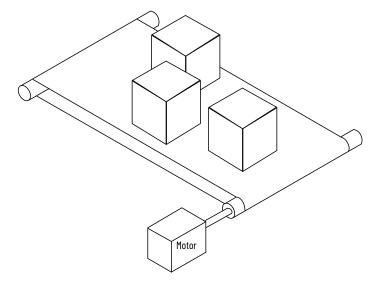
SMC-3 controllers have limited adjustability on initial torque value. They offer soft stop and kickstart options.

Palletizer with Sensorless Linear Acceleration

Problem

A palletizer moves boxes of product through a packaging process to a shrink wrap machine. Across-the-line starting causes unwanted product spillage, and an interruption of production due to the uncontrolled torque from the motor on startup. Because several types of product, in different size boxes, are produced on the same line, the system needs the ability to match the acceleration ramp to the product. Figure 54 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 54 - Palletizer with Sensorless Linear Acceleration



Solution

The SMC-50 controller was installed. It is now able to furnish a controlled acceleration, reduce the shock to the load, and eliminate product spillage. The Linear Acceleration feature allows the controller to be programmed to more closely match the motor acceleration with the product produced.

You could also use an SMC Flex controller in soft start mode. With an external tachometer attached, you could also use linear acceleration.

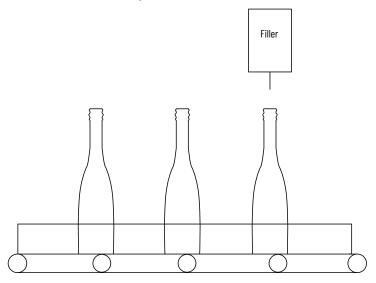
In this application, you could use the SMC-3 controller in soft start mode.

Bottle Filler with Soft Start and Soft Stop

Problem

A bottle filler line has product spillage during starting and stopping. An across-the-line starter is used to start the motor. The application also requires an auxiliary contact that energizes when the motor is up to speed. Figure 55 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 55 - Bottle Filler with Soft Start and Soft Stop



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed and programmed for a 13-second soft start with an 18-second soft stop. The controlled start reduces the starting torque and the product spillage. The soft stop option extends the stopping time and smooths load shift while stopping. The auxiliary contacts are configured to change state when the motor is up to speed.

You could also use either the SMC Flex or SMC-3 controllers for this application.

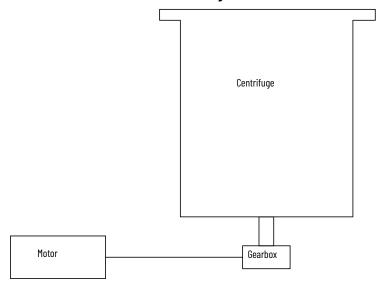
Centrifuge

Centrifuge with Current Limit Start and SMB Smart Motor Braking

Problem

A centrifuge requires a reduced voltage start because of power company restrictions. The high torque during starting damages the gearbox. The customer wants a shorter stop time than the present 15-minute coast-to-rest. The long stop time causes delays in the production process. A Wye-Delta starter with a mechanical brake is currently in use. A zero-speed switch is used to release the brake. The mechanical brake requires frequent maintenance and replacement, which is costly and time consuming. Both the mechanical brake and zero speed switches are worn out and require replacement. Figure 56 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 56 - Centrifuge with Current Limit Start and SMB Smart Motor Braking



Solution

The SMC-50 controller using the SMB option is installed. The controller is set for a 28-second, 340% current limit start, which meets the power company requirements and reduces the starting torque stress to the gearbox. The SMB option allows the centrifuge to stop in approximately one minute. The SMC-50 controller with SMB option does not require additional mounting space or panel wiring. The controller is mounted in a panel that is much smaller than the previous controller. Additionally, the new controller does not require frequent maintenance and can sense zero speed without a feedback device.

You can also use the SMC Flex controller with SMB in this application.

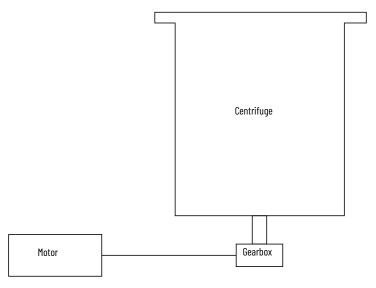
You should not use an SMC-3 controller in this instance because it does not have the braking option.

Centrifuge with Current Limit Start

Problem

High starting torque damages the gearbox to a centrifuge. A reduced-voltage starter is desired because this motor is near the end of the distribution line. In addition, the incoming power is unbalanced. The application needs a controller with a circuit breaker combination enclosure. When the enclosure door is open, the controller's circuit boards can not be exposed. Figure 57 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 57 - Centrifuge with Current Limit Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed. It is programmed for a 27-second, 300% current limit start, which limits the starting torque of the motor and the shock to the gearbox on startup. The Energy Saver feature reduces the voltage to the motor when it runs under a light load. The SMC-50 controller is ordered as a combination controller with a circuit breaker. The SMC-50 controller has no exposed circuit boards, which fulfills the packaging requirements.

The SMC Flex controller could also be used, but it does not offer energy saver mode.

The SMC-3 controller could be used, but it is not recommended because starting methods may need to take longer and this controller has limited adjustability.

Shock Loads

A load that quickly accelerates or decelerates is called a shock load. Shock loads are typically associated with a lot of vibration, dust, and current spikes because product (such as rock) gets stuck in the hopper. The SMC-50 controller electrically monitors what happens when running; there are current spikes from the application during acceleration and deceleration.

The SMC-50 controller is available in two versions, one version with solid-state control, and the other with an integrated bypass. You will need to apply these versions differently in some applications, including shock load.

For Controllers with Integrated Bypass Power Structures

The SCRs and the integrated bypass are not fully rated and need more awareness in this type of application. The internal bypass contactor is used after the SCRs of the soft starter have brought the motor up to speed. The algorithm of the soft starter determines when the motor is up to speed and then transitions from SCR control to the bypass contactor. The SMC-3 and the SMC Flex controllers are both hybrid soft starters; they have the power structure of a solid-state starter and an internal bypass contactor. The SMC-50 controller is available with an internal bypass contactor or as a purely solid-state version with no internal bypass contactor.

Attributes of an internal bypass contactor allow the soft starter to operate at a lower temperature with the motor at speed than a fully solid-state starter. A hybrid soft starter is typically smaller than that of fully rated SCRs with no bypass. This is because smaller components are used to start and carry the load current. The SCRs are rated for intermittent duty (AC-53b). The internal bypass contactors are not fully rated (AC-3), because they are not designed to make or break load current.

With an internal bypass soft starter, you only need power and control wiring. You do not need to purchase any additional devices. Internal bypass on a soft starter is appropriate for conveyors, fans, pumps and other applications in which the current and speed do not change while at running speed.

In a rock crushing application, there is a high chance of jamming material in a hopper, causing spikes in current. A soft starter with an internal bypass contactor monitors current and typically drops out of bypass around 120% over the SMC frame rating to protect the contactor and return to SCR control. Once the current returns to normal, the bypass contactor is pulled back in. This cycling on and off could shorten the life of the internal electromechanical contactor.

Not having all protective features of the soft starter during the run mode may be a benefit to keep an application like rock crushing working. In that application, using an external bypass contactor that is fully rated to handle the current surges keeps the contactor pulled in until a stop command is given or an overload is tripped. External overloads may be needed to protect the motor because some soft starters may not be able to read motor data while in external bypass mode.

An external bypass contactor can also be used on a AC-53a-rated fully solid-state SMC-50 controller. Depending on both the soft starter and the mounting and wiring of the bypass contactor, you might not need external overload devices. The mounting features from the soft start to the bypass contactor dictate whether the soft starter will be able to read data (current and voltage readings) while in bypass mode.

In UL/CSA regulated regions, size the bypass contactor according to the motor Hp and FLA. In IEC regulated regions, size the bypass conductor according to the AC-1 rated bypass contactor rating.

The Hp ratings of the AC-3 rated bypass contactor must match the Hp ratings of the SMC soft starter. The short-circuit ratings of the bypass contactor must be similar to those of the SMC soft starter. This is particularly important for the AC-1 rated bypass contactor selection.

For Controllers with Fully Solid-state Power Structures

The SMC-50 fully solid-state version of the controller lets you keep the machine running when current spikes. The SCRs are fully rated to handle the shock of the current spikes. Fully rated means they have the AC-53a rating, indicating the ability to operate at full duty. Overload and other protection of the motor and the SMC controller still applies.

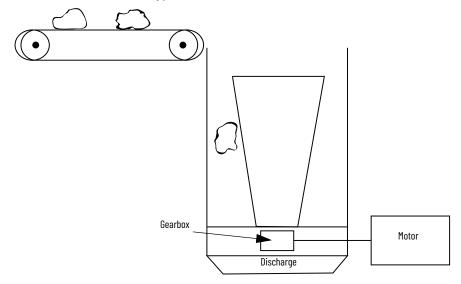
Fully solid-state devices are advantageous in harsh applications when there is a lot of vibration, dust, and dirt. Conformal coated circuit boards on the SMC-50 controller help protect component damage from conductive or corrosive dust in those types of environments. Vibration is not a concern as it would be for an electromechanical bypass contactor, where it could potentially cause contact bounce.

Rock Crusher with Current Limit and External Bypass Kit

Problem

Because of the remote location of a rock quarry, the utility power is weak and requires the use of current limit to start the crusher. The 350 Hp motor that drives the crusher has used hybrid soft starters in the past, but had to replace power structures too often because of the current spikes when product is stuck in the hopper. <u>Figure 58</u> illustrates this scenario.

Figure 58 - Rock Crusher with Current Limit and External Bypass Kit



Solution

The solid-state SMC-50 controller is installed with an external bypass by using the bypass kit. The bypass kit allows the SMC-50 controller to still provide protection to the motor, including current overload, without the need for external protection to the externally connected bypass. When rock spikes the current, the system still runs because the fully AC-3 rated contactor does not drop out unless there is an overload condition that is based on the thermal curve and trip class that is set. The conformal coating of the SMC-50 controller circuit board keeps any dust from interfering with the operation of the soft starter. If the SMC-50 solid-state unit is used, the unit will continue to run until the thermal overload, or other parameter is exceeded. The SMC-50 controller can operate in solid-state mode without an optional external bypass by changing one parameter.

The SMC Flex controller can also perform current limit with the external bypass by setting the bypass parameter to external.

The SMC-3 controller can not run an external bypass.

High-inertia Loads

Loads that take longer than 30 seconds to start are typically considered to be high-inertia loads. In these applications, the inertia of the load is typically a significant factor in how long the motor will take to start without damaging the equipment. Heat generation is a byproduct of these long starting times. Too much heat can damage the motor, wiring, and other system components.

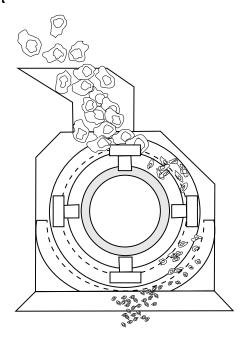
It is important to estimate how long it will take to start the motor for a given process that takes over 30 seconds to start. The SMC estimation tool can assist with this. See page 160.

Hammer Mill with Current Limit Start

Problem

A hammer mill with a high inertia load requires a reduced-voltage start because of power company restrictions. High torque on startup causes belt wear. Panel space is very limited. Traditional reduced voltage starters do not fit in the available space. Figure 59 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 59 - Hammer Mill with Current Limit Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed. It is set for a 23-second, 425% current limit start, which meets the power company's requirement for a reduced-voltage start. A current limit start is selected to quickly break away the high-inertia load and still provide a reduced-voltage start. The belt life is extended because the lower starting torque causes less wear. The Energy Saver feature is used when the mill is running lightly loaded. The compact size of the SMC-50 controller, along with the built-in overload feature, lets the controller fit into the available panel space.

The SMC Flex controller is also a good candidate for this application because it can adjust the start time and current limit. The SMC Flex controller does not have energy saver mode.

The SMC-3 is not appropriate for this application.

Bark Hogs

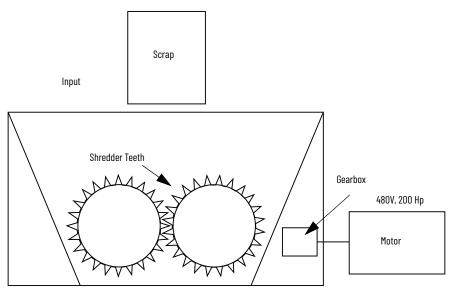
Challenges with bark hogs are very similar to those associated with hammer mill applications.

Shredder with Soft Start

Problem

Because of power company restrictions, a metal shredder requires a reduced-voltage start. Occasionally, a jam occurs during the shredding process. Additionally, the equipment runs unloaded for long periods. An autotransformer-type starter was used previously. Figure 60 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 60 - Shredder with Soft Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed, facilitating a reduced-voltage start. The controller also provides jam detection, which helps protect against excessive motor heating when a jam condition occurs. The Energy Saver feature of the SMC-50 controller reduces the voltage to the motor when the motor is running lightly loaded. The built-in overload feature of the controller saves panel space. A jam alarm is also set. This allows the operator to use the slow speed in reverse feature to try and unjam the product without needing to send someone out to clear the jam. Once the jam is cleared, the process continues normally.

The SMC Flex controller is also a good candidate for this application because it has current limit functions. The SMC Flex controller does not have energy saver mode.

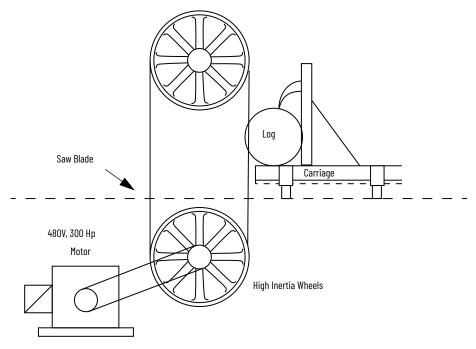
The SMC-3 is not appropriate for this application.

Bandsaw with Soft Start

Problem

Because of the remote location of the facility and power distribution limitations, a reduced voltage starter is needed on a bandsaw application. The saw is turned off only during shift changes. When the saw blade becomes dull, the motor draws more current. Therefore, an ammeter is required to meter the application for jam conditions. Single phasing of the motor is also a problem because of distribution limitations. Figure 61 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 61 - Bandsaw with Soft Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed to provide a reduced-voltage start, which minimizes the starting torque shock to the system. The Energy Saver feature activates whenever the bandsaw runs lightly loaded. The current monitoring and jam detection features of the SMC-50 controller are implemented, saving panel space and the cost of purchasing dedicated monitoring devices. The controller's built-in programmable overload protection eliminates the need for separate overload protection. The SMC-50 controller's diagnostic capabilities can help to detect single phasing and use current imbalance data to shut the motor off accordingly.

The SMC Flex controller does not have energy saver mode but has some alarm and fault imbalance capabilities.

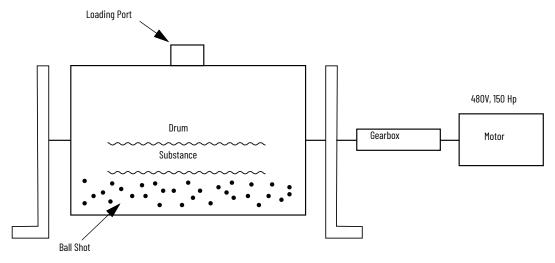
The SMC-3 is not appropriate for this application.

Ball Mill with Current Limit Start

Problem

An across-the-line starter starts the motor in a ball mill application. The uncontrolled start damages the gearbox, resulting in maintenance downtime, and the potential for the loss of the product (paint) being mixed. Line failures are a frequent problem. The application requires prestart and running protection and an elapsed time meter to monitor the process time. Communication capability is desired, and panel space is limited. Figure 62 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 62 - Ball Mill with Current Limit Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed. It is programmed for a 26-second current limit start, which reduces the starting torque and the damage to the gearbox. The metering feature of the SMC-50 controller contains an elapsed-time meter, which could monitor the process time of the ball mill. The optional communications capabilities of the controller allow it to communicate the process time to the PLC, which could remotely stop the ball mill. The line diagnostics required in the application are standard in the SMC-50 controller, and the built-in overload protection saves panel space.

The SMC Flex controller would also do well in this application.

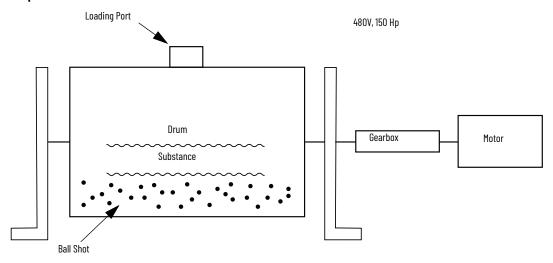
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application because of its limited diagnostics and lack of communication capability.

Ball Mill Soft Start with Accu-Stop

Problem

An across-the-line starter is used in a ball mill application. An electronic braking package stops the mill. The mill has to be jogged excessively to position the port for loading. The starting torque surges are causing gearbox problems. The application requires a cost-effective method to position the mill and control the stopping. Figure 63 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 63 - Ball Mill with Accu-Stop



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed on the mill. The Accu-Stop feature allows the drum to brake down to 15% slow speed and rotate the loading port into position before stopping. The SMC-50 requires less space and power wiring than the across-the-line starter and braking package.

The SMC Flex controller has fixed slow speed capabilities along with the ability to use Accu-Stop.

The SMC-3 controller does not have slow speed capabilities and is therefore not appropriate for this application.

Smart Motor Braking

The forest products industry is one of the most dangerous industrial environments. Very sharp and fast-turning saw blades and moving products are common. Many of these saw blades are large and have a lot of mass. It is not uncommon for it to take 15 to 30 minutes or longer for the blade to coast to a complete stop.

Smart Motor Braking (SMB) is an effective way to stop a motor much faster than coast-to-rest methods. The average time to stop using SMB is 1.5...4 times the motor starting time. Stopping a large mass faster than coast uses more some energy, so you will need to consider the following points.

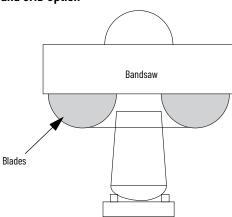
- 1. Braking is hard on the motor windings because more current is used to stop a load that generally takes many minutes to stop on its own.
- 2. You can hear noise, such as moans and groans of all kinds, during the braking process.
- 3. SMB produces some harmonic distortion during stopping, but the levels are somewhat insignificant as compared to the fundamental (typically < 10%) frequency.
- 4. SMB is not intended to be used as an emergency stop. Many factors go into using a safety function. The purpose of SMB is for routine use of stopping a mass for maintenance or other similar application.
- 5. Braking is hard on motors, but cannot create more energy than the motor demands.
- Settings above 300% FLA can play havoc with power systems and cause nuisance overload trips or other issues.
- 7. A solid power supply is critical for consistent braking. Generators should be sized for minimum 3x motor FLA to work effectively in braking.

Bandsaw with Soft Start and SMB Option

Problem

A bandsaw application requires a reduced-voltage start because of power company restrictions. A brake package is required to reduce the stopping time of the saw. An autotransformer was previously used to start the saw. The saw is now stopped by sawing down. Sawing down is a process of running logs through the saw after the motor has been de-energized, which results in large amount of scrap lumber. Other stopping methods using dedicated braking devices have been investigated, but were unacceptable because of overly complex installation. Other stopping methods require panel space for the brake module, brake contactors and timers, and they offer no zero-speed detection. Figure 64 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 64 - Bandsaw with Soft Start and SMB Option



Solution

The SMC-50 controller installed and it is configured to use the SMB option. The controller provides the reduced-voltage start needed to meet the power company restrictions. The SMB operation does not require DC braking contactors. The starting and stopping control is furnished in a single modular design, providing ease of installation.

The SMC Flex controller using the SMB option control module is also a possible solution.

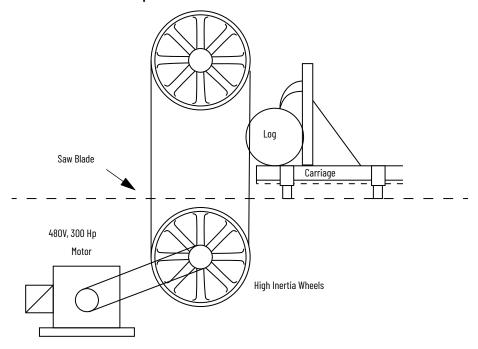
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application.

Bandsaw with Soft Start and Slow Speed with SMB

Problem

To change the saw blade, a bandsaw requires 25 minutes to coast to a stop. It requires a braking package to reduce the stopping time. Other methods using dedicated braking devices were investigated but were unacceptable because of overly complex installation. These methods require additional panel space for the brake module, brake contactors, and timers. Because of potential alignment problems, it is dangerous to bring the saw up to full speed after installing a new blade. Figure 65 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 65 - Bandsaw with Soft Start and slow speed with SMB



Solution

The SMC-50 controller, which has a selectable slow speed with braking option as standard, is installed. It provides a user-selected slow speed, allowing the user to inspect the saw blade tracking before the motor is brought to full speed. The braking option of the SMC-50 controller does not require additional panel space or DC braking contactors. Starting and stopping control is furnished in a single modular unit, providing ease of installation.

The SMC Flex controller using the SMB option control module is also a possible solution, but with fixed slow speed operation.

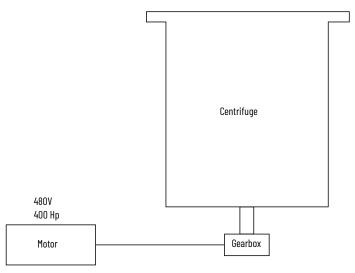
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application.

Centrifuge with Current Limit Start and SMB

Problem

A centrifuge requires a reduced-voltage start because of power company restrictions. The high torque during starting is damaging the gearbox. A shorter stopping time than the present 15 minute coast-to rest is desired. The long stop time causes delays in the production process. A Wye-Delta starter with a mechanical brake is currently in use. A zero-speed switch is used to release the brake. The mechanical brake requires frequent maintenance and replacement, which is costly and time consuming. Both the mechanical brake and zero-speed switches are worn out and require replacement. Figure 66 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 66 - Centrifuge with Current Limit Start and SMB



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed and wired inside-the-delta to the wye-delta motor and programmed to smart motor braking. The controller is set for a 28-second, 340% current limit start, meeting the power company requirements and reducing the starting torque stress to the gearbox. SMB allows the centrifuge to stop in approximately 1 minute. The SMC-50 controller with SMB programmed does not require additional mounting space or panel wiring. The controller is mounted in a panel that is considerably smaller than the previous controller. As an added benefit, the controller does not require frequent maintenance and can sense zero speed without using a feedback device.

The SMC Flex controller is also a good fit for this application.

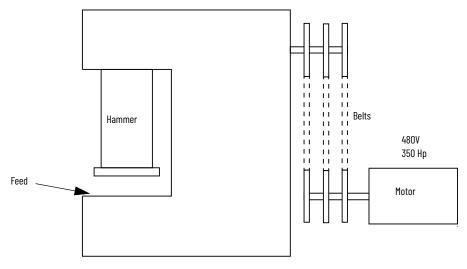
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application because of the extended ramp time and its lack of SMB capability.

Hammermill with Current Limit Start and SMB

Problem

A hammermill requires a reduced-voltage start because of power company restrictions. A stopping time less than the present 5 minute coast-to-rest is desired. To save panel space, the customer wants to incorporate both starting and stopping control in the same device. Figure 67 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 67 - Hammermill with Current Limit Start and SMB



Solution

The SMC-50 controller configured with SMB is installed. A 23-second, 450% current limit acceleration is programmed, meeting the power company requirements and reducing the mechanical stress on the belts during startup. The braking function is accomplished without additional power wiring, panel space, or contactors. The controller detects zero speed without additional sensors or timers. The current limit start, braking, and overload protection are all contained in the same modular package.

The SMC Flex controller is also a good fit for this application.

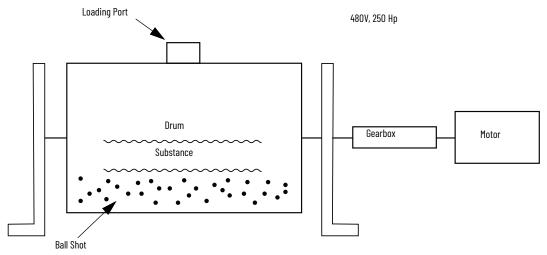
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application because of its lack of SMB capability.

Ball Mill with Soft Start and SMB

Problem

Across-the-line starts are damaging the gearbox on a ball mill, resulting in extra maintenance time to keep the mill operating. Due to the high inertia of the load, the coast-to-stop time is approximately five minutes. The application requires a soft start and braking package in a single controller because panel space is at a premium. Figure 68 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 68 - Ball Mill with Soft Start and SMB



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed on the ball mill and set to use the SMB setting. The soft start reduces the shock to the gearbox on startup. The SMB option reduces the stopping time and increases the productivity of the mill. The SMC-50 controller is installed in the same space in which the previous contactor had been mounted. No additional power wiring is required.

The SMC Flex controller is also a good fit for this application.

The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application because of its lack of SMB capability.

Compressor

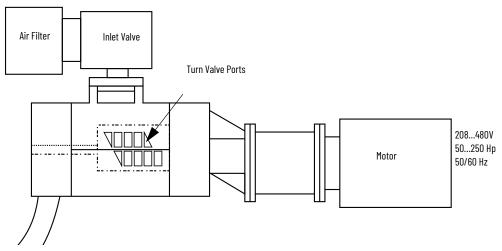
Compressor applications vary depending on the types of motors and loading when starting. Air and ammonia compressors are examples of good fits for a soft starter that runs efficiently at 100% voltage while using a voltage ramp, such as soft start or linear acceleration mode, during the starting process.

Compressor with Soft Start

Problem

A compressor OEM exports its equipment into foreign markets. Based on the final destination of the product, the compressors have to be able to meet many different voltage and frequency requirements. Due to power company requirements and mechanical stress on the compressor, reduced voltage starting is required. This makes ordering and stocking spare parts difficult. Customers want to save energy because this is typically one of the larger motors in the plant and it frequently runs lightly loaded. Because of the size of the motor, the incoming line voltage unbalance causes excessive heating in the motor. Figure 69 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 69 - Compressor with Soft Start



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed and set for an 18-second Soft Start, which reduces the voltage to the motor during starting and meets the power company requirements. Reducing the voltage reduces the starting torque, minimizing the shock to the compressor. Panel space is saved because the SMC-50 controller has a built-in overload feature. The Phase Rebalance feature automatically adjusts the voltage output to balance the three-phase currents drawn by the motor. The Energy Saver feature optimizes the voltage to the motor while it is running unloaded.

Neither the SMC Flex or the SMC-3 controller have phase rebalance or have energy saver, and are therefore not suitable for this application.

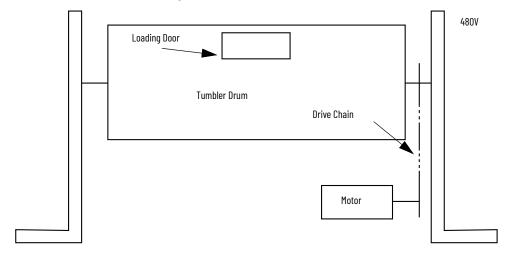
Tumbler

Tumbler with Linear Acceleration and Slow Speed

Problem

A tumbler used in a nail finishing process breaks the drive chain because of uncontrolled acceleration from the across-the-line starting. A reversing starter is needed to position the drum to the top position for loading the product. Because of the lack of controlled acceleration, numerous jogs are used to position the drum. Stopping time is not a concern in this application. When in maintenance mode, the tumble starts unloaded, reaching full speed very quickly. A second starting ramp, for unloaded conditions, is desired. Single phasing of the motor that causes premature motor failure is a frequent problem. Figure 70 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 70 - Tumbler with Linear Acceleration and Slow Speed



Solution

The SMC-50 is installed and linear acceleration is used to provide a controlled start when the tumbler runs both loaded and unloaded. Because the linear acceleration is not as load dependent as other starting methods, there is no need to have two different start profiles. The implementation of the slow speed function enables forward and reverse $\pm 15\%$ full speed. This function enables the drum to move forward and reverse directions at slow speed without using reversing contactors. Along with the starting, stopping, and slow speed features, the SMC-50 controller also has fault indicators for a 'line fault' that helps prevent the motor from restarting if it is detected.

The SMC Flex controller has fixed slow speed but does not have energy saver mode.

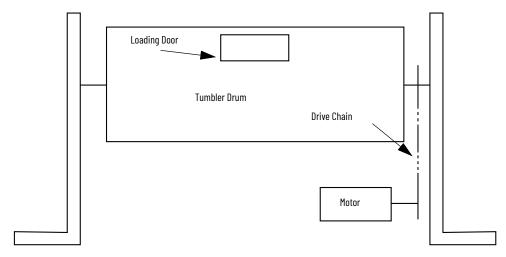
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application.

Tumbler with Soft Start and SMB

Problem

A tumbler used in the de-burring process breaks the drive chain because of uncontrolled acceleration from the across-the-line starting. To increase production on the drum, the coasting time on stop must be reduced. Previous solutions used a separate soft start package plus a motor brake, which required additional panel space and power wiring. The new solution needs a small enclosure size and simplified power wiring to reduce the cost of the controls. Because a PLC is controlling several other processes in the facility, communication capabilities are desired. Figure 71 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 71 - Tumbler with Soft Start and SMB



Solution

The SMC-50 controller is installed and set to use the SMB setting. The Soft Start feature provides a smooth acceleration of the drive chain, which reduces downtime. The controlled acceleration simplifies positioning for loading/unloading. The SMB feature allows the operators to stop the system quickly, improving productivity. The SMB feature does not require additional panel space or wiring. The built-in overload protection on the SMC-50 controller eliminates the need to mount an external overload relay in the enclosure, saving more panel space. The communication option of the SMC-50 controller allows remote starting and stopping of the process from a PLC using multiple communication protocols.

You can also use the SMC Flex controller with the SMB control module for this application. A communication module can also be mounted on board.

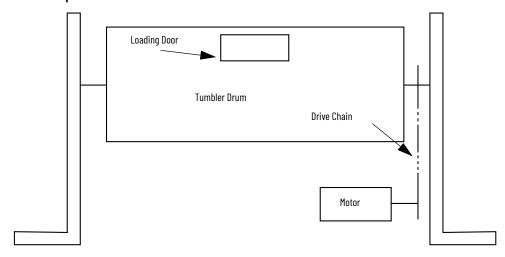
The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application because it lacks communication capabilities and SMB functionality.

Tumbler with Accu-Stop Function

Problem

A tumbler drum used in a hide processing plant requires a controlled acceleration to help prevent the drive chain from breaking. The customer also wants to minimize the loading and unloading time. The drum coasts for a long period of time before stopping for unloading. A soft starter with electronic brake is currently being used. This method requires excessive jogging for loading and unloading, which results in extended production times. It also requires additional panel space and wiring for the brake. Consequently, higher installation costs are incurred. Figure 72 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 72 - Tumbler with Accu-Stop Function



Solution

The SMC-50 controller using the Accu-Stop feature is installed. This allows the drum to be positioned for loading using the Preset Slow Speed. For unloading, the drum is rotated at programmed Slow Speed and then accurately stopped. This increases the productivity of the loading/unloading cycle. The SMC-50 controller requires no additional panel space or power wiring, facilitating a smooth retrofit and reducing the installation costs.

The SMC Flex controller also uses the Accu-Stop function with fixed slow speed settings and can be applied in this scenario.

The SMC-3 controller is not appropriate for this application.

Slow Speed

The SMC Flex controller uses cycle skipping, which is typical of many soft starts where the current pulses are controlled by the silicon-controlled rectifier (SCR) and fired for portions of every few line cycles, allowing for slow speed control. Torque during slow speed with this method is limited.

Another way to control slow speed is by using an SMC-50 soft starter. The SMC-50 soft starter has an adjustable forward and reverse capability from 1...15% of full speed. In other words, if the motor is running at full speed at 1800 rpm, the SMC-50 soft starter can be selected to run from -270...+270 rpm.

Instead of skipping cycles and then firing the thyristors (SCRs), the magnitude and duration of the current pulse is controlled approximately every cycle. The produced pseudo sine wave provides more stable control and programmable slow speed. A patented algorithm allows torque to be more controlled and developed in this method than in the cycle skipping method.

Unlike the typical soft starting methods in which percent resultant torque is approximately the square of the voltage that is applied, the torque at slow speed is higher. The slow speed resultant torque is higher due to firing approximately every cycle. This method provides a stable method of slowly rotating a motor shaft forward or in reverse without using a reversing contactor. The firing consistency translates to less wear and tear on windings.

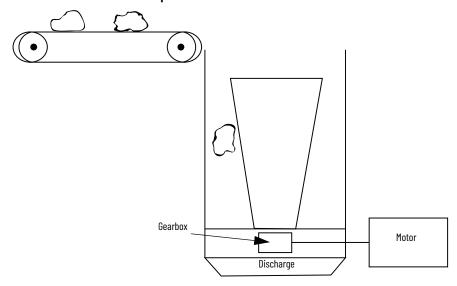
Typically, for soft starters, the longer the time in slow speed, the more current is being drawn from the motor, and the hotter the SCRs get. Running slow speed on soft starters can only be done for short periods of time due to heat buildup in the motor and the SCRs.

Rock Crusher with Soft Start and Reverse Slow Speed

Problem

Because of the remote location of a rock quarry, the power company requires a reduced-voltage start on all motors over 150 Hp. The starting current on these large motors causes severe voltage dips when it strains the capacity of the power system. When the rock crusher is overloaded, the current draw by the Wye-Delta-connected motor increases, which requires current monitoring capabilities within the starter. Because the conveyor that feeds the rock crusher is controlled by a PLC, communication between the starter and a PLC is necessary. When the rock crusher runs, it occasionally stalls or jams. Figure 73 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 73 - Rock Crusher with Soft Start and Reverse Slow Speed



Solution

The solid-state SMC-50 controller is installed, meeting the power company requirements for a reduced-voltage start. The motor is wired inside-the-delta, which saves panel space and lets you use the same wires to the motor. The metering capabilities of the SMC-50 controller allow the motor current draw to be monitored. With the optional communication capabilities, the motor current is communicated to the PLC. When the motor current reaches a specified limit, the conveyor that feeds the rock crusher can be slowed by configured alarms on the SMC-50 controller. By slowing the conveyor, a jam condition in the rock crusher is avoided. The stall and jam detection capabilities of the SMC-50 controller shut off the motor when a stall or jam condition occurs. By using the jam alarm, reverse slow speed is also used to change the rotation direction to unplug the jam in the crusher.

The SMC Flex controller can also be used inside the delta and uses one of two fixed slow speeds forward, or two in reverse.

The SMC-3 controller does not have slow speed capabilities.

Resistive Loads

Solid- state contactors have been used for a long time, typically at zero cross, meaning that they turn on and off at zero cross for resistive load applications. You need an external control method to control the solid-state contactors, in order to control the resistive heating. Zero cross typically cycles on and off for so many cycles to achieve the desired temperature. The SMC-50 controller can directly control three-phase connected resistive loads by using SCR phase angle firing, which uses a PLC via communication, analog input, or DeviceLogix. By using a reference source, the controller can have the output remain on from 1...100% full voltage until commanded off. You can change the value of the reference source while the SMC-50 controller is in a run state. The output voltage varies in response to the reference source (Output V Ref, Analog Input or DeviceLogix).



You cannot use the resistive load feature on motor loads.

In resistive control mode, the tuning process still takes place, but is different than that of being connected to a motor. Current limit levels are still active.

When you use the resistive load feature, the output voltage to the resistive load is similar to the Full Voltage starting mode when using Output V Ref. Any type of ramping created is accomplished by using logic code, analog signal, or DeviceLogix.

Because there is a wide variety of possible resistive loads, the most universal control method is phase angle control, which is the method used by the SMC-50 controller. High hot-to-cold ratios of heaters are well suited for phase angle firing. You can use the SMC-50 controller to dry out heating resistors before full working voltage is applied, helping to prevent damage to the element.

When you use the SMC-50 controller on heater loads, it provides all of the running protections that are available with induction motors. Unlike using a standard solid-state contactor that needs external overload and protection, protection is built into the SMC-50 controller in a compact package.

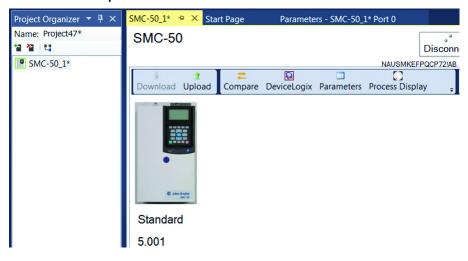


Using this mode with the integrated bypass version is not recommended as unit will quickly trip on an SCR overtemperature fault.

Programming

You can have direct control from most analog signals via the 150-SM3 optional analog card. You can control the SMC-50 controller with or without the aid of a programmable logic controller (PLC). For example, you can use the free Connected Components Workbench Software or a 20-HIM-A6 module.

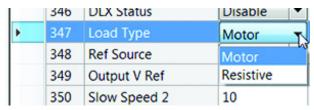
Figure 74 - Connected Components Workbench Software and 20-HIM-A6 Interface Module



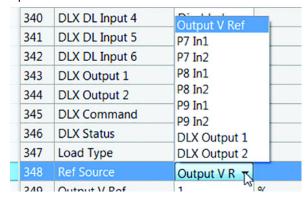


You are required to set the following parameters.

- Parameter 46, Line Voltage
 - Set this value to the actual voltage of the line, not in general terms. For example, if the voltage measures 460V, enter 460V, not 480V. The accuracy of the voltage output (parameter 349) depends on the value that you enter.
- Parameter 53, Current Limit
 - This parameter limits the current to a percentage of the value of parameter 78. For example, if parameter 78 is set to 150 A, and parameter 53 is set to 100%, the output (parameter 349) of the SMC-50 controller is limited to 150 A.
- Parameter 78, Motor FLC
 - Set this value to line current
- Parameter 347, Load Type
 - Set this value to resistive load



- Parameter 348 Reference Source
 - Use this parameter to select the reference source: Output V Ref, Analog Input (Port 7 9, Input 1 or 2), or DeviceLogix Output 1 and 2.



- Parameter 349 Output Voltage Reference
 - This parameter allows direct control of output if the output is controlled via communication.
- Parameter 148 Logic Mask
 - Logic Mask enables control (start stop function) via communication port or HIM to control the SMC-50 controller.

Parameter Number Name		Bit Number DPI Assignment		Access	Units [default]	
				Access		
148	Logic Mask	0 - NA 1	Port 0 - NA Port 1	R/W	Bit = 0 [disabled] Bit = 1 enabled	
149	Logic Mask Act	2 3 4 5 - 15 NA	Port 2 Port 3 Port 4 Port 5 - 15 NA	R	Bit = 0 [disabled] Bit = 1 enabled [Follows Logic Mask]	

Resistive Control Via Communication

You can have direct control from a PLC to the SMC-50 controller via communication such as Ethernet, by setting parameter 348, Reference Source, to Output V Ref and parameter 349 to the value that you want (1...100%). Whatever is sent from the PLC program to the SMC-50 controller will be put on the output of the SMC. You need to select the logic mask for DPI port 4 for control.

EXAMPLE:

- Parameter 46: line voltage
- Parameter 78: motor FLC set to line current
- Parameter 148: logic mask set to port 4 (bit 4)
- Parameter 347: load type set to RESISTIVE
- Parameter 348: reference source set to OUTPUT V REF
- Parameter 349: output voltage reference programmed to 50%

			_					
347	Load Type	Resistive	•		1	Motor	0	1
348	Ref Source	Output	•		0	Output V Ref	0	8
349	Output V Ref	50		%	50	1	1	100

The output of the SMC-50 controller is 50% voltage (entered in parameter 46) until you change it or turn it off.

In this scenario, a PLC command on parameter 349 dictates the controller output. In the PLC rack, a thermocouple or RTD card feeds data to the PLC processor, which scales that information to the SMC-50 controller. Using a PID loop in the PLC controller program allows you to control temperature changes. The output is 1...100% output for this application. The PLC can also use the data from the PLC and directly control the output parameter 349, replicating the result you get from using a 150-SM3 analog card.

Table 132 lists the communication protocols and corresponding option cards that are available.

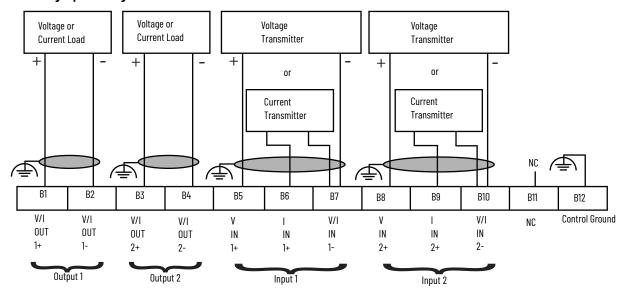
Table 132 - Communication Card Selection by Protocol Type

Protocol Type	Cat. No.
DeviceNet	20-COMM-D
ControlNet	20-COMM-C
PROFIBUS®	20-COMM-P
RS-485	20-COMM-S
InterBus	20-COMM-I
EtherNet/IP	20-COMM-E
Dual Port EtherNet/IP	20-COMM-ER
RS485 HVAC	20-COMM-H
ControlNet (Fiber)	20-COMM-Q
CANopen	20-COMM-K

Analog Control

You can have direct analog control when you use the optional 150-SM3 analog card. The 150-SM3 card offers selectability of ±10V, 0...10 V, 0...5 V, 0...20 mA, and 4...20 mA. Once you have programmed the controller, it can produce the range of 1...100% output. You can place the analog card in one of three ports (7, 8 or 9) on the SMC-50 controller. Figure 75 illustrates the analog input wiring.

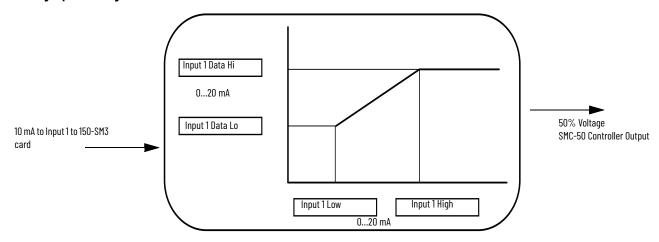
Figure 75 - Analog Input Wiring



Example:

- Parameter 347: load type set to RESISTIVE
- Parameter 348: reference source set to P7 In1 (Port 7, input 1)
- Program the 150-SM3 card.
- Select X(Port).7 input range to 0...20 mA
- The 150-SM3 card reads 10 mA
- The output of the SMC-50 controller is 50% voltage (entered in parameter 46) until you change it or turn it off.

Figure 76 - Analog Input Scaling

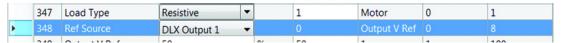


DeviceLogix

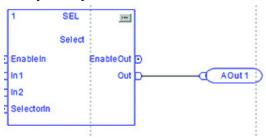
You can also use DeviceLogix with the SMC-50 controller on resistive loads. You can use one of two outputs on the DeviceLogix communication card to control the output of the SMC-50 controller. You can only program the DeviceLogix communication card on the SMC-50 controller within the free Connected Components Workbench Software. Resistive load functionality is only available on FRN 5.001 and later.

Example:

- Parameter 347: load type set to RESISTIVE
- Parameter 348: reference source set to DLX Output 1



Create the DeviceLogix program with A Out 1 (DeviceLogix Analog Out 1)



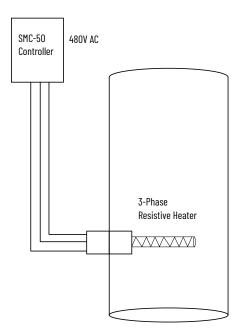
• The output of the SMC-50 controller is set from 1...100% of the value of A Out 1.

Tank Heater with Resistive Load

Problem

A customer is burning up standard contactors while cycling power on and off to achieve heater control for a tank of water that will be used to mix with chemicals at a certain temperature. Solid-state contactors are the best fit for high duty cycle. However the customer also wants to have communication and overload protection. The customer is planning to use a controller reading thermocouples and feeding information to an analog card on a ControlLogix rack. That signal will be used to turn on and off contactors through PLC outputs. This process leaves unaddressed concerns about duty cycle and overshoot (hysteresis), and so it requires more programming. The application also requires that no excessive current is applied to the cabling. Figure 77 illustrates this scenario.

Figure 77 - Tank Heater with Resistive Load



Solution

The SMC-50 replaces all standard and solid-state contactors in the application. The SMC-50 controller takes the feedback that the thermocouples send to the signal conditioner and sends it to the 150-SM3 analog card. This method allows direct control of the SMC-50 controller output to the resistive heaters by simply programming the reference source. By utilizing the current limit feature, the current is not allowed to exceed the level that is prescribed by the customer. The SMC-50 controller output increases or decreases depending on the input signal, without the need to turn the signal on and off.

Sizing and Selection Tools

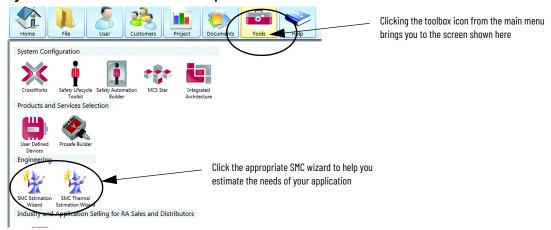
Properly sizing an SMC controller provides the best chance of starting a motor in the smoothest and most efficient way possible. Both thermal and estimation wizards are available to help assist you with this process.

Several types of applications need closer scrutiny to confirm that you have sized your controller properly.

- Starts longer than 30 seconds
- · High inertia loads
- Frequent starts in a short period of time (high duty cycle)
- · Predicting start and stop times of an application
- Elevation above 2000 meters
- High ambient temperature

You can access the SMC Estimation Wizard and SMC Thermal Estimation Wizard at rok.auto/pcdc. You can also access these wizards from within ProposalWorks software by clicking the toolbox icon, as shown in Figure 78. ProposalWorks software is available from rok.auto/systemtools.

Figure 78 - SMC Controller Wizards in ProposalWorks Software



Thermal Wizard

The thermal wizard is designed to help you to estimate the thermal capacity of the SCRs on the SMC controller for the estimated start, stop, and off time. Together, these times comprise the duty cycle.



The SMC Thermal Wizard is intended to provide an estimation of the applicability of the SMC products to a given set of operating requirements. The results of this tool are intended to be used as reference only.

To find out whether an SMC controller can perform the task from a thermal perspective, or if you need the next size up, you must set the following tool parameters.

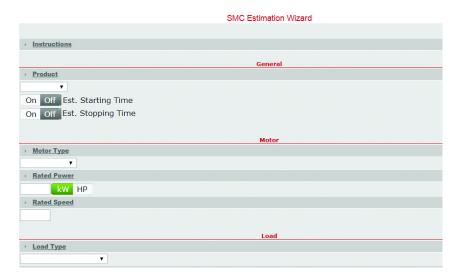
- Unit Rating
 - The rating refers to the maximum current rating for the device, connected as a line controller. For example a 150-F85NBD is capable of 85 A.
- Starting Current
 - This determines the level of current that is allowed during starting. You can use a nominal value of 300 % or 350 % for modeling purposes for most applications.
- Starting Time
 - The starting time represents how long it takes for the motor to reach full speed. This is not always the same as the start time, because the motor getting to full speed is heavily dependent on the load.
- Motor Full Load Amps (FLA)
 - The value in this field is the motor's full load current. You can find this value on the motor nameplate.
- Typical Running Time
 - This represents the actual running time (time the motor runs at full speed without starting or stopping). If normal operation requires many starts and stops, set this time to represent the worst-case condition (shortest time).
- Typical Off Time
 - This represents the actual off time for the application. If normal operation requires many starts and stops, this time represents the worst-case condition (shortest time). In some cases where there is a high duty cycle, you can set this time to 1 second.
- Ambient Temperature
 - The standard maximum temperature is 50 °C for SMC-3 and SMC Flex controllers, and 40 °C for SMC-50 controllers. The thermal wizard can estimate derating up to 60 °C for the SMC-3 and SMC Flex controllers and up to 65 °C for the SMC-50 controller.
- Altitude
 - The value that is used in this field is the altitude in meters. The standard maximum for all SMC controllers is 2000m. The tool provides derating information for altitudes up to 7000 m.

The thermal wizard does not consider system dynamics; it only shows the thermal capacity of the SMC-50 controller. To look at the application itself, including the load and motor data, use the estimation wizard.

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Estimation Wizard

Use the estimation wizard to determine how long the motor will take to start using different starting methods, such a current limit and soft start. The tool also calculates the estimated stopping time using smart motor braking. Using the tool helps to determine whether the size SMC controller that you selected is appropriate for the given application. Unlike the thermal wizard, this wizard considers the inertia of the motor and the load.



You need to supply values for the following parameters to use the estimation wizard.

- Motor Type
 - This parameter defines the characteristic of the motor torque speed curve; you can usually find the motor type on the motor nameplate. The most common types are NEMA B and IEC N. You can enter a custom curve by selecting the custom type and entering data in the next section
- Rated Motor Power
 - This represents the nominal Hp or kW rating of the motor
- Motor Rated Speed
 - This value represents the motor's nominal speed, not its rated speed. Nominal speed factors in % slip speed. For example, a motor that is rated 1800 rpm typically runs at a slightly lower speed, typically around 1750 rpm. This is the nominal speed. You can usually find this value on the motor nameplate
- Load Type
 - Select the load type that best fits the application that you wish to model. The high-inertia profile uses all the available input parameters. When selecting the other loads, only the % load factor, load inertia, and motor inertia parameters are used.
- Load Inertia
 - This value represents the actual total inertia of the load. Under most conditions, it can be difficult to approximate or obtain the true
 inertia of the system. In some cases, you may need to get this information from the machine or system designer. In these cases,
 you need to make some assumptions. The model is a good approximation but should not be considered absolute.
- Load Speed
 - The load speed is the actual running speed of the end mover. For instance, the load speed for a typical bandsaw (bandmill) is the actual speed of the blade (or wheels), which is typically between 500 and 700 rpm. With the load speed entered, the tool automatically calculates the gearing ratio and uses it in other calculations. Variations in the load speed have a large impact on reflected inertia, because it involves a square function. For applications with direct coupling or no change in speed, use the rated speed of the motor.
- Load Factor %
 - This factor represents the ratio of the load torque demand to the capabilities of the motor (for example, a load requires 525 kW, motor is rated 630 kW, load factor is 83.3%). This variable provides the ability to compensate for applications where the motor has been oversized for the load when running at rated speed. For instance, a value of 50% means that the motor has twice as much torque as required while at speed. Common values range from 50% to 90%.

Motor Inertia

- This value represents the inertia of the motor. In most high-inertia applications, this value is insignificant. However, it can play an important role in the overall calculation of the total system inertia for large motors. You can usually get this value from the nameplate or motor data sheet.

% Inefficiency

- This value equals the dynamic friction factor of the system. Dynamic friction is the amount of energy that is consumed by system components, such as bearings and windage, that helps prevent the load from running forever. This value is only active for high-inertia loads and plays a more important role in estimating braking times. It is often impossible to determine the exact value. However, you can try to determine the coast down time. By setting the braking model for "coast" and then dialing in the % load efficiency so that the stopping time is approximately the time predicted, it will give you a good estimate of the value. If you are unable to estimate this value, use a value of 100%, which represents a worst case condition.

Starting Type

- This represents the desired starting mode. This program allows you to select soft start, current limit, and, in some cases, full voltage. The soft start allows the voltage to increase over the start time, while the current limit holds the voltage constant during the start time. Most traditional electro-mechanical methods (that is, Star Delta) are variations of current limit. If you are unsure where to start, choose the default setting of most SMC controllers, which is Soft Start with an initial torque setting of 65 or 70%.

Torque/Current %

- Initial current %: this represents the level of current that is allowed during the start. This is only active when you have selected a current limit mode and it is programmable as allowed by the product selected. Because most designs are based in historical references, the best place to start an analysis is with 350% current limit. This produces a torque equivalent to a star-delta type reduced voltage starting method.
- Initial Torque %: this represents the initial level of torque that will be applied to the motor at zero speed. This value will increase as the voltage is ramped during the start time. This value is only active when a soft start mode is selected and is programmable as allowed by the product selected. A default setting of around 70% is a good place to start with the estimation.

Braking Type

- This selection only becomes active when you select a stopping estimation. The selection includes coast to rest or SMB. At this time pump stop and soft stop are not modeled. When you select SMB, you can estimate how long it will take to stop the motor using a specified braking current level.

Braking Current %

- This value indicates the level of current that will be applied during SMB. The typical value is between 150% and 300%. It is generally not practical to use more than 300% braking current unless the system and motor have been properly designed to handle the potential impact of increased heating and electrical distribution demands.

The results of this tool do not change the ratings of the device or imply that you can use a device outside of its designed ratings as defined by all applicable electrical codes and standards. The tool is not a substitute for a formal determination by the SMC product engineering staff, nor should it be solely relied on for critical or safety-related applications. It is not designed to replace the engineering responsibility associated with the design or manufacturing of a machine or any of the components.

Wizard Hints

While getting the load information might be impossible to obtain, it may be possible to model the motor characteristics by using the motor's across the line starting characteristics. This is also true for braking when taking the information on how long it takes to coast. You can then adjust settings to match the time of the starting and stopping method; this creates the start/stop profile using the SMC Wizard methods.

You can get most motor data from the motor nameplate. Common rotor inertia values are listed in <u>Table 133</u> and <u>Table 134</u>.

Table 133 - Rotor Line Inertia—NEMA Ratings

		TI	EFC		OPD			
Rated Hp	2-Pole	4-Pole	6-Pole	8-Pole	2-Pole	4-Pole	6-Pole	8-Pole
	[lb/ft ²]							
0.5	0.015	0.017	0.017	0.04	0.018	0.17	0.18	0.18
0.75	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.035	0.21	0.21	0.21
1	0.05	0.05	0.19	0.13	0.15	0.21	0.21	0.55
1.5	0.06	0.07	0.22	0.18	0.21	0.23	0.55	0.62
2	0.08	0.1	0.52	0.37	0.21	0.25	0.6	0.76
3	0.1	0.47	0.65	0.51	0.23	0.62	0.76	0.91
5	0.16	0.57	0.76	1.3	0.25	0.7	0.91	1.8
7.5	0.41	0.68	2.3	1.6	0.62	0.84	1.8	2.1
10	0.46	2.2	2.8	2.6	0.7	0.99	2.1	3.6
15	0.93	2.2	3.9	3.8	0.84	1.9	3.6	4.4
20	1.2	3	4.5	5	0.99	2.3	4.4	7.3
25	2	4	11	6.4	1.9	3.6	7.3	9
30	2.3	4.5	12.5	11	2.3	4.4	9	17
40	3.3	9	20	14	3.6	6.3	13	20
50	4.2	10	23.5	24	4.4	7.6	15	22
60	4.9	14.5	35	28	6.3	11	24	25
75	6.1	17	40.5	39	7.6	13	27	28
100	12	27	61.5	51	11	16	45	47
125	20	33	57.5	62	13	20	56	59
150	24	44.5	85	68	16	33	56	68
200	31	56	111	85	20	39	68	85
250	40	74.5	136	82	33	43	85	106
300	40	86	136	86	39	54	98	129
350	44.5	95		92	43	60	112	158
400	56	109		101	54	82	130	181
500	74.5	114		101	60	122	149	200

Table 134 - Rotor Line Inertia—IEC Ratings

D. A. ALIW	2-Pole	4-Pole	6-Pole	8-Pole
Rated kW —	[kg/m²]	[kg/m²]	[kg/m²]	[kg/m²]
0.37	0.00035	0.0008	0.0015	0.0025
0.55	0.00045	0.0015	0.0018	0.0035
0.75	0.00085	0.0018	0.0028	0.0053
1.1	0.0011	0.0028	0.0035	0.007
1.5	0.0015	0.0035	0.0063	0.013
2.2	0.002	0.0048	0.011	0.025
3	0.0038	0.0058	0.02	0.033
4	0.0055	0.011	0.028	0.05
5.5	0.014	0.023	0.035	0.065
7.5	0.019	0.028	0.055	0.088
11	0.033	0.05	0.08	0.21
15	0.04	0.07	0.2	0.37
18.5	0.05	0.13	0.29	0.58
22	0.077	0.15	0.33	0.66
30	0.14	0.24	0.57	1.1
37	0.16	0.44	0.89	1.4
45	0.24	0.52	1.3	1.6
55	0.45	0.79	1.5	2.3
75	0.79	1.4	2.4	3
90	0.92	1.6	2.9	3.6
110	1.3	2.2	3.5	4.4
132	1.5	2.7	4.3	6.2
150	1.65	3.09	5.2	6.4
160	1.8	3.2	6	7.5
200	2.3	4.2	7.5	9.3
225	2.8	5.2	7.9	13.9
250	3.3	6	9.1	16
280	3.9	6.8	12.4	20
315	4	7.4	17	24
355	6.2	12	24	30
373	7.5	12.44	30	36

For motor type selection, entering in the data points of a speed torque curve on the custom motor is more accurate than taking the normal curve of a NEMA or IEC standard provided by the tool. While standards have a criteria to meet for the motors, there is still a window of variance. Motors vary in the speed torque curve even within the same type. The wizard uses the average range. Table 135, reproduced from NEMA publication NEMA MG 10-2013, shows the variance within the chart.

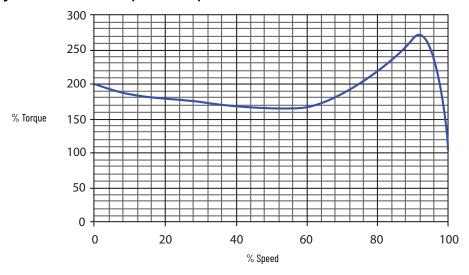
Table 135 - Typical Characteristics and Applications of Fixed Frequency Medium AC Squirrel-cage Induction Motors

	Torque [% Rated Load Torque]			Locked Rotor			Relative
Polyphase Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Locked Rotor Torque	Pull-up Torque	Breakdown Torque	Current [% Rated Load Current]	Slip	Slip Typical Applications	
Design A • Normal locked rotor torque and high locked rotor current	70275 ⁽²⁾	65190 ⁽²⁾	175300 ⁽²⁾	Not Defined	0.55 %	Fans, blowers, centrifugal pumps and compressors, motor-generator sets, etc., where starting torque requirements are relatively low.	Medium or high
Design B • Normal locked rotor torque and normal locked rotor current	70275 ⁽²⁾	65190 ⁽²⁾	175300 ⁽²⁾	600800	0.55 %	Fans, blowers, centrifugal pumps and compressors, motor-generator sets, etc., where starting torque requirements are relatively low.	Medium or high
Design C • High locked rotor torque and high locked rotor current	200285 ⁽²⁾	140195 ⁽²⁾	190225 ⁽²⁾	600800	15 %	Conveyors, crushers, stirring machines, agitators, reciprocating pumps and compressors, etc., where starting under load is required.	Medium
Design D • High locked rotor torque and high slip	275	Not Defined	275	600800	≥5 %	High peak loads with or without flywheels such as punch presses, shears, elevators, extractors, winches, hoists, oil-well pumping and wiredrawing machines.	Medium
EC Design H High locked rotor torque and high locked rotor current	200285 ⁽²⁾	140195 ⁽²⁾	190225 ⁽²⁾	8001000	15 %	Conveyors, crushers, stirring machines, agitators, reciprocating pumps and compressors, etc., where starting under load is required.	Medium
IEC Design N • Normal locked rotor torque and high locked rotor current	75190 ⁽²⁾	60140 ⁽²⁾	160200 ⁽²⁾	8001000	0.53 %	Fans, blowers, centrifugal pumps and compressors, motor-generator sets, etc., where starting torque requirements are relatively low.	Medium or high

⁽¹⁾ These characteristics represent common usage of the motors—for further details, consult the specific performance standards for the complete requirements.

Figure 79 shows an example of a customer-supplied speed torque curve and the entries into the custom motor data.

Figure 79 - Custom Motor Speed vs. Torque Curve



The customer-supplied curve provides a much more accurate method of using the estimation wizard than that of NEMA design average.

A customer calls in and wants to know if they can use an SMC-50 with their motor to start a load in approximately 60 s. You are able to find out the following information:

The load is a flywheel for a large mill. The motor is 300 Hp NEMA Type B motor with a rated speed of 1785 rpm (information from the motor nameplate). The load speed is about 1200 rpm according to the customer. The load inertia was provided by the machine 0EM as approximately 10,000 lb•ft². There is a 50% load factor (which means the motor is twice the size needed for the actual load). The customer does not know the system inefficiency. They would like to use an SMC-50 with a current limit start. Motor is a 3 lead motor type with a 345 A

⁽²⁾ Higher values are for motors having lower horsepower ratings.

FLA. Running time is 30 minutes and off time is 10 minutes. Ambient temperature can get up to 95 $^{\circ}$ F (35 $^{\circ}$ C) during the summer. Motor inertia is 100 lb•ft² according to the motor specification sheet.

With this scenario, and using the custom motor speed torque from Figure 79, the results look like this.

Custom Motor Type					
% Speed	% Torque				
0	200				
10	185				
20	180				
30	175				
40	170				
50	168				
60	165				
70	180				
80	215				
90	268				
92	275				
94	280				
96	272				
98	271				
100	100				

Results:								
Estimated Start Time: 59.794 seconds Estimated Stop Time: Not Selected Estimated Percent Thermal Capacity: 81%								
User Input: Motor Type: Rated Power: Rated Speed: Load Type: Load Inertia: Load Speed: % Load Factor: Motor Inertia: % Inefficiency: Product: Starting Type: Initial Current %: Initial Torque %: Braking Type: Braking Current %: Unit Rating: Motor FLA: Timical Lype Time:	Custom 300 HP 1785 High Inertia 10000 lb ft^2 1200 50 % 100 lb ft^2 100 % SMC 50 Current Limit 400 Not Entered Not Entered Not Entered 520 (with fan) 345 (Line) 30 minutes							
Typical Run Time: Typical Off Time: Ambient Temperature:	10 minutes							



Remember, the tool is an estimate and is not a guarantee.

<u>Table 136</u> shows the torque capabilities of the SMC-50 controller when it uses reduced voltage or current limit starting. Notice that using an SMC controller at 350% current limit produces approximately the same amount of torque as an electro-mechanical starter. The % applied voltage of the two starting methods is the same.

Table 136 - Motor Torque Capabilities with SMC-50 Controller Options

Starting Type	% Voltage Applied During Start	% Full Load Starting Torque	% Full Load Rated Current
Full Voltage	100	100	600
Wye-Delta	58	33	200
Soft Start with current limit			
150 %	25	6	150
200 %	33	11	200
250 %	42	18	250
300 %	50	25	300
350 %	58	34	350
400 %	67	49	400

Additional Resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation. You can view or download publications at rok.auto/literature.

Resource	Description
SMC-50 User Manual, publication <u>150-UM011</u>	Provides complete user information for SMC-50 controllers.
SMC-50 Smart Motor Controller Quick Start, publication <u>150-0S003</u>	Provides you with the basic information that is required to install, start up, and program your SMC-50 Soft Starter.
SMC Flex User Manual, publication 150-UM008	Provides complete user information for SMC Flex controllers.
SMC-3 Installation Instructions, publication <u>150-IN044</u>	Provides installation instructions for SMC-3 controllers.
SMC-50 - New Control Advances; Sensorless Linear Acceleration White Paper, publication 150-WP005	Explains the benefits of different start and stop options of the SMC-50 controllers, with an emphasis on sensorless linear acceleration.
Soft Starter Bypass Technology in Smart Motor Controllers, publication 150-WP006	Discusses the differences between the internal and external and options for the bypass contactor in SMC controllers.
When to Use a Soft Starter or AC Variable Frequency Drive White Paper, publication 150-WP007	Shows similarities and differences between the soft starters and variable frequency drives.
SMC-50 Solid-state Smart Motor Controller for Managing Resistive Loads, publication 150-WP008	Explains the benefits of using an SMC-50 controller to manage resistive loads.
Slow Speed Applications Using a Soft Starter, publication <u>150-WP009</u>	Explains the benefits of using an SMC controller in slow speed applications.
How Do You Control an Electric Motor When the Communication Network Fails?, publication CMPNTS-ATOO1	Provides an overview about using DeviceLogix technology to program an orderly shutdown.
Using an SMC-50 Solid-State Smart Motor Controller for Pump Protection, publication 150-AT003	Discusses the use of technology in pumping applications to warn of damage or to stop a process from damage.
Wye-delta and Solid-state Starters Application Guide, publication <u>150-AT005</u>	Explanation and assistance for applying solid-state soft starters in traditional reduced-voltage applications.
DeviceLogix Technology for Industrial Applications, publication <u>193-AT001</u>	Discusses DeviceLogix technology in control system architecture.
Short-circuit Current Ratings and Your Industrial Control Panel, publication SCCR-AT002	Provides examples for short-circuit current ratings of panels based on the methods stated in UL 508A Supplement B.
Global Short-circuit Rating Tool, rok.auto/sccr	Provides coordinated high-fault branch circuit solutions for motor starters, soft starters, and component drives.
EtherNet/IP Network Devices User Manual, ENET-UM006	Describes how to configure and use EtherNet/IP devices to communicate on the EtherNet/IP network.
Ethernet Reference Manual, <u>ENET-RM002</u>	Describes basic Ethernet concepts, infrastructure components, and infrastructure features.
Industrial Components Preventive Maintenance, Enclosures, and Contact Ratings Specifications, publication IC-TD002	Provides a quick reference tool for Allen-Bradley industrial automation controls and assemblies.
Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid-state Control, publication <u>SGI-1.1</u>	Designed to harmonize with NEMA Standards Publication No. ICS 1.1-1987 and provides general guidelines for the application, installation, and maintenance of solid-state control in the form of individual devices or packaged assemblies incorporating solid-state components.
Industrial Automation Wiring and Grounding Guidelines, publication 1770-4.1	Provides general guidelines for installing a Rockwell Automation industrial system.
Product Selection and Configuration tools, <u>rok.auto/systemtools</u>	Helps configure complete, valid catalog numbers and build complete quotes based on detailed product information.
Rockwell Automation Global SCCR tool, <u>rok.auto/sccr</u>	Provides coordinated high-fault branch circuit solutions for motor starters, soft starters, and component drives.
Product Certifications website, rok.auto/certifications.	Provides declarations of conformity, certificates, and other certification details.

Rockwell Automation Support

Use these resources to access support information.

Technical Support Center Find help with how-to videos, FAQs, chat, user forums, Knowledgebase, and product notification updates.		rok.auto/support
Local Technical Support Phone Numbers	Locate the telephone number for your country.	rok.auto/phonesupport
Technical Documentation Center	Quickly access and download technical specifications, installation instructions, and user manuals.	rok.auto/techdocs
Literature Library	Find installation instructions, manuals, brochures, and technical data publications.	rok.auto/literature
Product Compatibility and Download Center (PCDC)	Download firmware, associated files (such as AOP, EDS, and DTM), and access product release notes.	rok.auto/pcdc

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